23RD

ANNUAL REPORT 2024-2025 MPDL LIMITED

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CORPORATE INFORMATION

BOARD OF DIRECTORS: Mr. Santosh Kumar Jha(Whole Time Director)

Mr. Rajesh Paliwal (Non-Executive Non-Independent

Director)

Mr. Sagar Tanwar (Independent Director)

Ms. Babika Goel (Independent Director)

Ms. Shweta Bansal(Independent Director)

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER : Mr. Satyajit Pradhan

COMPANY SECRETARY : Ms. Bhumika Chadha

REGISTERED OFFICE: 11/7, Mathura Road, Sector 37, Faridabad,

Haryana-121003

CORPORATE OFFICE: Unit No. 12, GF, Magnum Tower-1, Sector - 58,

Gurugram, Haryana-122011

CIN NO. : L70102HR2002PLC097001

E-MAIL : <u>isc mpdl@mpdl.co.in</u>

WEBSITE : www.mpdl.co.in

AUDITORS : M/s O P Bagla & Co. LLP

Statutory Auditor

M/s Sanjay Grover & Associates

Secretarial Auditor

M/s SilverEdge Management Services, LLP

Internal Auditor

REGISTRAR & SHARE TRANSFER

AGENT : M/s MCS Share Transfer Agent Limited

MPDL LIMITED

Regd. Office: 11/7, Mathura Road, Sector 37, Faridabad HR 121003

Corp. Office: Unit No. 12, GF, Magnum Tower-1 Sector - 58, Golf Course Extn. Gurugram-122011

Phone: 0124- 4222434-35; **Email:** isc_mpdl@mpdl.co.in Website: <u>www.mpdl.co.in</u>; **CIN**: L70102HR2002PLC097001

DIRECTORS' REPORT

To The Members.

Your Directors are pleased to present the 23rd (Twenty Third) Annual Report on the business and operations of **MPDL Limited** ("the Company") together with the Audited Financial Statements for the Financial Year ended March 31, 2025.

1. FINANCIAL SUMMARY

A summary of the Company's Financial Results for the Financial Year ended March 31, 2025 is as under:

Particulars	(Rs. in lakhs)						
	Sta	ndalone	Consolida	ated			
	F.Y 2024-	F.Y 2023-	F.Y 2024-	F.Y 2023-			
	2025	2024	2025	2024			
Gross Revenue	676.98	3109.13	676.98	3464.57			
Profit before tax (after Exceptional Item)	(391.59)	2188.02	(512.67)	1897.35			
Tax Expenses (Including Deferred Tax)	(96.05)	43.52	(96.05)	43.52			
Minority Interest and Share in Profit of Associates	-	-	-	-			
Profit after Tax	(295.54)	2144.51	(416.62)	1853.83			

2. STATE OF AFFAIRS OF THE COMPANY/BUSINESS PERFORMANCE

The Project titled **M1 Tower** at Faridabad is complete in all respect and has been launched for sale/lease. The Tower is attracting fair amount of interest from end users because of location advantage. However, there has been some delay in obtaining approval from department of Fire and consequent occupancy certificate which is expected shortly. We hope the available area in the tower would be sold out in the current Financial Year and calendar year 2026.



Standalone Financials

During the year under review, your company's standalone gross revenue was Rs. 676.98 Lakhs as compared to Rs. 3109.13 Lakhs in the previous financial year. Further, for the Financial Year ended March 31, 2025, the Company has incurred a Profit/(Loss) Before Tax (PBT) of Rs. (391.59) Lakhs as compared to profit of Rs. 2188.02 Lakhs in the previous financial year and incurred Profit/(Loss) After Tax (PAT) of Rs. (295.54) Lakhs as compared to profit of Rs. 2144.51 Lakhs in the previous financial year.

Consolidated Financials

During the year under review, your company's consolidated gross revenue was Rs. 676.98 Lakhs as compared to Rs. 3464.57 Lakhs in the previous financial year. Further, for the Financial Year ended March 31, 2025, consolidated Profit/(Loss) Before Tax (PBT) of Rs. (512.67) Lakhs as compared to profit of Rs. 1897.35 Lakhs in the previous financial year and consolidated Profit/(Loss) After Tax (PAT) of Rs. (416.62) Lakhs as compared to Profit of Rs. 1853.83 Lakhs in the previous financial year.

3. CHANGE IN NATURE OF BUSINESS IF ANY:

During the year under review, there was no change in the nature of business of the Company.

4. MATERIAL CHANGES AND COMMITMENTS, IF ANY, AFFECTING THE FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY WHICH HAVE OCCURRED BETWEEN THE END OF THE FINANCIAL YEAR OF THE COMPANY TO WHICH THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS RELATES AND THE DATE OF THE REPORT

No material changes and commitments, materially affecting the financial position of the Company or having any material impact on the operations of the company have occurred between the end of the financial year under review and date of this report.

5. DIVIDEND AND RESERVES

In view of the Company's financial performance during the year and considering future business prospects, the Board of Directors has not recommended any dividend for the financial year 2024–25.

Further, no amount has been transferred to the general reserves during the year under review.

6. PUBLIC DEPOSITS

During FY 2025, the Company has not accepted any deposits from the public in terms of the provisions of Section 73 of the Act. Further, no amount on account of principal or interest on deposits from the public was outstanding as on March 31, 2025.

7. SHARE CAPITAL

The Authorized Share Capital of the Company as on March 31, 2025 was Rs. 22,50,00,000 (Rupees Twenty Two Crores Fifty Lakhs only) divided into:

- 75,00,000 (Seventy Five Lakhs) Equity Shares of Rs.10/-(Rupees Ten Only) each, and
- 15,00,000 (Fifteen Lakhs) Preference Shares of Rs. 100/-(Rupees Hundred Only) each.

The Issued, Subscribed, and Paid-up Share Capital of the Company as on the said date was Rs. 7,41,25,240/- (Rupees Seven Crores Forty-One Lakhs Twenty-Five Thousand Two Hundred and Forty only), comprising 74,12,524 (Seventy-Four Lakhs Twelve Thousand Five Hundred and Twenty-Four) equity shares of Rs. 10/- each.

During the year, the Company did not issue any shares with differential voting rights, sweat equity shares or convertible securities.

8. SUBSIDIARIES, JOINT VENTURES OR ASSOCIATE COMPANIES

As on March 31, 2025, the Company has no subsidiary and Joint Venture Company. Further, the Company has one Associate Companies:

1. Cambridge Construction (Delhi) Private Limited

As on March 31, 2025, MPDL Limited holds 48.98% of the equity share capital of Cambridge Construction (Delhi) Private Limited.

In compliance with the requirements of Section 129(3) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 5 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, a statement containing the salient features of the financial statements of the Associate Company in the prescribed **Form AOC-1** forms part of this Report and is annexed as **Annexure – 1**.

Further, no company became or ceased to be the subsidiary, associate and joint venture of the Company during FY 2025.

HIGHLIGHT OF PERFORMANCE OF ASSOCIATE COMPANY & CONTRIBUTION TO OVERALL PERFORMANCE

During the year under review, the Associate Company, Cambridge Construction (Delhi) Private Limited, did not record any operational turnover. However, it earned an income of Rs. 107.72 Lakhs from other sources and reported a net loss of Rs. 82.26 Lakhs for the financial year ended March 31, 2025.

Accordingly, the Associate Company's performance during the year resulted in a share of loss of Rs. 121.08 Lakhs, which has been reflected in the Consolidated Financial Statements of the Company. While this had a negative impact on the overall consolidated performance, the Company continues to closely monitor the operations of the Associate with a view to improving future performance.

DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL (KMP)

Directors

MPDL Limited has an appropriate mix of directors on its Board. As on March 31, 2025, the Board consisted of one (1) Executive Director, one (1) Non - Executive Non Independent Director and three (3) Non-Executive Independent Directors including two (2) Women Independent Directors.

Directors are eminent individuals of diverse backgrounds with skills, experience and expertise in various areas, the complete list of which has been provided in the Corporate Governance Report forming part of this Report.

During FY 2025, there were following changes in the Board composition:

- Based on recommendation of Nomination and Remuneration Committee, Ms. Kanishka Singhal was appointed as an Independent Director of the Company for a term of five (5) consecutive years with effect from August 13, 2024.
 - Ms. Kanishka Singhal has stepped down from the board of the Company w.e.f. October 21, 2024 due to her resignation. The Board places on record its sincere appreciation for the valuable contribution made by her during her tenure.
- Based on recommendation of Nomination and Remuneration Committee, Ms. Shweta Bansal was appointed as an Independent Director of the Company with effect from February 13, 2025, for a term of five (5) consecutive years. Her appointment was also approved by the Members of the Company through a special resolution passed by postal ballot on April 12, 2025 (deemed to be passed on April 11, 2025 being the last date of receipt of postal ballot e-voting).

Directors of MPDL Limited as on March 31, 2025:

S.No.	Name of Director	Designation
1	Mr. Rajesh Paliwal	Chairperson and Non-Executive Non Independent Director
2	Mr. Santosh Kumar Jha	Whole Time Director
3	Ms. Babika Goel	Independent Director
4.	Mr. Sagar Tanwar	Independent Director
5.	Ms. Shweta Bansal	Independent Director

In accordance with the provisions of Section 152(6) of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Company's Articles of Association, Mr. Rajesh Paliwal (DIN: 03098155), Director of the Company liable to retires by rotation at the forthcoming 23rd Annual General Meeting and, being eligible, offers himself for re-appointment. The Board recommends his re-appointment for the consideration of the Members of the Company at the ensuing 23rd Annual General Meeting.

Key Managerial Personnel

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 203 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the applicable rules made thereunder, the following persons were designated as the Key Managerial Personnel (KMP) of the Company as on March 31, 2025:

S.No.	Name of Key Managerial Personnel	Designation
1	Mr. Santosh Kumar Jha	Whole Time Director
2	Mr. Satyajit Pradhan	Chief Financial Officer
3	Ms. Bhumika Chadha	Company Secretary and Compliance officer

There were no changes in the KMP of the Company during the Financial Year 2025.

9. DECLARATION BY INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS

The Company has received declarations from the Independent Directors of the Company under section 149(7) of the Companies Act, 2013 confirming that they meet the criteria of independence as provided in Section 149(6) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Regulation 16 of SEBI (Listing Obligation & Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("SEBI LODR Regulations"). Further, they have included their names in the data bank of Independent Directors maintained with the Indian Institute of Corporate Affairs in terms of Section 150 of the Act read with Rule 6 of the Companies (Appointment and Qualification of Directors) Rules, 2014.

In the opinion of the Board, there has been no change in the circumstances which may affect their status as Independent Directors of the Company and the Board is satisfied with the integrity, expertise and experience (including proficiency in terms of Section 150(1) of the Act and applicable rules thereunder) of all Independent Directors on the Board including those appointed during the Financial Year.

10. APPOINTMENT AND REMUNERATION POLICY

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee is authorized to determine the criteria of appointment of Directors and to identify candidates for appointment to the Board of Directors. In evaluating the suitability of a person for appointment/re-appointment as a Director, the Committee takes into account the eligibility, qualification, skills, expertise, track record, integrity of the appointee. The Committee also assesses the independence of directors at the time of their appointment/re-appointment as per the criteria prescribed under the provisions of the Act, the rules made thereunder and the SEBI LODR Regulations.

The Company has the Remuneration Policies in place for remuneration of Directors (Executive and Non-Executive), Key Managerial Personnel, Senior Managerial Personnel and other employees in line with the requirement of the Act, SEBI LODR Regulations.

The relevant Policy(ies) are being updated regularly and have been uploaded on the website of the Company and can be accessed through the link https://www.mpdl.co.in/codes-policies-others/.

11. ANNUAL BOARD EVALUATION

In terms of provisions of the Act and Regulation 17(10) read with Regulation 25(4) of SEBI Listing Regulations, the Board conducts an annual performance evaluation of its own performance, the performance of the Directors individually as well as the evaluation of the working of its Committees through questionnaire designed with qualitative parameters and feedback based on ratings and open comments.

The Board has adopted Board Evaluation Policy ("Policy") for carrying out the evaluation of Board as whole, the Board Committees and individual Directors including Independent Directors. The Policy covers the performance evaluation criteria of all the directors including independent directors. The criteria covered to conduct the evaluation process includes contribution to and monitoring of corporate governance practices, knowledge & update of relevant areas, participation in the long term strategic planning and fulfillment of Directors' obligations and fiduciary responsibilities, including but not limited to, active/effective participation at the Board and Committee meetings, representation of shareholders' interest and enhancing shareholders value etc.

Pursuant to the Policy, Board has carried out the annual performance evaluation of the Board as whole, all the Board Committees and individual Directors for the FY 2024-25 in May 2025 as per the parameters prescribed in the evaluation forms provided in the Policy for evaluation of Board as whole, the Board Committees and individual Directors which include various aspects of Board's functioning.

Further, Independent Directors have also carried out the performance evaluation of Board as a whole, Non-Independent Directors and Chairperson of the Company in their meetings held on May 29, 2025 for the FY 2024-25.

The Board of Directors expressed their satisfaction with the Policy and Annual Performance Evaluation process and evaluation results.

12. MEETINGS OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS AND ITS COMMITTEES

During the financial year ended March 31, 2025, five (5) meetings of the Board of Directors were convened and held. The details regarding the number of Board meetings held during the financial year 2024–25, including the dates and attendance, form part of the Corporate Governance Report.

The Company has complied with the applicable provisions of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("SEBI LODR Regulations") and the relevant Secretarial Standards issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India (ICSI).

In accordance with statutory and regulatory requirements, the Board has constituted the following Committees:

- 1. Audit Committee
- 2. Nomination and Remuneration Committee
- 3. Stakeholders' Relationship Committee
- 4. Executive Committee
- 5. Finance Committee

The composition, terms of reference, number of meetings held, and attendance details of the above Committees are disclosed in the Corporate Governance Report, which forms an integral part of this Annual Report.

13. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

All related party transactions that were entered into during the financial year were on an arm's length basis and were in the ordinary course of business. There are no materially significant related party transactions entered by the Company with related parties which may have a potential conflict with the interest of the Company. During the FY 2025 no material related party transactions were entered by the Company.

All Related Party Transactions are placed before the Audit Committee for approval as per the Related Party Transactions Policy of the Company as approved by the Board. The policy is also uploaded on the website of the Company and can be accessed through the link

https://www.mpdl.co.in/wp-content/uploads/2025/04/Related-Party-Transaction-Policy.pdf

Since all the transactions with related parties during the year were on arm's length basis and in the ordinary course of business, the disclosure of related party transactions as required under Section 134(3)(h) of the Act in Form AOC-2 is not applicable for FY 2025.

The details of the transactions with related parties are provided in the notes to accompanying standalone financial statements.

14. AUDITORS

i) Statutory Auditor

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 139 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rules framed thereunder, M/s O P Bagla & Co. LLP, Chartered Accountants (Firm Regn. No.000018N/N500091) were appointed as Statutory Auditors of the Company at the Annual General Meeting held on September 28, 2022. They shall hold such office from the conclusion of 20th Annual General Meeting till the conclusion of 25th Annual General Meeting.

The Company has received a certificate from M/s O P Bagla & Co. LLP confirming that they meet the eligibility criteria prescribed under Section 141 of the Companies Act, 2013.

The Auditor's Report on the financial statements of the Company for the financial year ended March 31, 2025, forms part of this Annual Report. The report does not contain any qualification, reservation, or adverse remark, and therefore, no explanation by the Board is required in this regard.

ii) Secretarial Auditor

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 204 of the Companies Act, 2013 and The Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014, the Company had appointed M/s Sanjay Grover & Associates (Firm registration No P2001DE052900), Practicing Company Secretaries as the Secretarial Auditor of the Company to conduct the Secretarial Audit of the Company for Financial Year 2024-25.

The Secretarial Audit Report in Form MR-3 for the Financial Year 2024-25 is annexed to this report as **Annexure -3**. The Report does not contain any qualification, reservation, or adverse remark, accordingly, no explanation by the Board is required.

Pursuant to the amended provisions of Regulation 24A of the SEBI Listing Regulations read with Section 204 of the Act and the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014, the Board at its meeting held on August 13, 2025, based on the recommendation of the Audit Committee and subject to approval of the Members at the 23rd AGM, approved the appointment of M/s Sanjay Grover & Associates, Practicing Company Secretaries

(Firm Registration No. P2001DE052900) as the Secretarial Auditor of your Company for the term of five (5) consecutive financial years from financial year 2025-26 and till financial year 2029-30.

iii) Internal Auditor

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 138 of Companies Act, 2013, the Company had appointed M/s SilverEdge Management Services, LLP, Chartered Accountants (LLP Registration No.: ABZ-0853), as Internal Auditors of the Company.

Further, the Board of Directors, at its meeting held on August 13, 2025 has re-appointed M/s SilverEdge Management Services LLP, Chartered Accountants (LLP Registration No.: ABZ: 0853) as Internal Auditor of the Company for the FY 2025-2026.

15. DIRECTOR'S RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT

The Company has taken utmost care in its operations, compliance, transparency, financial disclosures and financial statements have been made to give a true and fair view of Company. As required under Section 134(5) and Section 134(3)(c), and based upon the detailed representation, due diligence and inquiry thereof and your Board of Directors assures and confirm as under:

- a. In the preparation of the annual accounts for the Financial Year ended March 31, 2025, the applicable accounting standards have been followed along with proper explanation relating to material departures;
- b. The Directors have selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company as at the end of the Financial Year 2024-25 and of the profit and loss of the Company for that period.
- c. The Directors have taken proper and sufficient care for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;
- d. The annual accounts for the financial year ended March 31, 2025 have been prepared on a going concern basis;
- e. The Directors have laid down internal financial controls to be followed by the Company and such internal Financial control are adequate and were operating effectively; and
- f. The Directors had devised proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and such systems are adequate and operating effectively.

16. INTERNAL CONTROL SYSTEMS AND ITS ADEQUACY

Your Company has an effective internal financial control and risk-mitigation system, which are constantly assessed and strengthened with new/revised standard operating procedures. The Company's internal control system is commensurate with its size, scale and complexities of its operations. The internal audit was conducted by M/s, SilverEdge Management Services, LLP, Chartered Accountants (LLP Registration No.: ABZ-0853) for the FY 2024-25.

The Audit Committee of the Board of Directors actively reviews the adequacy and effectiveness of the internal control systems and suggests improvements to strengthen the same. The Company has a robust Management Information System('MIS') which is an integral part of the control mechanism.

The Audit Committee of the Board of Directors and Statutory Auditors are periodically apprised of the internal audit findings and corrective actions taken. Significant audit observations and corrective actions taken by the management are presented to the Audit Committee of the Board. To maintain its objectivity and independence, the Internal Audit function reports to the Chairman of the Audit Committee.

17. CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY (CSR)

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014, CSR provisions were applicable to the Company for the Financial Year 2024-25.

However, based on the average net profits of proceeding three financial years computed in accordance with Section 198 of the Act, no CSR expenditure was required to be made during the year under review.

Further, as the amount required to be spent did not exceed ₹50 lakh, the Company was not required to constitute a CSR Committee and the functions of the Committee were discharged by the Board of Directors of the Company in compliance with Section 135(9) of the Act.

The CSR Policy of the Company is available on the Company's website at https://www.mpdl.co.in/wp-content/uploads/2025/08/MPDL-CSR-Policy.pdf.

The Annual Report on CSR activities in the prescribed format is annexed as **Annexure - 4** to this Report.

18. LISTING OF SHARES

The Company's Equity Shares are presently listed at BSE Ltd, Mumbai. The Annual Listing Fees for the Financial Year 2025-26 has been paid to BSE Limited.

Further, the details in relation to listing of shares are given in the Corporate Governance Report attached with the Board Report.

19. MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS REPORT

Management's Discussion and Analysis Report for the year under review detailing economic scenario and outlook, as stipulated under Schedule V of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("SEBI LODR Regulations") is presented in a separate section as **Annexure – 5** and forms an integral part of this Report.

20. RISK MANAGEMENT FRAMEWORK

Your Company's Risk Management framework is backed by strong internal control systems. The risk management framework consists of policies and procedures framed at management level and strictly adhered to and monitored at all levels. The framework also defines the risk management approach across the enterprise at various levels. Risk management is embedded in our critical business activities, functions and processes. The risks are reviewed for change in the nature and extent of the major risks identified since the last assessment. It also provides control measures for risk and future action plans.

The internal audit team periodically visits the divisions and carries out audit. The findings are periodically reviewed by the Board and Audit Committee with emphasis on maintaining its effectiveness in dynamic business environment.

21. CONSERVATION OF ENERGY, TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION, FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNING AND OUTGO

Information under Section 134(3)(m) of the Companies Act, 2013, read with rule 8(3) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 is given below:

A. Conservation of Energy

The Company has been, among other fields, engaged in development & construction of real estate, mainly comprising residential, commercial & institutional buildings. It has always been the endeavour of the Company to look for ways and means to achieve energy conservation in every possible way. In line with the Company's commitment to give its clients and customers quality products and services, it has been constantly seeking to adopt latest in technology which are relevant, and strive to integrate the same into the overall scheme of things, resulting in sustainable cost savings, energy conservation and more reliability.

B. Technology Absorption-

i. Efforts in brief made towards technology absorption:

As technologies change rapidly, your Company recognizes the need to invest in new emerging technologies to leverage them for improving productivity, quality and reach to new customers. It is essential to have a technology infrastructure that is at par with the best in the world. Your Company thus follows a practice of upgrading computing equipment on an ongoing basis.

- ii. Benefits derived like product improvement, cost reduction, product development or import substitution: NIL
- iii. In case of imported technology (imported during the last three financial year reckoned from the beginning of the financial year)
 - (a) Technology Imported: NIL
 - (b) Year of Import: NIL
 - (c) Whether the technology has fully been absorbed: NIL
 - (d) If not fully absorbed, area where absorption has not taken place and reason thereof: NIL
- iv. Expenditure incurred on Research and Development: NIL
- **C. Foreign Exchange Earnings And Outgo** Not Applicable

22. OTHER STATUTORY DISCLOSURES

SIGNIFICANT AND MATERIAL ORDERS PASSED BY THE REGULATORS OR COURTS

There are no significant or material orders passed by the Regulators/Courts which would impact the going concern status of the Company and its operations in future except to the extent mentioned in this Report.

DETAILS OF FRAUDS REPORTABLE BY AUDITORS

During the year under review, neither the statutory auditors nor the secretarial auditors of the Company has disclosed any instance of fraud committed against the Company by its officers or employees required to be disclosed in terms of Section 143(12) of the Act.

STOCK OPTIONS SCHEME

The Company does not have any Scheme of Stock Option for its employees and directors etc.

ANNUAL RETURN

Pursuant to Section 92(3) read with section 134(3)(a) of the Companies Act, 2013, copies of the Annual Return of the Company prepared in accordance with Section 92(1) of the Act read with Rule 11 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014 is placed on the website of the Company and is accessible at the web-link: https://www.mpdl.co.in/annual-return-fy-2024-25/.

PARTICULARS OF LOANS, GUARANTEES OR INVESTMENTS

As required to be reported pursuant to the provisions of Section 186 and Section 134(3)(g) of the Companies Act, 2013, the particulars of loans, guarantees or investments made by the Company under the aforesaid provisions during the Financial Year 2024-25 have been provided in the Note to the Standalone Financial Statements for the Financial Year ended March 31, 2025.

COMPOSITION OF AUDIT COMMITTEE

The details pertaining to composition of audit committee are included in the Corporate Governance Report, which forms part of this Annual Report.

COST RECORDS

The Company is not required to maintain cost records as specified by the Central Government under sub-section (1) of section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2018.

VIGIL MECHANISM / WHISTLE BLOWER POLICY

The Company has a vigil mechanism named Vigil Mechanism / Whistle Blower Policy to deal with instances of fraud and mismanagement, if any. Details of the same are given in the Corporate Governance Report. The same has also been displayed on the website of the Company and the link for the same is https://www.mpdl.co.in/wp-content/uploads/2025/04/MPDL-Whistle-Blower-Policy.pdf

During the year under review, no complaint pertaining to the Company was received under the Whistle Blower mechanism.

DISCLOSURE UNDER THE SEXUAL HARASSMENT OF WOMEN AT WORK PLACE (PREVENTION, PROHIBITION AND REDRESSAL) ACT, 2013

The Company has adopted a Policy on Prevention of Sexual Harassment at the Workplace, in accordance with the provisions of the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013 and the Rules made thereunder.

An Internal Complaints Committee (ICC) has been constituted to consider and resolve complaints related to sexual harassment, as mandated by the said Act. The policy is applicable to all employees of the Company, including permanent, contractual, temporary, and trainees.

During the financial year under review, no complaint pertaining to sexual harassment was received by the Internal Complaints Committee.

MATERNITY BENEFIT COMPLIANCE STATEMENT

The Company confirms that it is in full compliance with the provisions of the Maternity Benefit Act, 1961, including maternity leave as applicable, nursing breaks, medical bonus, crèche facilities (where applicable), and protection against termination on account of maternity leave."

PARTICULARS OF EMPLOYEES

Disclosures pertaining to remuneration and other details as required under Section 197(12) of the Companies Act, 2013, read with Rule 5(1), 5(2), and 5(3) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014, are provided in **Annexure-6** to this Report.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

Your Company has complied with the requirements of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 regarding Corporate Governance. A certificate from the Practicing Company Secretary confirming compliance regarding Corporate Governance conditions under SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

Further, the Company has obtained a certificate from the Practicing Company Secretary under SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements), Regulations, 2015, regarding none of the directors on the board of the company have been debarred or disqualified from being appointed or continuing as directors of Companies by the Board/Ministry of Corporate Affairs or any such statutory authority. Corporate Governance Report is annexed as **Annexure – 7.**

SECRETARIAL STANDARDS

During the period under review, the Company has complied with the applicable Secretarial Standards notified by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India.

APPLICATION/PROCEEDING UNDER INSOLVENCY AND BANKRUPTCY CODE, 2016

There is no such proceeding pending against the Company under Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016 during the Financial Year ended March 31, 2025.

DIFFERENCE IN VALUATION

The Company has not made any one time settlement with the banks/financial institutions during the year under review.

23. ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

Your Directors thank various Central and State Government Departments, Organizations and Agencies for the continued help and co-operation extended by them. The Directors also gratefully acknowledge all stakeholders of the Company viz. customers, members, dealers, vendors, banks and other business partners for the excellent support received from them during the year. The Directors place on record their sincere appreciation to all employees of the Company for their unstinted commitment and continued contribution to the Company.

FOR AND ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD MPDL LIMITED

Sd/-Rajesh Paliwal Chairperson of the Company DIN: 03098155

Date: 13.08.2025 Place: Gurugram Sd/-Santosh Kumar Jha Whole Time Director DIN: 10052694

FORM NO. AOC -1

(Pursuant to first proviso to sub-section (3) of section 129 read with rule 5 of Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014) Statement containing salient features of the financial statement of subsidiaries/associate companies/joint ventures

Part "A": Subsidiaries

(Information in Respect of each subsidiary to be presented with amounts in Rs. In lakhs)

		Reporting period for the			Reserves					Profit	Provision	Profit		% of
SI.	Name of	subsidiary	Reporting	Share	and	Total	Total			before	for	after	Proposed	Share
No.	subsidiary	concerned	Currency	capital	surplus	asset	liabilities	Investments	Turnover	taxation	taxation	taxation	Dividend	holding
	No Subsidiary Company as on March 31, 2025													

Part "B": Associates/Joint ventures (Information in Respect of each associate/joint venture to be presented with amounts in Rs. In Lakhs)

Statement pursuant to Section 129 (3) of the Companies Act, 2013 related to Associate Companies and Joint Ventures:

Name of Associates/Joint Ventures	Cambridge Construction (Delhi)
	Private Limited
1. Latest audited Balance Sheet Date	31-03-2025
2. Date on which the Associate or Joint Venture was associated or	12-08-2021
acquired	
Shares of Associate/Joint Ventures held by the company on the year end	
Number	5,18,880 Equity Shares
Amount of Investment in Associates/Joint Venture	Face Value of Rs. 10/- each share
Extend of Holding %	48.98%
3. Description of how there is significant influence	MPDL holds 48.98% of Shareholding of
	Cambridge Construction (Delhi) Private
	Limited
4. Reason why the associate/joint venture is not Consolidated	NA
5. Net worth attributable to Shareholding as per latest audited Balance	NA
Sheet	

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6. Profit / Loss for the year	
i. Considered in Consolidation	(82.26) Lacs
ii. Not Considered in Consolidation	NA
Total	NA

Additional Disclosure	Name of the Associates or Joint Ventures
i. Name of Associates or Joint Ventures which are yet to	NA
commence operations	
ii. Name of Associates or Joint Ventures which have been	NA
Liquidated or sold during the year	

For and on behalf of the Board

MPDL LIMITED

Sd/-Rajesh Paliwal Chairperson DIN: 03098155 Sd/-Santosh Kumar Jha Whole Time Director DIN: 10052694

Place: Gurugram Date: 13.08.2025

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Form No. AOC-2

(Pursuant to clause (h) of sub-section (3) of section 134 of the Act and Rule 8(2) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014)

Form for disclosure of particulars of contracts/arrangements entered into by the company with related parties referred to in sub-section (1) of section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 including certain arm's length transactions under third proviso thereto.

1. Details of contracts or arrangements or transactions not at arm's length basis during the financial year ended March 31, 2025.

a) Name(s) of the related party and nature of relationship	
b) Nature of contracts/ arrangements/ transactions	
c)Duration of the contracts/ arrangements/ transactions	
d) Salient terms of the contracts or arrangements or transaction including the value, if any	
e) Justification for entering into such contracts or arrangements or transactions'	NIL
f) Date of approval by the Board	
g) Amount paid as advances, if any	
h) Date on which the special resolution was passed in General meeting as required under first	
proviso to section 188	
	İ

2. Details of material contracts or arrangements or transactions at arm's length basis during the financial year ended March 31, 2025

(a) Name(s) of related party and nature of relationship	NIL
(b) Nature of contracts/ arrangements/	
transactions	-
(c) Duration of the contracts/ arrangements/	
transactions	-
(d)Salient terms of the contracts or arrangements or	
transactions including the value, if any	-
(e) Date(s) of approval by the Board, if any	-
(f) Amount paid as advances, if any:	-

For and on behalf of the Board

For MPDL LIMITED

Sd/-Rajesh Paliwal Chairperson of the Company DIN: 03098155

Place: Gurugram Date: 13.08.2025

Sd/-Santosh Kumar Jha Whole Time Director DIN: 10052694

Annexure 3

SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31st MARCH, 2025

[Pursuant to Section 204(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule No. 9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014]

To,
The Members,
MPDL Limited

CIN: L70102HR2002PLC097001 11/7, Mathura Road, Sector 37, Faridabad, Haryana - 121003

We have conducted the secretarial audit of the compliance of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices by **MPDL Limited** (hereinafter called "the Company"). Secretarial Audit was conducted in a manner that provided us a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts/statutory compliances and expressing our opinion thereon.

Based on our verification of the Company's books, papers, minutes books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company and also the information provided by the Company, its officers, agents and authorised representatives during the conduct of Secretarial Audit, we hereby report that in our opinion, the Company has, during the audit period covering the financial year ended on 31st March, 2025 ("Audit Period") complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder and also that the Company has proper Board processes and compliance mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter:

We have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company for the financial year ended on 31st March, 2025 according to the provisions of:

- (i) The Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act') and the rules made thereunder;
- (ii) The Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 ('SCRA') and the rules made thereunder;
- (iii) The Depositories Act, 1996 and the Regulations and Bye-laws framed thereunder;
- (iv) Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the rules and regulations made thereunder to the extent of Foreign Direct Investment, Overseas Direct Investment and External Commercial borrowings;
- (v) The following Regulations prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 ('SEBI Act'):-
 - (a) Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011;

- (b) Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015:
- (c) Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018 {Not applicable during the audit period};
- (d) Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share Based Employee Benefits and Sweat Equity) Regulations, 2021 {Not applicable during the audit period};
- (e) Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Non-Convertible Securities) Regulations, 2021 {Not applicable during the audit period};
- (f) Securities and Exchange Board of India (Registrars to an Issue and Share Transfer Agents) Regulations, 1993;
- (g) Securities and Exchange Board of India (Delisting of Equity Shares) Regulations, 2021 {Not applicable during the audit period};
- (h) Securities and Exchange Board of India (Buyback of Securities) Regulations, 2018 {Not applicable during the audit period};
- (i) Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 (LODR Regulations);
- (vi) The Company is engaged in the business of construction and selling residential, commercial and retails properties in NCT of Delhi and Haryana. As informed by the management, following are the laws which are specifically applicable to the Company:
 - The Ancient Monuments and Archaeological Sites and Remains Act, 1958
 - Haryana Development & Regulation of Urban Areas Act, 1975
 - Control of National Highways (Land & Traffic) Act, 1958;
 - Haryana Apartment Ownership Act, 1983; and
 - Real Estate (Regulation and Development) Act, 2016.

We have checked the compliance management system of the Company to obtain reasonable assurance about the adequacy of systems in place to ensure compliance of specifically applicable laws and this verification was done on test basis. We believe that the Audit evidence which we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion. On the basis of our check on test basis, recording in the minutes of Board of Directors and management representation, we are on the view that the Company has systems to ensure the substantial compliance of laws specifically applicable on it.

We have also examined compliance with the applicable clauses of the Secretarial Standards on Meetings of the Board of Directors and on General Meetings issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India with which the Company has generally complied with.

We report that the Company has generally complied with the provisions of the Act, Rules, Regulations, Standards and Guidelines, to the extent applicable, as mentioned above, during the Audit Period.

We further report that the Board of Directors of the Company is duly constituted with proper balance of Executive Directors, Non-Executive Directors and Independent Directors. The changes in the composition of the Board of Directors that took place during the audit

period were carried out in compliance with the applicable provisions of the Act and SEBI Regulations.

Adequate notice was given to all directors to schedule the Board Meetings; Agenda and detailed notes on agenda were sent at least seven days in advance of the meetings other than those meetings which were held on shorter notice and a system exists for seeking and obtaining further information and clarifications on the agenda items before the meeting for meaningful participation at the meeting.

Board decisions were carried out with unanimous consent and therefore, no dissenting views were required to be captured and recorded as part of the minutes.

We further report that there are adequate systems and processes in the Company commensurate with the size and operations of the Company to monitor and ensure compliance with applicable laws, rules, regulations, standards and guidelines which can be further strengthened.

We further report that during the audit period the Company had no specific events or actions which are having a major bearing on the Company's Affairs in pursuance of the above referred laws, rules, regulations, guidelines, standards, etc. referred to above except as under:

1) Approval of shareholders by Special Resolution dated September 27, 2024 at the Annual General Meeting of the Company for regularisation of Ms. Kanishka Singhal as a Non-Executive Women Independent Director of the Company, to hold office for a term of 5 (five) consecutive years with effect from August 13, 2024 to August 13, 2029.

For SANJAY GROVER & ASSOCIATES

Company Secretaries Firm Registration No.: P2001DE052900 Peer Review Certificate No.: 6311/2024

SUJEET KUMAR

Partner FCS: 12562, CP: 22684 UDIN: F012562G000483923

This Report is to be read with our letter of even date which is annexed as Annexure A and forms an integral part of this report.

Place: New Delhi

Date: 29.05.2025

Annexure-A

To,
The Members,
MPDL Limited
CIN: L70102HR2002PLC097001
11/7, Mathura Road, Sector 37,
Faridabad, Haryana - 121003

Our report of even date is to be read along with this Annexure A:

- a) Maintenance of secretarial records is the responsibility of the management of the Company. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these secretarial records based on our audit.
- b) We have followed the audit practices and processes as were appropriate to obtain reasonable assurance about the correctness of the contents of the secretarial records. The verification was done on test basis to ensure that correct facts are reflected in secretarial records. We believe that the processes and practices, we followed provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.
- c) We have not verified the correctness and appropriateness of the financial statements of the Company.
- d) Wherever required, we have obtained the Management Representation about the compliances of laws, rules, regulations and standards and happening of events etc.
- e) The compliance of the provisions of the corporate and other applicable laws, rules, regulations and standards is the responsibility of the management. Our examination was limited to the verification of procedures on test basis.
- f) The Secretarial Audit report is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the company nor of the efficacy or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

For SANJAY GROVER & ASSOCIATES

Company Secretaries

Firm Registration No.: P2001DE052900 Peer Review Certificate No.: 6311/2024

SUJEET KUMAR

Partner

FCS: 12562, CP: 22684 UDIN: F012562G000483923

Place: New Delhi Date: 29.05.2025

ANNUAL REPORT ON CSR ACTIVITIES

1. Brief outline on CSR Policy of the Company:

MPDL Limited is a listed public company engaged in the business of real estate development, infrastructure and allied activities. The Company recognizes its responsibility to contribute towards sustainable development and inclusive growth of the society in which it operates. The Company is committed to undertaking CSR initiatives aligned with its business values and contributing meaningfully to the welfare of the community.

The CSR Policy of the Company has been framed in line with the provisions of Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013, read with Schedule VII thereto and the Companies (CSR Policy) Rules, 2014. The Policy lays down guiding principles for undertaking CSR projects in the areas of education, healthcare, environment, rural development, and other activities as permitted under Schedule VII.

2. Composition of CSR Committee: Not Applicable.

In accordance with the provisions of Section 135(9) of the Companies Act, 2013, the requirement relating to constitution of a CSR Committee is not applicable to the Company, since the amount to be spent by the Company on CSR activities does not exceed ₹50 Lakhs. Accordingly, the functions of the CSR Committee are being discharged by the Board of Directors of the Company.

3. Web-link where Composition of CSR Committee, CSR Policy and CSR Projects approved by the Board are disclosed on the website of the Company

The CSR Policy of the Company is available on the website of the Company at the following link: www.mpdl.co.in

As the CSR obligation for the financial year 2024-25 was NIL, no CSR projects were approved by the Board. Further, in terms of Section 135(9) of the Companies Act, 2013, since the amount required to be spent on CSR did not exceed ₹50 Lakhs, no separate CSR Committee was constituted, and its functions were discharged by the Board of Directors.

4. Details of Impact assessment of CSR projects carried out in pursuance of sub-rule (3) of rule 8 of the Companies (Corporate Social responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014, if applicable (attach the report):

Impact assessment is **not applicable** to the Company for the financial year 2024-25, as no CSR projects were undertaken and the CSR obligation was NIL.

5. Details of the amount available for set off in pursuance of sub-rule (3) of rule 7 of the Companies (Corporate Social responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014 and amount required for set off for the financial year, if any: Not Applicable

Sl.	Financial Year	Amount available	for set-off	Amount required to be set-				
No.		from preceding	financial	off for the financial year, if				
		years (in Rs.)		any (in Rs.)				
	Not Applicable							

- **6. Average net profit of the company as per section 135(5):** (Rs. -318.47 Lakhs)
- 7. (a) Two percent of average net profit of the company as per section 135(5): NIL
- (b) Surplus arising out of the CSR projects or programmes or activities of the previous financial years: Not Applicable
- (c) Amount required to be set off for the financial year, if any: Not Applicable
- (d) Total CSR obligation for the financial year (7a+7b-7c): NIL
- 8. (a) CSR amount spent or unspent for the financial year:

Total Amount	Amount Uns	Amount Unspent (in Rs.)							
Spent for the	Total Amoun	nt transferred	Amount transf	ferred to any	fund specif	fied			
Financial Year.	to Unspent C	SR Account as	under Schedul	le VII as per s	second prov	iso			
(in Rs.)	per section 1	.35(6).	to section 135(5).						
	Amount	Date of	Name of the	Amount	Date	of			
		transfer	Fund		transfer				
Nil		Not	t Applicable						

(b) Details of Cash amount spent against **on-going projects** for the financial year:

(1	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)		(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	
SI. N o.	Nam e of the Proje ct	Item from the list of activi ties in Sched ule VII to the Act	Loc al are a (Ye s /N o)	Loca of proje Sta te	the	Proj ect dura t-ion	Amou nt allocat ed for the projec t (in Rs.)	Amo unt spent in the curre nt fina- ncial Year (in Rs.)	Amount transfe rred to Unspen t CSR Accoun t for the project as per Section 135(6) (in Rs.)	Mode of Imple menta tions- Direct (Yes /No)	Mode Implemen on – Thr Implemen Agency Name	ough
					N	ot Appl	icable					•

(c) Details of CSR amount spent against **other than ongoing projects** for the financial year:

(1)	(2)		(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)		(8)
SI. No	Name the Project	of	Item from the list of activi ties in sched ule VII to the Act	Loc al are a (Ye s/ No)	Location project State	of the	Amount spent for the project (in Rs.)	Mode of im pleme n- tation - Direct (Yes/ No)	Mode implem -Throu implem Agency Name	of entation gh enting
Tota	al									

- (d) Amount spent in Administrative Overheads: NIL
- (e) Amount spent on Impact Assessment, if applicable: NIL
- (f) Total amount spent for the Financial Year (8b+8c+8d+8e): NIL
- (g) Excess amount for set off, if any: NIL

Sl. No.	Particular	Amount (in Rs.)
(i)	Two percent of average net profit of the company as per section	NIL
	135(5)	
(ii)	Total amount spent for the Financial Year	NIL
(iii)	Excess amount spent for the financial year [(ii)-(i)]	NIL
(iv)	Surplus arising out of the CSR projects or programmes or	NIL
	activities of the previous financial years, if any	
(v)	Amount available for set off in succeeding financial years [(iii)-	NIL
	(iv)]	

9. (a) Details of Unspent CSR amount for the preceding three financial years: NA

Sl. No.	Preceding Financial Year.	Amount transferred to Unspent CSR Account under section 135 (6)	Amount spent in the reporting Financial Year (in Rs.).	fund s	•	ed to any er Schedule 135(6), if Date of transfer	Amount remaining to be spent in succeeding financial years. (in Rs.)
		(in Rs.)					
	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL

(b) Details of CSR amount spent in the financial year for $ongoing\ projects$ of the preceding financial year(s): NA

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
•								

Sl. Projec Name of the Projec t. Project was commence d.	
--	--

- 10. In case of creation or acquisition of capital asset, furnish the details relating to the asset so created or acquired through CSR spent in the financial year (asset-wise details): Not Applicable
- (a) Date of creation or acquisition of the capital asset(s): Not Applicable
- (b) Amount of CSR spent for creation or acquisition of capital asset: Not Applicable
- (c) Details of the entity or public authority or beneficiary under whose name such capital asset is registered, their address etc.: Not Applicable
- (d) Provide details of the capital asset(s) created or acquired (including complete address and location of the capital asset): Not Applicable
- 11. Specify the reason(s), if the company has failed to spend two per cent of the average net profit as per section 135(5): Not Applicable

FOR AND ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD MPDL LIMITED

Sd/-Rajesh Paliwal Chairperson of the Company

DIN: 03098155

Date: 13.08.2025 Place: Gurugram Sd/-Santosh Kumar Jha Whole Time Director DIN: 10052694

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS REPORT

The Management of **MPDL LIMITED** is pleased to present its analysis report on its performance and future outlook.

1. GLOBAL ECONOMY

The global economy has demonstrated resilience while facing numerous challenges during 2024. The International Monetary Fund (IMF) estimated a 3.3% growth in global economy for 2024, but projects a slower growth of 2.8% in 2025, followed by a slight recovery to 3.0% in 2026. The IMF has expressed concerns regarding recent trade and protectionist policies by major economies, which are anticipated to affect global growth. The volatile geopolitical environment and the uncertainty around the tariffs imposed by the US are fuelling risk to inflation and growth trajectory.

Advanced economies witnessed a modest growth of 1.8% during 2024. The growth rate in 2025 is expected to decrease to 1.4% in 2025 on account of tariff measures and countermeasures. Emerging markets are also expected to be impacted by the global economic uncertainties. Then IMF projected a slight slowdown in emerging markets economies, with growth expectations softening from 4.3% in 2024 to 3.7% in 2025 and 3.9% in 2026. However, amongst the major economies, India's growth prospects are expected to be better. The IMF has forecasted India's growth rate in 2025 and 2026 of more than 6%. This sustained expansion underscores India's resilience and its pivotal role in driving global economic growth.

2. INDIAN ECONOMY

Currently the 4th largest economy in the world, India is one of the fastest growing economies. It is expected to be among the top three economic powers in the world by 2035, supported by its demographics and strong fundamentals. In FY25, economic activity faced certain hurdles due to general elections, unpredictable rainfalls and volatility in global trade in the last two quarters. Despite these hurdles, the Indian economy recorded a robust growth of 6.5% in FY25. It is remarkably ahead of the GDP growth rates recorded by other major economies. The Economic Survey forecasts India's growth rate between 6.3% to 6.8% for FY26. The Reserve Bank of India also estimates a growth rate of 6.5% for the Indian economy during FY26.

Key economic indicators reported an encouraging trend about the Indian economy. Retail inflation fell to 4.6% during FY25. In FY26, two critical factors, the recently announced income tax cuts and uncertainty in global trade, are expected to be key monitorables that could have a meaningful impact on our economy.

3. INDUSTRY OVERVIEW

Industry Structure and Developments

In FY 2025, the Indian real estate sector sustained its growth momentum, driven by strong housing demand, increased capital inflows, and expanding development in tier 2 and 3 cities. Residential sales remained robust, with growing preference for integrated and sustainable living spaces. The commercial office segment saw a full recovery, while retail and warehousing continued to expand on the back of rising consumption and e-commerce. Supportive government policies and regulatory reforms further strengthened the sector's long-term outlook.

❖ OPPORTUNITIES AND THREATS

Opportunities

The Indian real estate sector continues to offer robust growth potential, with the industry projected to reach US\$ 1 trillion by 2030, contributing approximately 13% to India's GDP by 2025. This growth is supported by rapid urbanization, increasing demand for residential and commercial spaces, and a rising working-age population. The formal introduction and regulation of Real Estate Investment Trusts (REITs) by SEBI has further enhanced transparency and created a platform for both institutional and retail investors, unlocking an estimated investment opportunity of over ₹1.25 trillion. Additionally, increased focus on infrastructure development, digital land reforms, and smart city initiatives is expected to accelerate organized growth in Tier 2 and Tier 3 cities.

Threats

The real estate sector continues to face several operational and external threats. Key risks include rising construction and financing costs, delays in regulatory approvals, and dependence on manual construction practices. In commercial and residential segments, shifting consumer preferences, evolving work patterns (e.g., hybrid models), and oversupply in some urban markets can impact occupancy and pricing. Additionally, macroeconomic factors such as inflation, interest rate fluctuations, and global geopolitical tensions pose risks to investor confidence and project execution timelines.

❖ SEGMENT WISE REPORTING

During the year under review, Company has received the income interest from banks. Financial performance with respect to operational performance is as follows:-

The financial highlights are as under: -

(Rs. in lakhs)

Sales for the year 2025	580.41
Profit/(Loss) after tax	(295.54)
Paid up equity share capital as on March 31, 2025	741.25

RISKS AND CONCERNS

Through land regulations, land readjustment and land pooling policies, the Government should spare large shares of underutilized and vacant land parcels. By this, it will give some relief to the financially aggrieved developers and help the situation of the real estate sector improve. This calls for an urgent change or revision in the Land Acquisition Resettlement and Rehabilitation Act of 2013. There are a lot of impending projects in the Indian real estate market starting from public sector projects to private sector housing colonies. There is a delay happening in the completion of these projects and the reason for this is that the project does not get enough funding or there is a lack of technology to complete these projects on time. Another big challenge in the Indian real estate sector is the protracted approval process because project approvals in India take about days to years because there is no option of a single-window clearance and it often results in time and cost escalations.

❖ INTERNAL CONTROL SYSTEM AND THEIR ADEQUACY

The Company has adequate internal control system, commensurate with the size of its operations. Adequate records and documents are maintained as required by laws. The

Company's audit Committee reviewed the internal control system. All efforts are being made to make the internal control systems more effective.

❖ DISCUSSION ON FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE WITH RESPECT TO OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE

The Company is engaged in the business of Real Estate. During the financial year under review, the Company recorded a revenue from operations of ₹580.41 lakhs, as compared to ₹424.70 lakhs in the previous year, primarily generated through the sale of commercial area, reflecting an improvement over the previous year. However, other income decreased to ₹96.57 lakhs during the year, as against ₹2684.44 lakhs in the previous financial year.

Despite an increase in operating revenue, the overall reduction in total income resulted in the Company incurring a net loss of $\stackrel{<}{\sim} 295.54$ lakks for the year.

The management is closely monitoring the financial situation and is undertaking appropriate measures to optimize costs and enhance revenue streams, with a view to improving the Company's financial performance in the upcoming year.

❖ MATERIAL DEVELOPMENTS IN HUMAN RESOURCES/INDUSTRIAL RELATIONS FRONT, INCLUDING NUMBER OF PEOPLE EMPLOYED

The Company acknowledges that human capital is a key driver of success, particularly in the real estate sector. It is committed to fostering a work environment that promotes productivity, innovation, and employee well-being. The Company ensures that its employees are provided with a conducive working environment, along with competitive remuneration and opportunities for professional growth.

Employees are encouraged to take initiative, be innovative, and align their individual goals with the broader objectives of the Company.

As the scale of operations remains moderate, the total number of employees on the rolls of the Company as on March 31, 2025, stood at Eight (8).

❖ DETAILS OF SIGNIFICANT CHANGES (i.e. CHANGE OF 25% OR MORE AS COMPARED TO THE IMMEDIATELY PREVIOUS FINANCIAL YEAR) IN KEY FINANCIAL RATIOS, ALONG WITH DETAILED EXPLANATIONS THEREFOR, INCLUDING

During the financial year 2024-25, there are some significant changes in key financial ratios as compared to previous financial year. The Key financial ratios have been shown below:

KEY FINANCIAL RATIO'S	FY 2024-25	FY 2023-24	% Change	Reason for Change
Current Ratio	1.56	1.78	-12.40	-
Debt Equity Ratio	0.70	0.54	30.09	Due to increase in debt during the Current Financial Year
Debt Service coverage Ratio	(0.34)	4.42	-107.76	Due to negative PAT in C.Y.
Return of Equity Ratio	(0.04)	0.32	-112.10	Company is having a negative return on equity due to decrease in PAT

Inventory Turnover ratio	0.08	0.06	32.32	Since Sales booked on % completion method hence % of variance Changes accordingly.
Trade Receivable Turnover Ratio	0.70	0.82	-13.79	
Trade Payable Turnover ratio	-	0.07	-100.00	No purchase during the Current Year
Net Capital Turnover Ratio	0.16	0.10	53.24	Due to the decrease in Working Capital of the Company
Net Profit ratio	(0.67)	5.15	-113.10	Decrease in profit after tax
Return on Capital Employed	(0.04)	0.29	-113.84	Decrease in Earnings before Interest and Tax
Return on Investment	(0.02)	0.18	-112.36	Decrease in Earnings before Interest and Tax

4. DISCLOSURE OF ACCOUNTING TREATMENT

The financial statement of the company is prepared as per the prescribed Indian Accounting Standards and reflects true & fair view of the business transactions and there is no division in following the treatment prescribed in any Indian Accounting Standard (Ind-AS) in the preparation of financial statements of the Company.

5. CAUTIONARY STATEMENT

Certain statements made in the management discussion and analysis report relating to the Company's objectives, projections, outlook, expectations, estimates and others may constitute 'forward looking statements' within the meaning of applicable laws and regulations. Actual results may differ from such expectations whether expressed or implied. Several factors could make significant difference to the Company's operations. These include climatic and economic conditions affecting demand and supply, government regulations and taxation, natural calamities over which the Company does not have any direct control.

PARTICULARS OF REMUNERATION

[Pursuant to Section 197 (12) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 5(1) of Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) rules, 2014, as amended]

1. The ratio of the remuneration of each director to the median remuneration of the employees of the Company, the percentage increase in remuneration of each Director, Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer, Company Secretary and the percentage increase in the median remuneration of employees in the Financial Year 2024-25:

(Amount in Rs.)

SNo.	Name & Designation of Director/KMP	Remuneration of Director/ KMP for financial year 2024- 25	Ratio of remuneration of each Director/KMP to median remuneration of employees	% increase in Remuneration of each Director, chief executive officer, chief financial officer, company secretary	% increase in the median remuneration of employees in the financial year 2024-25:
1	Mr. Rajesh Paliwal	Nil	NA	NA	
	(Non- Executive Non Independent Director)				
3	Babika Goel (Independent Director)	Nil	NA	NA	
4	Shweta Bansal* (Independent Director)	Nil	NA	NA	
3	Kanishka Singhal (Independent Director)	Nil	NA	NA	50.55%
4	Sagar Tanwar (Independent Director)	Nil	NA	NA	
5	Santosh Kumar Jha (Whole Time Director)	19,91,000	2.75:1	8.39	
7	Bhumika Chadha (Company Secretary)	5,17,182	0.71:1	36.35	
8	Satyajit Pradhan (Chief Financial Officer)	6,27,278	0.87:1	23.16	

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Ms. Shweta Bansal was appointed as an Independent Director w.e.f. February 13, 2025.

- The median remuneration of employees of the Company was Rs. **7,24,501 p.a**.
- ii. For this purpose, Sitting Fees paid and Consultancy fees to the Directors have not been considered as remuneration.
- iii. Figures have been rounded off wherever necessary.

The number of permanent employees on the rolls of Company as on March	8
31, 2025	
Average Increase/ (decrease) in the salaries of employees other than the	50.55%
Managerial Personnel in the Financial Year 2024-25 and its comparison with	
the percentage increase in the Managerial Remuneration and justification	
thereof.	
Affirmation that Remuneration paid by the company is as per the	It is hereby affirmed that the remuneration paid is as per the Remuneration Policy for Directors, Key
Remuneration policy of the company	Managerial Personnel and other Employees.

By Order of the Board For MPDL LIMITED

Sd/-

Rajesh Paliwal Chairperson

DIN: 03098155

Sd/-Santosh Kumar Jha Whole Time Director DIN: 10052694

Place: Gurugram Date: 13.08.2025

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PARTICULARS OF EMPLOYEES DRAWING REMUNERATION IN EXCESS OF THE LIMITS SET OUT IN RULE 5(2)&(3) OF COMPANIES (APPOINTMENT AND REMUNERATION OF MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL) RULES, 2014, AS AMENDED, AND FORMING PART OF THE DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED ON MARCH 31, 2025 THE NAME OF TOP 10 EMPLOYEES IN TERMS OF REMUNERATION DRAWN:-

Name of the employee	Mr. Santosh Kumar Jha	Mr. Sanjay Kumar	Mr. Kunal Kapoor	Mrs. Gurjeet Karray	Mr. Satyajit Pradhan	Mr. Prabhat Singh	Ms. Bhumika Chadha	Mr. Gautam Kumar Dev
Designation of the Employee;	DGM Project	Manager Civil	Asst. Manager	Manager HR & Admin	Account Executive and CFO	Supervisor	Company Secretary	Site Supervisor
Remuneration Received;	19,91,000	12,38.936	8,57,990	8,21,724	6,27,278	5,00,318	5,17,182	4,95,945
Qualifications and Experience of the Employee;	B.E Civil 24 years	Diploma 24 Years	Graduate 15 Years	B.Com 20 Years	B.B.A 11 Years	Graduate 17 Years	Company Secretary 8 years	B.Com 25 years
Date of Commencemen t of Employment;	18.10.2019	01.02.2017	15.09.2017	01.11.2019	01.10.2019	01.02.2017	17.07.2023	13.09.2019
The age of such Employee;	51 Years	49 Years	38 Years	42 Years	34 Years	39 Years	32 Years	57 Years
The last Employment held by such Employee before joining the Company;	Unity Group Ltd.	Supertech Ltd.	Investor Clinic	Galaxy Magnum Infraheights Ltd.	Glo-Tech Enterprises Pvt Ltd	Amrapali Ltd.	Rimjhim Ispat Limited	GN TIJARAT International Ltd.

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The Percentage	Nil							
of Equity								
Shares held by								
the Employee								
in the								
Company								

Notes:

- a) None of the above employees/Director is related to any Director of the Company.
- b) The nature of employment in all cases is permanent.
- c) The Company has no employees posted and working in a country outside India
- A. Employed throughout the year and were in receipt of remuneration of not less than Rs. 1,02,00,000 (One crore and two lacs) Per Annum-NIL
- B. Employed throughout the year and were in receipt of remuneration of not less than Rs. 8,50,000 (Eight Lakh and Fifty Thousand) Per Month- 2
- C. Employed throughout the financial year ended on March 31, 2025 or part thereof was in receipt of Remuneration in that year which, in the aggregate, or as the case may be, at a rate which, in the aggregate is in excess of that drawn by the Managing Director or WTD or Manager and holds by himself or along with his spouse and dependent children, not less 2% of the equity shares of the company- NIL

By Order of the Board For MPDL LIMITED

Sd/-

Rajesh Paliwal Chairperson

DIN: 03098155

Sd/-

Santosh Kumar Jha Whole Time Director

DIN: 10052694

Place: Gurugram Date: 13.08.2025

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"CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT"

The Directors present Corporate Governance Report for the year ended March 31, 2025, in terms of Regulation 34(3) read with Schedule V of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 (the "SEBI Listing Regulations")

Corporate Governance is modus operandi of governing a corporate entity which includes a set of systems, procedures and practices which ensure that the Company is managed in the best interest of all corporate stakeholders i.e. shareholders, employees, suppliers, customers and society in general. Fundamentals of Corporate Governance include transparency, accountability, reporting and independence. For accomplishment of the objectives of ensuring fair Corporate Governance, the Government of India has put in place a framework based on the stipulations contained under the Companies Act, SEBI Regulations, Accounting Standards, Secretarial Standards, etc.

1. COMPANY'S PHILOSOPHY ON CODE OF GOVERNANCE

The Company believes that Corporate Governance is a set of guidelines to help fulfill its responsibilities to all its stakeholders. The Company is committed to sound corporate practices based on conscience, openness, fairness, professionalism and accountability in building confidence of its various stakeholders in it thereby paving the way for its long term success. The Company further exercises its fiduciary responsibilities in the widest sense of the term. In the same spirit, timely and accurate disclosure of information regarding the financial position, performance, ownership and governance of the company is an important part of the Company's Corporate Governance.

The Board of Directors, guided by above philosophy, formulate strategies and policies having focus on optimizing value for various stakeholders like consumers, shareholders and the society at large. Your Company's Corporate Governance framework ensures that we share correct information regarding financials and performance as well as business of the Company.

The Company has complied with the requirements of the Corporate Governance as laid down under Chapter IV of the SEBI Listing Regulations during the year under review.

2. BOARD OF DIRECTORS

A. Composition & Category of Directors

The Company well recognize that an effective Board of Directors is a pre-requisite for strong and effective corporate governance. Our Board and Committees thereof are formed as per requirement of Companies Act, 2013 read with SEBI Listing Regulations which oversees how the Management serves and protects the interests of all the stakeholders.

The Company has a strong and a broad-based Composition of Directors on its Board which consists of Five Directors with adequate blend of Professionals, Executive, Non-Executive Independent and a Woman Director which brings diversity on the Board. The Chairperson of the Company is a non-executive director.

The category wise composition of Board of Directors under Regulation 17 of the SEBI Listing Regulations as on March 31, 2025 is as under:

S. No.	Category	Number of Directors
1	Executive Director	1
2	Non-Executive, Independent Director (including a	3

	women)	
3	Other Non-Executive Director	1
Total		5

None of the Non-Executive Directors are and were responsible for the day to day affairs of the Company during the period under review.

The details of each member of the Board along with the number of Directorship/Committee Membership in other Companies as at March 31, 2025 are as follows:-

Name & DIN of Director	Category of Director	Directorship s in other Companies (Other than MPDL	Name of other** Listed entity where the person is director and category of directorship	in other Comp this Listed Er Private Compa Foreign C	tee Memberships panies including atity (excluding nies, Section 8 & Companies)
		Limited)		As Member	As Chairman
Mr. Rajesh Paliwal (DIN 03098155)	Non- Independent Non- Executive Director, Chairman	8	Nil	0	0
Mr. Santosh Kumar Jha (DIN 10052694)	Executive Director	0	Nil	0	0
Mr. Sagar Tanwar (DIN 10137884)	Independent Non- Executive Director	2	Nil	4	3
Ms. Babika Goel (DIN 07060202)	Independent Non- Executive Director	2	MONIND Limited Independent Director	5	1
Ms. Shweta Bansal* (DIN 07060202)	Independent Non- Executive Director	3	NIL	0	0
Ms. Kanishka Singhal** (DIN 10741218)	Independent Non- Executive Director	Nil	Nil	0	0

^{*}Appointed as Women Independent Director w.e.f. February 13, 2025

^{**}Appointed as Women Independent Director w.e.f. August 13, 2024 and ceased to be Women Independent Director w.e.f. October 21, 2024

**Notes:

- ✓ Only names of listed entities has been disclosed where the Director of our company is director along with its category.
- ✓ The Committees considered for the purpose are those prescribed under Regulation 26 of the Listing Regulations viz. Audit Committee and Stakeholders' Relationship Committee of Indian Public Limited Companies (including MPDL Limited)
- ✓ Directorships in other public Companies and Committee Memberships details are based on the disclosures received from the directors, as on March 31, 2025.
- ✓ Directorship in other Companies excludes Foreign Companies and Membership of Companies under Section 8 of the Companies Act, 2013.
- ✓ None of the Directors appointed or continue its Directorship, in the category of Non- Executive, who has attained the age of seventy five years without the approval of members with 3/4th majority.

B. Attendance of Directors

During the Financial year 2024-2025, 5 (Five) Board meetings were held: May 30, 2024, August 13, 2024, November 13, 2024, February 13, 2025 and March 04, 2025. The Time gap between two consecutive board meetings was not more than 120 days. The last Annual General Meeting of the company was held on 27th September, 2024.

The details of attendance of Directors at the Board Meetings and Annual General Meeting held during the year ended March 31, 2025 are given below:—

Note:	"A"	' denotes	Absence	and '	P "	denotes	Presence	in	the	meeting.

Name of Director(s)	30.05.2024	13.08.2024	13.11.2024	13.02.2025	04.03.2025	Whether attended last AGM
Mr. Rajesh Paliwal (DIN 03098155)	P	Р	P	P	P	Yes
Ms. Babika Goel (DIN: 07060202)	Р	A	A	A	A	Yes
Mr. Santosh Kumar Jha (DIN: 10052694)	Р	Р	Р	P	Р	Yes
Mr. Sagar Tanwar (DIN: 10137884)	P	Р	P	P	P	Yes
Ms. Shweta Bansal* (DIN: 08396474)	NA	NA	NA	NA	P	NA
Ms. Kanishka Singhal** (DIN: 10741218)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	Yes

^{*}Ms. Shweta Bansal was appointed as Women Independent Director w.e.f. February 13, 2025.

- **C.** The Board of Directors meets at least once in a quarter to review the Company's performance and more often, if considered necessary, to transact any other business.
- **D.** In opinion of the Board, all the Independent Directors fulfills the criteria of being independent as mentioned under Regulation 16(1)(b) of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations And Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("SEBI Listing Regulations") read with Section 149(6) of the Companies Act, 2013 and are independent of the management. The maximum tenure of Independent Directors is determined in accordance with the Companies Act, 2013. The

^{**}Appointed as Women Independent Director w.e.f. August 13, 2024 and ceased to be Women Independent Director w.e.f. October 21, 2024

Independent Directors have also confirmed that they meet with the criteria of independence laid down under the provisions of Companies Act, 2013 and the SEBI Listing Regulations.

- **E.** During the year, a meeting of Independent Directors was held on May 29, 2025. The Independent Directors, inter-alia, reviewed the performance of non-independent directors, Chairman of the Company and the Board as a whole. The Independent Directors also reviewed the quality, quantity and timeliness of flow of information between the Management and the Board and it's Committees which is necessary to effectively and reasonably perform and discharge their duties.
- **F.** The Company has issued formal letter of appointment to Independent Directors in the manner as provided in the Companies Act, 2013 and the terms and conditions of such appointment is disclosed on the website of the Company i.e. https://www.mpdl.co.in/wp-content/uploads/2025/04/T-C-of-Appointment-of-Non-Executive-Independent-Directors.pdf
- **G.** The Company has also formulated familiarization programs to familiarize the Independent Directors with the Company, their roles, rights, responsibilities in the Company, nature of the industry in which the Company operates etc. The details of such familiarization programs are also available on the website of the Company viz https://www.mpdl.co.in/wp-content/uploads/2025/04/Familiarization-Programme-for-Independent-Directors.pdf
- H. Core Skills/Expertise/Competencies of Board of Directors

The Board of Directors has reviewed, identified and taken on record following available skills/expertise/competence of the Board of Directors as required in the context of business(es) and sector(s) for it to function effectively:

Broad Categori es of skills	Core skills / expertise/ competencies Identified by the Board	Ms. Babika Goel	Mr. Sagar Tanwar	Mr. Santosh Kumar Jha	Mr. Rajesh Paliwal	Ms. Shweta Bansal
	a) Knowledge of Real	V		V	√	V
Knowledge			,		,	,
	b) Knowledge of public policy direction		V	V	$\sqrt{}$	V
Technical Knowledge	c) General Understanding of government legislation/ legislation process with respect to governance of the Board affairs. a) Accounting and Finance	√ 	√ ·	√ √	√ √	√ √
in one or	- 6					,
more areas	b) General Understanding of Laws applicable to the Company and sector	V	√ 		V	V
	c) Marketing					$\sqrt{}$
	d) Information Technology	$\sqrt{}$	√	$\sqrt{}$		
	e) Experience in			$\sqrt{}$		

	developing and implementing risk management systems f) Strategy development and implementation	V	V		V	V
Governanc e		V		V	V	V
	b) Compliance focus	√	√	V	√	V
	c) Executive Performance Management			V	V	V
Behavioral	a) Ability and willingness to challenge board issues and matters	V	V	√	√	√
	b) Integrity and high ethical standards;	V	V	√	V	V
	c) Understanding of effective decision making	V	V	√	V	V
	d) Willingness and ability to devote time and energy	V	V	V	V	V
	e) Mentoring abilities				$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$

- I. None of the directors is a member of more than ten committees or acts as the chairman of more than five committees in all Public Companies in which they are Director. Necessary disclosures regarding Committee positions in other Public Companies as on March 31, 2025 have been made by the Director. Also, none of the Independent Directors serve as Independent Director in more than seven listed companies.
- **J.** Mr. Sagar Tanwar, Chairman of the Audit Committee and Stakeholders Relationship Committee, and Ms. Babika Goel, Chairperson of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee, attended the Annual General Meeting.
- **K.** None of the Non-Executive Directors of the Company hold any shares or convertible instruments in the Company.
- L. None of the Directors on the Board of the Company have been debarred from accessing the capital markets or restrained from holding the position of Director in any listed company by virtue of any SEBI order or order of any other authority.
- **M.** There are no inter se relationships between the Directors of the Company.

N. Resignation by Independent Director

Ms. Kaniska Singhal, Non-Executive Woman Independent Director, resigned from the Board of Directors of the Company on 21st October 2024 due to personal reasons. She confirmed that there were no material reasons for her resignation other than those stated in her resignation letter dated 21st October 2024.

O. ANNUAL PERFORMANCE EVALUATION & ITS CRITERIA

Pursuant to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and Regulation 17(10) read with Regulation 25 (4) of the Listing Regulations and Guidance Note issued by SEBI Circular dated January 05, 2017, the Board has carried out the annual performance evaluation of its own performance, the Directors individually including independent directors as well as the evaluation of the working of its Audit, Nomination and Remuneration and Other Committees constituted as per Companies Act, 2013.

The Board has adopted Board Evaluation Policy for carrying out the evaluation of the Board as whole, the Board Committees and individual Directors. In accordance with the said policy/criteria a set of evaluation factors were prepared after taking into consideration inputs received from the Directors, covering various aspects of the Board's functioning such as adequacy of the composition of the Board and its Committees, Board culture, execution and performance of specific duties, obligations and governance.

A separate exercise was carried out to evaluate the performance of Individual Directors including the Chairman of the Board, who were evaluated on parameters such as level of engagement and contribution, independence of judgment safeguarding the interest of the Company and its minority shareholders etc. The performance evaluation of the Chairman and the Non Independent Directors was carried out by the Independent Directors.

The performance evaluation criteria for Independent Directors are determined by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee. An indicative list of factors that may be evaluated include participation and contribution by a director, commitment, effective deployment of knowledge and expertise, effective management of relationship with stakeholders, integrity and maintenance of confidentiality and independence of behavior and judgment. The performance evaluation of Independent Directors was done by the entire Board of Directors and in the evaluation the directors who are subject to evaluation had not participated.

The Directors expressed their satisfaction with the evaluation process and evaluation results.

3. BOARD COMMITTEES

The Board of Directors have constituted Board Committees to deal with specific areas and activities which concern the Company and requires a closer review. The Board Committees are formed with the approval of the Board and function under their respective Charters. These Committees play an important role in the overall management of day-to-day affairs and governance of the Company. The Board Committees meet at a regular interval and take necessary steps to perform its duties entrusted by the Board. The Minutes of the Committee meetings are also placed before the Board in the next board meeting for noting. The Board currently has following Committees:

A. Audit Committee

Audit Committee of the Board of Directors ("the Audit Committee") is entrusted with the responsibility to supervise the Company's internal controls and financial reporting process. The composition, quorum, powers, role and scope are in accordance with Section 177 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the provisions the Listing Regulations.

✓ Brief Description of Charter/terms of reference of Audit Committee

The primary objective of the Audit Committee is to monitor and provide an effective supervision of the management's financial reporting process, to ensure accurate and timely disclosures, with the highest levels of transparency, integrity and quality of financial reporting. The Committee also oversees the work carried out in the financial reporting process by the management, the internal auditor, the statutory auditor, the cost auditor and the secretarial auditor and notes the processes and safeguards employed by each of them.

The terms of reference of the audit committee, inter-alia, includes:

- i) oversight of the Company's financial reporting process and the disclosure of its financial information submitted to the stock exchanges, regulatory authorities or the public.
- ii) recommendation for appointment, remuneration and terms of appointment of auditors of the Company and Approval of payment for any other services rendered by the statutory auditors;
- iii) approval of payment to statutory auditors for any other services rendered by the statutory auditors;
- iv) reviewing with the Management the annual financial statements and Auditors' Report thereon before submission to the Board for approval with particular reference to:
 - a) matters required to be included in the director's responsibility statement to be included in the board's report in terms of clause (c) of sub-section (3) of Section 134 of the Companies Act, 2013;
 - b) changes, if any, in accounting policies and practices and reasons for the same;
 - c) major accounting entries involving estimates based on the exercise of judgment by management;
 - d) significant adjustments made in the financial statements arising out of audit findings;
 - e) compliance with listing and other legal requirements relating to financial statements;
 - f) disclosure of any related party transactions:
 - g) modified opinion(s) in the draft audit report;
- v) reviewing, with the management, the quarterly financial statements before submission to the board for approval;
- vi) reviewing, with the management, the statement of uses / application of funds raised through an issue (public issue, rights issue, preferential issue, etc.), the statement of funds utilized for purposes other than those stated in the offer document / prospectus / notice and the report submitted by the monitoring agency monitoring the utilisation of proceeds of a public or rights issue, and making appropriate recommendations to the board to take up steps in this matter;
- vii) reviewing and monitoring the auditor's independence and performance, and effectiveness of audit process;
- viii) approval or any subsequent modification of transactions of the listed entity with related parties;
 - ix) scrutiny of inter-corporate loans and investments;
- x) valuation of undertakings or assets of the listed entity, wherever it is necessary;
- xi) evaluation of internal financial controls and risk management systems;
- xii) reviewing, with the management, performance of statutory and internal auditors, adequacy of the internal control systems;
- xiii) reviewing the adequacy of internal audit function, if any, including the structure of the internal audit department, staffing and seniority of the official heading the department, reporting structure coverage and frequency of internal audit;
- xiv) discussion with internal auditors of any significant findings and follow up there on;
- xv) reviewing the findings of any internal investigations by the internal auditors into matters where there is suspected fraud or irregularity or a failure of internal control systems of a material nature and reporting the matter to the board;

- xvi) discussion with statutory auditors before the audit commences, about the nature and scope of audit as well as post-audit discussion to ascertain any area of concern;
- xvii) to look into the reasons for substantial defaults in the payment to the depositors, debenture holders, shareholders (in case of non-payment of declared dividends) and creditors;
- xviii) to review the functioning of the whistle blower mechanism;
- xix) Approval of appointment of Chief Financial Officer after assessing the qualifications, experience and background, and other relevant credentials of the candidate;
- xx) Carrying out any other function as is mentioned in the terms of reference of the audit committee.
- xxi) reviewing the utilization of loans and/ or advances or investment by the holding company in the subsidiary exceeding rupees 100 crore or 10% of the asset size of the subsidiary, whichever is lower including existing loans / advances / investments existing as on the date of coming into force of this provision;
- xxii) The role of the Committee shall stand modified with reference to amendments to the provisions of SEBI Listing Regulations, the Companies Act 2013 and any other applicable regulations and amendments thereof and the Committee shall discharge its role accordingly from time to time;
- xxiii) The Audit Committee of the Company shall review compliance with the provisions of the SEBI (Prohibition of Insider Trading) (Amendment) Regulations, 2018 ('Amended Regulations') at least once in a financial year and shall verify on the effectiveness of the systems for internal control are adequate and are operating effectively on following parameters;
- xxiv) Review the Management Discussion & Analysis of financial and operational performance.
- xxv) Discuss with the Statutory Auditors its judgment about the quality and appropriateness of the Company's accounting principles.
- xxvi) review the investments made by the Company.

✓ Composition of Audit Committee

The Audit Committee of the Board of Directors is constituted in line with the provisions of Regulation 18 of the SEBI Listing Regulations read with Section 177 of the Companies Act, 2013.

All members of the Audit Committee are financially literate and possess expertise in the fields of Finance, Taxation, Economics, Risk Management and International Finance. The Committee operates as per its charter/terms of reference, which define its role, responsibilities, authority, and reporting obligations.

As at March 31, 2025, the Audit Committee Comprises of:

S. No.	Name of Director	Designation
1	Mr. Sagar Tanwar	Chairman
2	Ms. Babika Goel	Member
3	Mr. Rajesh Paliwal	Member

The Chairman of the Committee, Mr. Sagar Tanwar, is an Independent Director. The Company Secretary acts as Secretary to the Committee.

The Audit Committee invites such executives, as it considers appropriate, representatives of Statutory Auditors and representatives of Internal Auditors to attend the meetings.

✓ Audit Committee Meetings and Attendance :

The Audit Committee met four times during the Financial Year 2024-25. The maximum gap between two meetings was not more than 120 days. The necessary quorum was present in the meeting. The table below provides the Attendance of the Audit Committee members:

Note: "A" denotes Absence and "P" denotes Presence in the meeting.

Name of Members				
	30.05.2024	13.08.2024	13.11.2024	13.02.2025
Mr. Sagar Tanwar, Chairman	Р	Р	Р	Р
Mr. Rajesh Paliwal, Member	P	P	P	P
Ms. Babika Goel, Member	P	P	P	P

✓ Internal Controls and Governance Processes

The Company consistently invests in enhancing its internal control systems and governance framework. A comprehensive internal audit plan is formulated jointly by the Audit Committee and the Chief Financial Officer. This plan is reviewed and monitored at regular intervals during the Audit Committee meetings to ensure its effective implementation and alignment with regulatory requirements and business objectives.

✓ Risk Management

The Company is not mandatorily required to constitute a Risk Management Committee. However, the Audit Committee and the Board of Directors periodically review the risks associated with the Company's operations and implement appropriate measures to mitigate them.

B. Nomination and Remuneration Committee

The Nomination and Remuneration Committed (NRC) comprises three directors, including two independent non-executive directors and one professional director. Chairman of the NRC is an independent non-executive director. The composition of the NRC is in line with section 178 of the Act and regulation 19 of the Listing Regulations. The Company Secretary acts as secretary to the Committee.

All recommendations made by the NRC during Financial Year 2024-25 were accepted by the Board. The NRC looks at all matters pertaining to the appointment and remuneration of the Managing Director & CEO, the Executive Directors, Key Managerial Personnel, Senior Management and administration of the ESOP schemes of the Company.

The terms of reference of the NRC, inter- alia, includes:

- i) Formulation of the criteria for determining qualifications, positive attributes and independence of a Director and recommend to the Board of Directors a policy relating to, the remuneration of the directors, key managerial personnel and other employees;
- **ii)** Formulation of criteria for evaluation of performance of independent directors and the board of directors;
- iii) devising a policy on diversity of board of directors;

- iv) identifying persons who are qualified to become directors and who may be appointed in senior management in accordance with the criteria laid down, and recommend to the board of directors their appointment and removal.
- v) whether to extend or continue the term of appointment of the Independent Director, on the basis of the report of performance evaluation of Independent Directors.
- vi) recommend to the board, all remuneration, in whatever form, payable to senior management.

✓ Composition of NRC

In compliance with Section 178 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Regulation 19 of SEBI Listing Regulation, the Board has constituted its NRC.

As on March 31, 2025, the NRC Comprises of:

S. No.	Name of Director	Designation
1	Ms. Babika Goel	Chairman
2	Mr. Rajesh Paliwal	Member
3	Mr. Sagar Tanwar	Member

The Company Secretary of the Company acts as Secretary to the Committee.

✓ Meeting and Attendance:

During the financial year 2024-25, total three meetings of the committee was held. The details of the Members participation at the Meetings of the Committee are as under:

Note: "A" denotes Absence and "P" denotes Presence in the meeting.

Name of Members			
	30.05.2024	13.08.2024	13.02.2025
Ms. Babika Goel, Chairman	P	P	P
Mr. Rajesh Paliwal, Member	P	P	P
Mr. Sagar Tanwar, Member	P	P	P

Nomination and Remuneration Policy:

The Company has also adopted the Nomination and Remuneration Policy for the Company in compliance with Regulation 19 of the Listing Regulation read with Provisions of Section 178 of the Companies Act, 2013. This policy is intended to ensure fairness in the remuneration of existing and new employees of the Company.

The said policy of the Company which has the criteria for making payment to Non- Executive Directors and other senior management is available on the website of the company i.e. www.mpdl.co.in and same can be accessed at https://www.mpdl.co.in/codes-policies-others/.

The objective and purpose of this policy is as follows:

 To lay down criteria and terms and conditions with regard to identifying persons who are qualified to become Directors (Executive and Non-Executive) and persons who may be appointed in Senior Management and Key Managerial positions and to determine remuneration of such Directors, Key Managerial personnel and Other employees.

- ii) To determine remuneration based on the Company's size and financial position and trends and practices on remuneration prevailing in peer companies in the steel industry.
- iii) To provide them reward linked directly to their efforts, performance, dedication and achievement relating to the Company's operations.
- iv) To retain, motivate and promote talent and to ensure long term sustainability of talented managerial persons and create competitive advantage.

✓ Details of Remuneration Paid to Directors for the Year ended March 31, 2025

i) Non-Executive Directors

The Non-Executive Directors including Independent Directors do not have any pecuniary relationship or transactions with the Company. They are paid only the Sitting Fees for each of the meeting of the Board of Directors attended by them. The Details of Sitting fees paid to them during the Financial year 2024-25 are as under:-

Name of Directors	Sitting Fees paid for attending Board Meetings (Rs.)	ESOP granted (No. of Shares)
Ms. Babika Goel	1000	NIL
Ms. Shweta Bansal	15000	NIL
Mr. Rajesh Paliwal	13000	NIL
Mr. Sagar Tanwar	61000	NIL
Ms. Kanishka Singhal*	NIL	NIL

^{*}Appointed as Women Independent Director w.e.f. August 13, 2024 and ceased to be Women Independent Director w.e.f. October 21, 2024.

No sitting fees were paid to any director for attending any committee meeting.

The Company has framed terms and conditions for appointment of Independent directors which is placed on its website as per the requirements of the Act and SEBI Listing Regulations.

Further, the Company has also framed the criteria for making payment to its Non - executive directors which forms the part of Nomination and Remuneration Policy of the Company and the same is placed on its website and can be accessed at https://www.mpdl.co.in/codes-policies-others/.

ii) Executive Directors

Remuneration of Executive Directors is decided by the Board based on recommendation of NRC within the ceiling fixed by the Shareholders and permissible under the Act and other relevant laws and regulations. Remuneration paid to the Executive Directors during the year ended March 31, 2025 and the disclosures as per the requirement of Schedule V of the Act and SEBI Listing Regulations, are as follows:

The Details of Remuneration paid to Executive Director during the Financial year 2024-25 are as under:-

Name of the Directors & Designation of Director	Salary (Rs in lacs)	Stock Option (No. of Shares)	Perquisites	Commission	Bonuses
Mr. Santosh Kumar Jha	20.00	NIL	Nil	Nil	Nil

✓ Shareholding and Pecuniary Relationship of Non-Executive Directors :

As on March 31, 2025, none of non-executive directors hold any shares in the Company. Further, there has been no pecuniary relationship or transactions of the non-executive directors' vis-à-vis the Company during the financial year 2024-25 except the sitting fees paid for meetings of the Board of Directors attended by them.

✓ Stock Option Scheme :

The Company does not have any Stock Option Scheme for its employees and Directors.

C. Stakeholders' Relationship Committee

The Stakeholders' Relationship Committee is constituted in line with the provisions of Regulation 20 of SEBI Listing Regulations read with section 178(5) of the Companies Act, 2013. The Board has clearly defined the terms of reference for this Committee, which generally meets once in a quarter.

✓ Terms of Reference :

The Committee looks into the matters of Shareholders / Investors grievances along with other matters listed below:

- Resolving the grievances of the security holders of the listed entity including complaints related
 to transfer/transmission of shares, non-receipt of annual report, non-receipt of declared
 dividends, issue of new/duplicate certificates, general meetings etc. Review of measures taken
 for effective exercise of voting rights by shareholders.
- Review of adherence to the service standards adopted by the listed entity in respect of various services being rendered by the Registrar & Share Transfer Agent.

Review of the various measures and initiatives taken by the listed entity for reducing the quantum of unclaimed dividends and ensuring timely receipt of dividend warrants/annual reports/statutory notices by the shareholders of the company.

✓ Composition of Stakeholders' Relationship Committee

As at March 31, 2025, the Stakeholders Relationship Committee Comprises of:

S. No.	Name of Director	Designation
1	Mr. Sagar Tanwar	Chairman
2	Ms. Babika Goel	Member
3	Mr, Rajesh Paliwal	Member

The Company Secretary of the Company acts as Secretary to the Committee.

✓ Meeting and Attendance:

During the financial year 2024-25, total three meetings of the committee were held. Details of the Members participation at the Meetings of the Committee during the financial year end are as under:

Note: "A" denotes Absence and "P" denotes Presence in the meeting.

Name of Members		
	13.08.2024	13.02.2025
Mr. Sagar Tanwar, Chairman	P	P
Mr. Rajesh Paliwal, Member	P	P
Ms. Babika Goel, Member	P	P

✓ Name and Designation of Compliance officer :

The details of Compliance officer as at March 31, 2025:

Name : Ms. Bhumika Chadha

Designation : Company Secretary & Compliance Officer

Corporate Address : Unit No. 12, GF, Magnum Tower-1

Sector - 58, Gurugram,

Haryana - 122011

Phone : 0124 -4222434-35

E-mail : complianceofficer@mpdl.co.in

✓ <u>Details of the Shareholder's complaints received, redressed/pending during the financial year 2024-25:</u>

The details of total number of complaints received; resolved/pending during the financial year 2024-25 is as follow:-

Particulars	No. of Complaints
Number of complaints received from the investors (including the opening Balance as on April 01, 2024) comprising of Non-receipt of Dividend Warrants where reconciliation is completed after end of the quarter, securities sent for transfer and transmission, annual report & complaints received from Regulatory/Statutory Bodies	
Number of complaints resolved to the satisfaction of shareholders	Nil
Complaints Pending as at March 31, 2025	Nil

The above table also includes Complaints received from SEBI SCORES by the Company.

The Complaints are handled by Company's Registrars and Share Transfer Agents MCS Share Transfer Agent Ltd., New Delhi. The Stakeholder Relationship Committee monitors the complaints and other activities and also helps in resolving grievances wherever needed. A firm of Practicing Company

Secretaries conducts the audit on quarterly basis and submits Capital Reconciliation Audit Report and the same is submitted to the Stock Exchange.

D. Other Board Committees

i. **Executive Committee Meeting:**

The Executive Committee was formed to deal with urgent matters requiring immediate action of the Board of Directors before a meeting of the Board could be convened. The Minutes of the Executive Committee are placed in front of Board for their review and noting. As on March 31, 2025, the Composition of Executive Committee of Directors comprises of:

S. No. Name of Director		Designation	
1 Mr. Santosh Kumar Jha		Chairman	
2	Mr. Rajesh Paliwal	Member	

ii. Finance Committee Meeting:

The Finance Committee was formed to deal with Finance and Loans related matters requiring immediate action of the Board of Directors before a meeting of the Board could be convened. The Minutes of the Finance Committee are placed in front of Board for their review and noting. As on March 31, 2025, the Composition of Finance Committee of Directors comprises of:

S. No. Name of Director		Designation	
1 Mr. Sagar Tanwar		Chairman	
2	Mr. Rajesh Paliwal	Member	

4. GENERAL BODY MEETINGS

The details of last three Annual General Meetings/ and or Extra Ordinary General Meetings and Special Resolution passed there at are as given below:

Date & Time	General	Venue	Details of Special Resolution Passed
	Meeting		
27 th September,	22 nd	Meeting was held through video	1. To appoint Ms. Kanishka Singhal
2024 at 03:30	AGM	conferencing so registered office	(DIN:10741218) as a Non-
p.m.		shall be deemed venue i.e11/7,	Executive Independent Director of
		Mathura Road, Sector-37,	the Company
		Faridabad- 121 003.	
28 th September,	21 st	Meeting was held through video	-
2023 at 03:30	AGM	conferencing so registered office	
p.m.		shall be deemed venue i.e11/7,	
		Mathura Road, Sector-37,	
		Faridabad- 121 003.	
28 th September,	20^{th}	Meeting was held through video	1. To Approve the Appointment of
2022 at 03.30	AGM	conferencing so registered office	Mr. Sanjeev Mittal (DIN:
p.m.		shall be deemed venue i.e11/7,	00223108) as a Director of the
		Mathura Road, Sector-37,	Company in the category of Non-
		Faridabad- 121 003.	Executive Independent Director of
			the Company.

		2.	2.	To enter int	o a S	Supplem	ent I	Loan
				Agreement	u/s	62(3)	of	the
				Companies A	Act, 2	013.		

✓ Extra Ordinary General Meeting

No Extra-Ordinary General Meetings of the members was held during year 2025.

✓ Disclosures Related to Postal Ballot

During the financial year 2024–25, the Company conducted one Postal Ballot process in compliance with the provisions of Regulation 44 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, and in accordance with Section 108, read with Section 110 and other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014, for seeking shareholders' approval on the following item of special business:

• To appoint Ms. Shweta Bansal (DIN: 08396474) as a Non-Executive Women Independent Director of the Company

The special resolution was passed with the requisite majority on April 11, 2025, and the results were declared on April 15, 2025.

The Company ensured compliance with all statutory requirements regarding the Postal Ballot process, including e-voting facilities to shareholders in accordance with the applicable rules and regulations.

Persons responsible for conducting the postal ballot exercise:

Mr. Rajesh Paliwal, Chairperson, Mr. Satyajit Pradhan, CFO and Ms. Bhumika Chadha, Company Secretary of the Company, were appointed as persons responsible for conducting postal ballot process in a fair and transparent manner. Mr. Kapil Dev Taneja, Practicing Company Secretary (Membership No. F4019 & Certificate of Practice No. 22944), M/s Sanjay Grover & Associates, Company Secretaries (FRN P2001DE052900) as Scrutinizer for conducting the Postal Ballot process, in a fair and transparent manner and services of M/s National Securities Depository Limited ("NSDL") was engaged as an Agency for the purpose of providing e-voting facility.

A detailed procedure followed by the Company for conducting the Postal Ballot process is provided hereunder:

Procedure followed for postal ballot:

• The Company issued the Postal Ballot Notice dated March 04, 2025, for the above-mentioned resolution. The draft resolution together with the explanatory statement setting out the material facts was sent through e-mail to all members of the Company whose names appear on the Register of Members/list of Beneficial Owners on the Cut-Off Date i.e. Friday, March 07, 2025 and who have registered their email addresses with the Company or Depository / Depository Participants.

As per Section 108 and Section 110 read with Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014 ("Rules") read with the General Circular No.14/2020 dated 8th April 2020 read with General Circular No.17/2020 dated 13th April 2020, and General Circular No.09/2023 dated September 25, 2023 issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs, Government of India (the "MCA Circulars") and as per provisions of SEBI Listing Regulations, e-voting facility was provided to the Shareholders to cast their votes electronically instead of physical mode. Further, the Postal Ballot Notice was also placed

at the Company website was made available on the website of NSDL and was also sent to the Stock Exchanges.

- E-voting was provided from Thursday, March 13, 2025 (9:00 A.M. IST) and ended on Friday, April 11, 2025 (5:00 P.M. IST).
- The Company also published the Postal Ballot Notice in the newspaper i.e. Financial Express (English Newspaper) and Jansatta (Hindi Newspaper) declaring the details and requirements as mandated by the Act and Rules. Further, the newspaper publication of the Postal Ballot Notice was also placed at the Company website.
- Voting Rights were reckoned on the paid up value of the shares registered in the names of the Members/ Beneficial Owner as on the Cut-Off date.
- Mr. Kapil Dev Taneja, scrutinizer, submitted his report on Monday, April 14, 2025.
- The result of the Postal Ballot was declared on Tuesday, April 15, 2025 and displayed on the notice board at the registered office of the Company. The date of receipt of approval i.e. Monday, April 14, 2025 of the requisite majority of shareholders by means of e-voting has been taken as the date of passing of the resolution.
- The result of the postal ballot was placed at the website of the Company besides being communicated to the Stock Exchange and Registrar and Share Transfer Agent.

Details of Voting Pattern of Postal Ballot:

After scrutinizing all votes received, the scrutinizer reported as under:

Particulars	Spe Numb	Percentage of total net valid votes casted		
	Remote e-Voting Postal Ballot Total			
Assent	5838935		5838935	99.9992
Dissent	47	NA	47	0.0008
Total	5838982		5838982	100

No Special Resolution requiring Postal Ballot is being proposed to be conducted as on date of this Report.

5. MEANS OF COMMUNICATION

a) The company publishes quarterly results and circulates the same to stock exchanges and sends the annual report to all the shareholders within the timelines prescribed under Companies Act, 2013 and SEBI Listing regulations. The company also posts quarterly results, entire annual report and shareholding pattern on the website of the company besides sending complete annual report to the shareholders.

b) Name of the newspapers wherein financial results are normally published

The quarterly and annual financial results are normally published in "Financial Express" (English Language) and "Jansatta" (Vernacular/Hindi Language) in accordance with the SEBI Listing Regulations and the same is disclosed to Stock Exchange.

- c) The Company also ensures that financial results are promptly and prominently displayed on Company's www.mpdl.co.in/
- d) The Company also ensures that the details of its business, financial information, shareholding pattern, compliance with corporate governance, contact information of the designated officials of the company who are responsible for assisting and handling investor grievances, details of agreements entered into with media companies and/or their associates, if any, and other information as required under Companies Act, 2013 and SEBI Listing Regulations are promptly and prominently displayed on its Website www.mpdl.co.in.

6. OTHER DISCLOSURES

✓ Particulars of Senior Management

Senior Management plays a critical role in the strategic and operational leadership of the Company, ensuring alignment with the Company's business objectives and regulatory requirements. In accordance with the SEBI Listing Regulations, Senior Management comprises the core management team of the Company, excluding the Board of the Directors.

The following are the particulars of the Senior Management of the Company, including any changes since the close of the previous Financial Year.

S.No.	Name of Senior Management Personnel	Category
1.	Mr. Satyajit Pradhan	Chief Financial Officer
2.	Ms. Bhumika Chadha	Company Secretary & Compliance Officer

✓ Materially significant Related Party Transactions and Related Party policy

All transactions entered into with the Related Parties as defined under the Companies Act, 2013 and Regulation 23 of the Listing Regulation during the financial year ended 31st March, 2025 were in the ordinary course of business and on arm's length basis and do not attract the provisions of Section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013. There were no materially significant transactions with Related Parties during the financial year. Suitable disclosures as required by the Indian Accounting Standard (IND AS: 24) has been made in the notes to the financial statement. A statement in summary form of transactions with Related Parties in ordinary course of business and arm's length basis is periodically placed before the Audit committee for review.

As required under Regulation 23(1) of the Listing Regulation, the Company has formulated and adopted a "Policy on Materiality of Related Party Transactions (RPT) and dealing with Related Party Transactions". The Policy is available on the website of the Company viz. https://www.mpdl.co.in/codes-policies-others/.

During the financial year 2024-25, the Company did not have any material pecuniary relationship or transactions with Non-Executive Directors apart from paying sitting fees. Further, the Directors have not entered into any contracts with the Company or its subsidiaries, which will be in material conflict with the interest of the Company.

✓ <u>Details of non- compliance by the Company, penalties, and strictures imposed on the Company by stock exchanges or SEBI or any statutory authority, on any matter related to capital markets, during the last three years.</u>

The Company was required to submit disclosures of Related Party Transactions as per Regulation 23(9) of SEBI LODR on consolidated basis within 15 days from the date of Publication of its Standalone and Consolidated Financial Results for the half year ended March 30, 2023. The Company has published its Financial results on 30.05.2023. However, the disclosure was given to Stock Exchange on June 15, 2023 with a delay of 1day.

The Company has since taken necessary steps to strengthen its compliance monitoring process to ensure timely submissions going forward. No penalty or stricture was imposed by the Stock Exchange or SEBI in this regard.

✓ Disclosure of certain types of Agreements binding Listed Entity

No Agreement binding Listed Entity which are mentioned in Clause 5A of Paragraph A of Part A of Schedule III was entered.

✓ <u>Vigil Mechanism, Whistle Blower Policy and affirmation that no personnel have been denied access to the Audit Committee.</u>

Pursuant to Section 177(9) and (10) of the Companies Act, 2013, and Regulation 22 of the SEBI Listing Regulation, the Company has formulated Whistle Blower Policy for vigil mechanism of Directors and employees to report to the Chairman of Audit Committee about the unethical behavior, fraud or violation of Company's Code of Conduct. The mechanism provides for adequate safeguards against victimization of employees and Directors who use such mechanism and makes provision for direct access to the chairperson of the Audit Committee in exceptional cases. None of the personnel of the Company has been denied access to the Audit Committee. The Whistle Blower Policy is displayed on the Company's website and link of the same is given below: https://www.mpdl.co.in/codes-policies-others/

✓ Material Subsidiary Policy

The Board of Directors has formulated a Policy for determining 'Material Subsidiaries' pursuant to the provisions of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

The said policy is available on the Company's website at: https://www.mpdl.co.in/codes-policies-others/

As on date, the Company does not have any material subsidiary as defined under Regulation 16(1)(c) of the SEBI Listing Regulations.

✓ Compliance with mandatory requirements and adoption of non-mandatory requirements

The Company has complied with all the mandatory requirements of SEBI Listing Regulations. The Company has not adopted any non-mandatory requirement of the Listing Regulations.

✓ <u>Details Of Utilization of Funds Raised Through Preferential Allotment or Qualified Institutional Placement as Specified Under Regulation 32(7A)</u>

During the financial year 2024-25, there were no funds raised through preferential allotment.

✓ Certificate from a Company Secretary

Pursuant to Regulation 34(3) of SEBI (Listing Obligation and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, a certificate from a Company Secretary in practice that none of the Directors on the Board of the Company have been debarred or disqualified from being appointed or continuing as Directors of Companies by the Board/ Ministry of Corporate Affairs or any such statutory authority, is annexed to this report as Annexure A.

✓ Code of Conduct

The Board has laid down a code of conduct for all Board members and Senior Management of the Company. All Board members and Senior Management Personnel have complied with the Code of Conduct. Declaration to this effect signed by the Director is enclosed with the Annual Report.

The Code of Conduct is available on Company's website www.mpdl.co.in.

All the members of the Board and Senior Management Personnel have affirmed compliance to the code as on 31st March, 2025 under Regulation 26(3) of SEBI Listing Regulations.

A Declaration of Whole Time Director regarding compliance with Code of Conduct by Directors and Senior Management Personnel form part of this Corporate Governance Report as Annexure B.

✓ Details of fees for all services paid by the listed entity and its Subsidiaries, on a consolidated basis, to the statutory auditor and all entities in the network firm/network entity of which the statutory auditor is a part

Type of Services	Amount(in Lakhs)
- As Audit Fee	2.25
- For Tax Audit, Certification and Tax Representation	0.25
- For Other Services	0.67
Total	3.17

✓ Disclosure of Accounting Treatment

The Financial statement of the Company is prepared as per the prescribed Indian Accounting Standards and reflects true and fair view of the business transactions in the Corporate Governance Report.

✓ <u>CEO/CFO Certification</u>

A Certificate on financial statements for the financial year under review, pursuant to Regulation 17(8) of the Listing Regulations signed by Whole-time Director and Chief Financial Officer was placed before the Board of Directors.

✓ <u>Disclosure of compliance with corporate governance requirements specified in Regulation 17</u> to 27 and clause (b) to (i) of sub-regulation (2) of regulation 46 of SEBI Listing Regulations

The Company has complied with the applicable provisions of SEBI Listing Regulations including Regulation 17 to 27 and Regulation 46 of SEBI Listing Regulations.

The Company submits a quarterly compliance report on corporate governance signed by Compliance Officer to the Stock Exchange within 21 days from the close of every quarter. Such quarterly compliance reports on corporate governance are also posted on the Company's website.

Compliance of the Conditions of Corporate Governance has also been audited by Practicing Company Secretary. After being satisfied of the above compliances, they have issued a compliance certificate in this respect. The said certificate is reproduced in below point for ready reference of the members of the Company as Annexures C to Corporate Governance Report.

✓ Code of Conduct for prevention of Insider Trading

In accordance with Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015, the Company has adopted Code of Conduct to Regulate, Monitor and Report Trading by Designated Persons and their immediate relatives and Code of Practices and Procedures for Fair Disclosure of Unpublished Price Sensitive Information pursuant to SEBI Listing Regulations as amended. All the connected persons as per Code of Conduct to Regulate, Monitor and Report Trading by its Directors and Designated Persons who could have access to the unpublished price sensitive information of the company are governed by this code. Code of Conduct to Regulate, Monitor and Report Trading by Designated Persons and their immediate relatives and Code of Practices and Procedures for Fair Disclosure of Unpublished Price Sensitive Information are available on the website of the company viz https://www.mpdl.co.in/codes-policies-others/

✓ <u>Disclosures under the sexual harassment of women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition And Redressal) Act, 2013</u>

The Company has laid down Anti Sexual Harassment policy on Gender Equality, Gender Protection, Prevention of Sexual Harassment and Redressal System in line with the requirements of the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013. An Internal Complaints Committee (ICC) has been set up to redress complaints received regarding sexual harassment. All employees (permanent, contractual, temporary, Apprenticeship) are covered under this policy. Details of the complaints filed, disposed or pending as on the end of the financial year are;

i. Number of complaints filed during the financial year
 ii. Number of complaints resolved during the financial year
 iii. Number of complaints pending as on end of financial year
 NIL

✓ Disclosures with respect to Demat suspense account/unclaimed suspense account

The Company doesn't have any shares in the demat suspense account/unclaimed suspense account as on 31st March, 2025.

7. GENERAL SHAREHOLDERS INFORMATION

✓ Ensuing Annual General Meeting

Day, Date & Time : Monday, September 29, 2025 03:30 P.M.

Venue : AGM will be held through Video Conferencing so

registered Office shall be deemed venue.

Financial Year : 2024-25

✓ Financial Year

The Company follows the period of 1st April to 31st March, as the Financial Year.

DIVIDEND PAYMENT : No dividend has been recommended for the

Financial Year 2024-25.

REGISTERED OFFICE & WORKS : 117, Mathura Road, Sector 37, Faridabad,

Haryana – 121003

CIN No. : L70102HR2002PLC097001

LISTING OF SHARES ON STOCK EXCHANGES: The equity shares of the Company are listed on

BSE Ltd., Mumbai. Annual listing fee for the financial year 2024-25 has been paid to BSE Ltd.

DETAILS OF STOCK EXCHANGE : BSE Ltd.

Phiroze Jeejeebhoy Towers,

Dalal Street, Fort, Mumbai - 400 001

REGISTRAR & TRANSFER AGENT : MCS Share Transfer Agent Ltd.

179-180, DSIDC Shed, 3rd Floor Okhla Industrial Area, Phase – 1

New Delhi - 110020

✓ Distribution of shareholding as at March 31, 2025:

Category	No. of	No. of	% of	% of Shares
	Shareholders	Shares	Shareholders	
1 – 500 2134		215438	86.54	2.91
501 - 1000 158 1		120459	6.41	1.63
1001 - 2000 72		107125	2.92	1.45
2001-3000	2001-3000 36		1.46	1.25
3001 – 4000 10		35625	0.41	0.48
4001 – 5000	4001 – 5000 8 3		0.32	0.48
5001 – 10000	17	113147	0.69	1.53
10001-50000	19	406887	0.77	5.49
50001-100000	5	351717	0.20	4.74
And Above	7	5933867	0.28	80.05
TOTAL	2466	7412524	100.00	100.00

✓ **Shareholding pattern:**

Shareholding pattern for the financial year ending as on 31st March, 2025 for purpose of reporting in the Annual Report of the Company for the year 2024-25 is given as under:

Sr. No.	Category	As on 31.03.2025		
		No. of Equity Shares	%	
(A)	Promoter Holding			
	a) Individuals	-	-	
	b) Bodies Corporates	5557730	74.9776	
	Sub Total (A)	5557730	74.9776	
B)	Public Shareholding			
	1. Institutions			
	a) Financial Institutions/ Banks	126604	1.7080	
	b) Insurance Companies	183157	2.4709	
	c) Foreign Institutional Investors	-	-	
	Sub Total (B)(1)	309761	4.1789	
	2. Non Institutions			
	a) Bodies Corporates			
	i) Indian	425285	5.7374	
	b) Individuals			
	i) Individual Shareholders Holding	723197	9.7564	
	nominal share capital uptoRs. 2 lac			
	ii) Individual Shareholders Holding			
	nominal share capital in excess of Rs. 2			
	lac	273121	3.6846	
	c) Non Resident Individuals	31007	0.4183	
	d) Foreign Company/OCB	60000	0.8094	
	e) Any Other	32423	0.4374	
	Sub Total (B)(2)	1540033	20.8435	
(C)	Shares Held by custodians and against			
	which depository receipts have been	NIL	NIL	
	issued	5 440 5 0 4	100.00	
	Grand Total (A+B+C)	7412524	100.00	

✓ **Share Transfer System**

Physical Shares sent for transfer are duly transferred within 15 days of receipt of documents, if found in order. Shares under objection are in general returned within 15 days. Share Transfer Agents have been authorized to sign the share certificates on behalf of the Company for expeditious disposal of transfer requests.

In case of shares in electronic form, the transfers are processed by NSDL/CDSL through respective Depository Participants. In compliance with the SEBI Listing Regulation, a certificate from a practicing company secretary within one month of the end of each half of the financial year, certifying that all certificates have been issued within thirty days of the date of lodgment for transfer, subdivision, consolidation, renewal, exchange or endorsement of calls/allotment monies, is also issued.

✓ <u>Dematerializations of Shares and Liquidity</u>

96.95 % of Equity Shares of the Company are in dematerialized form as on 31st March, 2025. The 100% Shareholding of Promoter and Promoter group of the Company is in dematerialized form. The shares of the Company are available for dematerialization with both the depositories i.e. NSDL and CDSL vide ISIN No. INE493H01014.

Normally, requests of dematerialization of shares are processed and confirmed within 15 days of receipt to NSDL and CDSL.

Details of which are as follows;

Particulars	No. of Shares	% of Shares
Shares Held in NSDL	6504316	87.7476
Shares Held in CDSL	682841	9.2120
Shares Held in Physical Form	225367	3.0404
Total	7412524	100.00

✓ **Shares held in Electronic Form**

Shareholders holding shares in electronic form may please note that instructions regarding change of address, bank details, nomination and power of attorney should be given directly to their respective Depository Participants (DPs), with whom their demat accounts are maintained. The Company or its Registrar and Share Transfer Agent (RTA) cannot process such requests for shares held in demat form.

✓ Shares held in Physical Form

Shareholders holding shares in physical form are requested to note that any requests for change of address, bank account details, nomination, or registration of power of attorney should be submitted directly to the Company's Registrar and Share Transfer Agent (RTA), MCS Share Transfer Agents Limited, Delhi.

In view of SEBI's mandate for compulsory dematerialization for transfer of securities, shareholders are also encouraged to dematerialize their physical shareholdings at the earliest.

✓ Commodity price risk or foreign exchange risk and hedging activities

The company has not done any kind of activities related to the commodity price risk or foreign exchange risk and hedging.

✓ Outstanding convertible instruments, conversion date and likely impact on equity

As on 31st March 2025, the Company has no outstanding convertible instruments. Accordingly, there is no impact on the equity share capital of the Company on account of any conversion.

✓ Reconciliation of share capital audit report

In compliance with SEBI requirements, a qualified Practicing Company Secretary conducts a Reconciliation of Share Capital Audit on a quarterly basis. This audit is carried out to reconcile the total admitted capital with the records of National Securities Depository Limited (NSDL) and Central Depository Services (India) Limited (CDSL), with the total issued and listed capital of the Company. The audit report is submitted to the Stock Exchanges where the Company's shares are listed. The audit confirms that the total listed and paid-up capital is in agreement with the aggregate of the total number of shares held in dematerialized form (with NSDL and CDSL) and those held in physical form.

✓ Details of all credit ratings obtained by the entity along with any revisions thereto during the relevant financial year, for all debt instruments of such entity or any fixed deposit programme or any scheme or proposal of the listed entity involving mobilization of funds, whether in India or abroad

During the financial year 2024–25, the Company has not issued any debt instruments, fixed deposit programmes, or any schemes or proposals involving mobilization of funds. Accordingly, no credit rating has been obtained by the Company during the said period.

✓ Plant Location

11/7, Mathura Road, Sector 37, Faridabad, Haryana – 121003

✓ Address for Correspondence

CORPORATE OFFICE:

Unit No. 12, GF, Magnum Tower-1,

Sector - 58, Gurugram, Haryana - 122011

Phone: 0124-4222434-35

E-mail: isc_mpdl@mpdl.co.in

Disclaimer:

The information furnished above is certified by MPDL Limited to be true, fair and accurate (except in respect of errors in or omissions from documents filed electronically that result solely from electronic transmission errors beyond our control and in respect of which we take corrective action as soon as it is reasonably practicable after becoming aware of the error or the omission). SEBI, the Stock Exchanges or the NIC do not take any responsibility for the accuracy, validity, consistency and integrity of the data entered and updated by it.

For and on behalf of the Board

MPDL Limited

Sd/-(Rajesh Paliwal) Chairperson of the Company (DIN: 03098155)

Place: Gurugram Date: 13.08.2025

Sd/-(Santosh Kumar Jha) Whole Time Director (DIN: 10052694)

CERTIFICATE OF NON-DISQUALIFICATION OF DIRECTORS

(Pursuant to Regulation 34(3) and Schedule V Para C Clause (10)(i) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015)

To
The Members of
MPDL Limited

CIN: L70102HR2002PLC097001

11/7, Mathura Road, Sector 37, Faridabad – 121003 (Haryana)

We have examined the relevant records and disclosures received from the Directors of MPDL Limited having CIN L70102HR2002PLC097001 and having registered office at 11/7, Mathura Road, Sector 37, Faridabad – 121003 (Haryana) (hereinafter referred to as "the Company") produced before us by the Company for the purpose of issuing this Certificate in terms of Regulation 34(3) and Schedule V, Para C, Clause (10)(i) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the DIN based verification conducted by us on MCA21 website i.e. www.mca.gov.in and after considering the disclosures received from the Directors of the Company, we hereby certify that none of the directors on the Board of the Company have been debarred or disqualified from being appointed or continuing as directors by the Securities and Exchange Board of India or Ministry of Corporate Affairs and/ or any such statutory authority for the Financial Year ending on March 31, 2025.

It is solemnly the responsibility of Directors to submit relevant declarations and disclosures with complete and accurate information in compliance with the relevant provisions. Further, ensuring the eligibility of the appointment/ continuity of every director on the Board is the responsibility of the management of the Company. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these, based on our verification. This certificate is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of the efficiency or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

For Neeraj Arora & Associates Company Secretaries Firm Peer Review No.- 3738/2023

New Delhi August 13, 2025 Neeraj Arora Proprietor M. No.-FCS 10781; CP No.-16186 UDIN- F010781G000988494

DECLARATION REGARDING COMPLIANCE BY BOARD MEMBERS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL WITH THE COMPANY'S CODE OF CONDUCT

I, Santosh Kumar Jha, hereby declared that all Board Members and Senior Management Personnel have affirmed compliance with the code of conduct for the Financial Year ending March 31, 2025.

For MPDL LIMITED

Sd/-

(Santosh Kumar Jha) Whole Time Director DIN: 10052694

Corporate Governance Certificate

To
The Members
MPDL Limited
CIN: L70102HR2002PLC097001
11/7, Mathura Road, Sector 37, Faridabad – 121003 (Haryana)

We have examined the compliance of conditions of Corporate Governance by **MPDL Limited** ("the Company") for the financial year ended on March 31, 2025 as stipulated under Regulations 17 to 27 and clauses (b) to (i) of Regulation 46(2) and Para C, D and E of Schedule V to the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("Listing Regulations").

The compliance of conditions of Corporate Governance is the responsibility of the management of the Company and our examination was limited to procedures and implementation thereof, adopted by the Company for ensuring the compliance of the conditions of Corporate Governance. It is neither an audit nor an expression of opinion on the financial statements of the Company.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, we certify that the Company has complied with the conditions of Corporate Governance as stipulated under Regulations 17 to 27 and clauses (b) to (i) of Regulation 46(2) and Para C, D and E of Schedule V to the Listing Regulations.

We further state that such compliance is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor the efficiency or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

For Neeraj Arora & Associates Company Secretaries Firm Peer Review No.- 3738/2023

New Delhi August 13, 2025 Neeraj Arora Proprietor M. No.- FCS 10781; CP No.- 16186 UDIN – F010781G000988527

Independent Auditors' Report

TO THE MEMBERS OF MPDL LIMITED

Report on the Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying standalone financial statements of **MPDL LIMITED** ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2025, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended on that date, and a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "the standalone financial statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid standalone financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2025, the Profit (including other comprehensive income), changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of the standalone financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under section 143(10) of the Act (SAs). Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) together with the independence requirements that are relevant to our audit of the standalone financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the standalone financial statements.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. We do not consider any matter to be key audit matter to be communicated in our report for the year under audit.

Information Other than the Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements and Auditors' Report Thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of other information. The other information comprises the Director's report, Corporate Governance report, Business responsible report and Management Discussion and Analysis of Annual report, but does not include the Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements and our report thereon. The Directors report, Corporate Governance report, Business responsible report and Management Discussion and Analysis of Annual report is expected to be made available to us after the date of this auditors' report.

Our opinion on the Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements does not cover the other information and we will not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above when it becomes available to us and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

When we read such other information as and when made available to us and if we conclude that there is a material misstatement therein, we are required to communicate the matter to those charged with governance.

Management's Responsibility for the Standalone Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, total comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the in Ind AS and other accounting principles—generally accepted in India. This responsibility—also—includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions—of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities;—selection and application—of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments—and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness—of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation—of the standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the standalone financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the standalone financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these standalone financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- 1. Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the standalone financial statements, whether due to fraud or error audit procedures, design and perform responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- 2. Obtain an understanding of internal financial controls relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(I) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls
- 3. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonable ness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- 4. Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the standalone financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- 5. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the standalone financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the standalone financial statements represent the underlying transactions and event s in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the standalone financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the standalone financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

1.As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government in terms of Section 143(11) of the Act, we give in "Annexure I" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order.

- 2.As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, based on our audit we report that:
- a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
- b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company except having a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
- c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss including Other Comprehensive Income, Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flow dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the relevant books of account.
- d) In our opinion, the aforesaid standalone Ind AS financial statements comply with the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 as amended.;

- e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2025 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2025 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
- f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure II". Our report expresses an unmodified opinion on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting.
- g) In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the remuneration paid by the Company to its directors during the year is in accordance with the provisions of section 197 of the Act.
- h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - I. The Company has disclosed impact of pending litigations on its financial position in its financial statements. (Refer Note- 34)
 - II. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
- III. There has been no amount, required to be transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
- IV. (a) The Management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources- or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person or entity, including foreign entity ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries:
 - (b) The Management has represented, that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been received by the Company from any person or entity, including foreign entity

("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;

- (c) Based on the audit procedures that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) of Rule 11(e), as provided under (a) and (b) above, contain any material misstatement.
- V. The Company has not proposed, declared or paid any dividend during the year under audit.
- VI. Based on our examination, the Company has used accounting software for maintaining its books of account for the financial year ended March 31, 2025 which does not have a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and therefore the audit trail for earlier years have also not been preserved by the company as per the statutory requirements for record retention.

FOR O P BAGLA & CO LLP CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS FRNo. 000018N/N500091

(ATUL AGGARWAL)

PARTNER M.No. 92656

UDIN: 25092656BMLJNE5422

PLACE: NEW DELHI DATED: 29/05/2025

ANNEXURE- I TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Based on the audit procedures performed for the purpose of reporting a true and fair view on the financial statements of the Company and taking into consideration the information and explanations given to us and the books of account and other records examined by us in the normal course of audit, and to the best of our knowledge and belief, we report that:

- i. In respect of the Company's Property, Plant and Equipment and Intangible Assets:
 - (a) (A) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of Property, Plant and Equipment.
 - (B) The Company does not own any intangible asset, hence reporting under clause 3(i)(a)(B) of the Order is not applicable.
 - (b) The Company has a program of physical verification of Property, Plant and Equipment and right-of-use assets so to cover all the assets in a phased manner which, in our opinion, is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets. According to the information and explanations given to us, no material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.
 - (c) The Company does not possess any immovable property (other than properties where the company is the lessee and the lease agreements are duly executed in favour of the lessee), disclosed in the financial statements under Property, Plant and Equipment, hence, reporting under clause 3(i)(c) of the Order is not applicable.
 - (d) The Company has not revalued any of its Property, Plant and Equipment (including right-of-use assets) and intangible assets during the year.
 - (e) As per information and explanation provided to us, no proceedings have been initiated during the year or are pending against the Company as at March 31, 2025 for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (as amended in 2016) and rules made thereunder.
- ii. (a) The physical verification of inventory of land and project work in progress has been conducted at reasonable intervals by the management and in our opinion, the coverage and procedure of such verification by the management is appropriate. As per Information and explanation given to us by the company, no discrepancy was noticed on such verification.
 - (b)The Company has not been sanctioned working capital limits in excess of ₹ 5 crore, in aggregate, at any points of time during the year, from banks or financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets and hence reporting under clause 3(ii)(b) of the Order is not applicable.

- iii. The Company has not made any investment in, provided any guarantee or security or granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans, secured or unsecured to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships (LLPs) or any other parties during the year. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(iii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- iv. According to the information and explanations given to us, the company has complied with the provisions of Section 185 and 186, wherever applicable, in respect of loans, investments made by the company. We are informed that the company has not provided any security and or guarantee during the year.
- v. The Company has not accepted any deposit or amounts which are deemed to be deposits. Hence, reporting under clause 3(v) of the Order is not applicable.
- vi. The Central Government has not specified maintenance of cost records under subsection (1) of Section 148 of the Act, in respect of Company's products. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3(vi) of the Order are not applicable.
- vii. (a) In our opinion, the Company has generally been regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues, including Goods and Services tax, Provident Fund, Employees' State Insurance, Income Tax, Sales Tax, Service Tax, duty of Custom, duty of Excise, Value Added Tax, Cess and other material statutory dues applicable to it with the appropriate authorities.

There were no undisputed amounts payable in respect of Goods and Service tax, Provident Fund, Employees' State Insurance, Income Tax, Sales Tax, Service Tax, duty of Custom, duty of Excise, Value Added Tax, Cess and other material statutory dues in arrears as at March 31, 2025 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.

(b) There are no dues in respect of income-tax, sales-tax, service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax and Goods and Service tax that have not been deposited with the appropriate authorities on account of any dispute except follows:

Assessment Year	Name of the statute/ Section Type	Forum where dispute is pending	Amount of demand raised	Amount deposited under protest or otherwise	Net Amount
2015-16	Income Tax Act	CIT(A)	27.13 Lacs	Nil	27.13 Lacs
2016-17	Haryana VAT	Haryana Excise & Tax Dept.	25.13 Lacs	Nil	25.13 Lacs

- viii. There were no transactions relating to previously unrecorded income that have been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (43 of 1961).
- ix. (a) As per Information and explanation given to us, the company has not defaulted in repayment of loans or other borrowings or in the payment of interest thereon to any lender.
 - (b) The Company has not been declared willful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority.
 - (c) The loan obtained by the company during the year have been applied for the purpose for which the loans were obtained.
 - (d) On an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, funds raised on short-term basis have, prima facie, not been used during the year for long-term purposes by the Company.
 - (e) On an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, the Company has not taken any funds from any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligations of its subsidiaries/associates.
 - (f) The Company has not raised any loans during the year on the pledge of securities held in its subsidiaries, joint ventures or associate companies, hence reporting on clause 3(ix)(f) of the Order is not applicable.
- x. (a) The Company has not raised moneys by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) during the year and hence reporting under clause 3(x)(a) of the Order is not applicable.
 - (b) During the year, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or convertible debentures (fully or partly or optionally) and hence reporting under clause 3(x)(b) of the Order is not applicable.
- xi. (a) No fraud by the Company and no fraud on the Company has been noticed or reported during the year.
 - (b) No report under sub-section (12) of section 143 of the Companies Act has been filed in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government, during the year and upto the date of this report.
 - (c) According to the information and explanations given to us by the management, no whistle blower complaints have been received by the Company during the year (and upto the date of this report).

- xii. The Company is not a Nidhi Company and hence reporting under clause (xii) of the Order is not applicable.
- xiii.In our opinion, the Company is in compliance with Section 177 and 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 with respect to applicable transactions with the related parties and the details of related party transactions have been disclosed in the standalone financial statements as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- xiv.(a) In our opinion the Company has an adequate internal audit system commensurate with the size and the nature of its business.
 - (b) We have considered, the internal audit reports for the year under audit, issued to the Company during the year and till date, in determining the nature, timing and extent of our audit procedures.
- xv. In our opinion during the year the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with its Directors or persons connected with its directors. and hence provisions of section 192 of the Companies Act, 2013 are not applicable to the Company.
- xvi.(a) In our opinion, the Company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Hence, reporting under clause 3(xvi)(a), (b) and (c) of the Order is not applicable.
 - (b) As per Information and explanation given to us, the group does not have any core investment company within the Group (as defined in the Core Investment Companies (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016).
- xvii.The Company has incurred cash losses amounting to ₹ 389.40 lacs during the financial year under audit. However, there were no cash losses in the preceding financial year.
- xviii. There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors of the Company during the year.
- xix. On the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realisation of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements and our knowledge of the Board of Directors and Management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report

indicating that Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due

- xx. According to the information and explanations given to us by the management, and in our opinion, the provisions of Section 135 of the Companies Act 2013 are not applicable to the company under audit, accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xx)(a) and 3(xx)(b) of the Order is not applicable for the year.
- xxi.No reporting under clause 3(xxi) of the order is done as the clause is applicable to Consolidated Financial Statements only.

FOR O P BAGLA & CO LLP CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS FRNo. 000018N/N500091

(ATUL AGGARWAL)

PARTNER

M.No. 92656

UDIN: 25092656BMLJE5422

PLACE: NEW DELHI DATED: 29/05/2025

ANNEXURE- II TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

(Referred to in paragraph 2(f) under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report of even date)

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of **MPDL LIMITED** ("the Company") as of 31st March 2025 in conjunction with our audit of the standalone financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects. Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness.

Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the audit evidence I/we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that

- (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company;
- (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and
- (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, the company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at 31st March 2025, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on "Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting" issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For O P BAGLA & CO LLP CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS FRNo. 000018N/N500091

(ATUL AGGARWAL) PARTNER M.No. 92656

UDIN: 25092656BMLJE5422

PLACE: NEW DELHI DATED: 29/05/2025

STANDALONE BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31st MARCH 2025

PARTICULARS	Note	AS AT	(Rs. In Lacs
I ASSETS		31.03.2025	31.03.2024
AGGETG			
(1) Non-current assets	•	4.40	0.07
Property, plant and equipment	3	4.18	6.37
Financial assets (i) Investments	4	940.14	940.14
(i) livestifierts (ii) Loans	5	1,055.00	1,055.00
(ii) Other Financial Assets	6	48.79	46.93
Deferred tax Assets (net)	7	194.19	95.63
Other Non Current Assets	8	1,567.52	1,554.43
Sub Total		3,809.82	3,698.49
(2) Current assets			
Inventories	9	7,254.92	7,022.9
Financial assets	40	000.40	201.00
(i) Trade receivables	10	989.13	661.08
(ii) Cash and cash equivalents	11	48.27	38.51
(iii) Bank balances other than (ii) above Other current assets	12 8	2.00 1,817.86	2.00 1,554.31
Sub Total	8	1,817.86	9,278.80
Total Assets	_	13,922.00	12,977.29
	=	13,922.00	12,311.23
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES (1) Equity			
Equity share capital	13	741.25	741.25
Other Equity	14	6,683.47	6,979.11
Sub Total	14	7,424.72	7,720.36
(2) LIABILITIES			
(a) Non-current liabilities			
Financial liabilities			
(i) Borrowings	15	_	32.76
Provisions	16	8.18	7.91
Sub Total	10	8.18	40.67
(b) Current liabilities			
Financial liabilities			
(i) Borrowings	15	5,187.76	4,113.84
(ii) Trade Payables			
- Dues of micro and small enterprises	17	0.92	-
 Dues of creditors other than micro and small enterprises 	17	289.77	286.74
(iii) Other financial liabilities	18	768.32	543.17
Other current liabilities	19	240.51	246.55
Provisions	16	1.82	25.96
Sub Total		6,489.10	5,216.25
Total Equity and Liabilities	_	13,922.00	12,977.29
Summary of significant accounting policies	1 & 2		
The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial state	ments.		
In terms of our repo	ort of even date annexed		
c	For O P BAGLA & CO LLP HARTERED ACCOUNTANTS FRN. 000018N/N500091		
		Sd/-	Sd/-
DATE: 29/05/2025	ATUL AGGARWAL	RAJESH PALIWAL	SANTOSH KUMAR JH
PLACE: NEW DELHI	PARTNER M.No. 92656	DIRECTOR \ DIN 03098155	WHOLE-TIME DIRECTOR DIN 10052694
		Sd/-	Sd/-
		BHUMIKA CHADHA	SATYAJIT PRADHA
	(COMPANY SECRETARY C	

PAN. BYZPP2602M

M.No. A46115

STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31st MARCH,2025

(Rs. In Lacs)

				(Rs. In Lacs)
	Particulars		For the Year ended 31 March 2025	For the Year ended 31 March 2024
_				
	REVENUE	00	500.44	404.70
	Revenue from operations Other income	20 21	580.41 96.57	424.70 2,684.44
	Total Revenue (I)	21	676.98	3,109.13
	EXPENSES	•		·
	EXPENSES Construction Expenses		1,116.96	1,504.55
	Changes in inventories of finished goods, stock-in-trade and work in progress	22	(232.02)	
	Employee benefits expense	23	36.62	47.15
	Finance costs	24	89.68	89.68
	Depreciation and amortization expense	3	2.19	
	Other expenses	25	55.15	
	Total expenses (II)		1,068.57	921.11
	Profit/(loss) for the year from continuing operations (I-II)		(391.59)	2,188.02
	Exceptional Items		- (004.50)	-
	Profit/(loss) before tax from continuing operations (III-IV) Tax expense:		(391.59)	2,188.02
	Current Tax			
	- For Current Year		_	41.20
	- For Earlier Year		2.47	-
	Deferred Tax		(98.52)	2.32
II	Profit/ (loss) for the year (V-VI)		(295.54)	2,144.51
	Other Comprehensive Income A Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent period Income tax effect			
	B Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent period Re-measurement gains (losses) on defined benefit plans		(0.14)	
	Income tax effect Net (loss)/gain on FVTOCI equity securities Income tax effect		0.03	0.26
	Total Comprehensive Income for the Year (VII+VIII)		(295.64)	2,143.72
	Earnings per equity share for continuing operations			
	Basic, & Diluted	26	(3.99)	28.93
	Summary of significant accounting policies	1 & 2		
	The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.			
	In terms of our report of	of even date annexed		
	Fo CHAR'	or O P BAGLA & CO LLP TERED ACCOUNTANTS FRN. 000018N/N500091		
	DATE: 29/05/2025 PLACE: NEW DELHI	ATUL AGGARWAL PARTNER M.No. 92656	Sd/- RAJESH PALIWAL DIRECTOR DIN 03098155	Sd/- SANTOSH KUMAR JHA WHOLE-TIME DIRECTOR DIN 10052694
			Sd/-	Sd/-
			BHUMIKA CHADHA COMPANY SECRETARY M.No. A46115	

Standalone Cash Flow Statement for the period ended 31st March 2025

(Rs. In Lacs)

A. CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Net Profit/(Loss) before tax Adjusted for:	31 March 202	•	31 March 2024	
Adjusted for :				
		(391.59)		2,188.02
Depreciation	2.19		2.23	
Interest income	(96.57)		(103.24)	
Gain on Sale of Investment Interest cost	- 89.68		(2,581.20) 89.68	
Re-measurement gains (losses) on defined benefit plans	(0.14)		(1.05)	
	(====,	(4.84)	(1123)	(2,593.58)
Operating Profit before Working Capital Changes		(396.43)		(405.56)
Adjusted for :				
Trade & Other Receivables	(606.56)		(840.11)	
Inventories Trade & Other Payable	(232.02) 3.96		(870.37) 112.64	
Other current liabilities	195.23		(764.54)	
		(639.39)	(*********)	(2,362.38)
Cash Generated from Operations		(1,035.82)		(2,767.93)
Direct Taxes Paid		(2.47)		-
Net Cash used in operating activities		(1,038.30)		(2,767.93)
B. CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Purchase of Property Plant & Equipment	_		(1.76)	
Proceeds from sale of Investment	-		3,661.20	
Interest Received	96.57		103.24	
Net Cash flow from Investing Activities		96.57		3,762.67
C. CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Proceeds/ (Repayment) of Short Term Borrowings (Net)	1,073.92		(871.17)	
Proceeds/ (Repayment) of Long Term Borrowings (Net)	(32.76)		(59.84)	
Interest Paid	(89.68)		(89.68)	
Net Cash flow from Financing Activities		951.49		(1,020.68)
Net increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents		9.76		(25.94)
Cash and Cash Equivalents as at beginning of the year		38.51		64.45
Cash and Cash Equivalents as at end of the year		48.27		38.51
Note to cash flow statement				
1 Components of cash and cash equivalents				
Balances with banks				
 Current accounts Deposit accounts (demand deposits and deposits having original ma 	turity of 3 months or less)	48.11		38.07
Cash on hand	,	0.16		0.44
Cash and cash equivalents considered in the cash flow statemen	t	48.27		38.51

² The above cash flow statement has been prepared in accordance with the 'Indirect method' as set out in Indian Accounting Standard - 7 on 'Statement of Cash Flows' as specified in Companies (Indian Accounting Standard) Amendment Rules, 2016.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

In terms of our report of even date annexed
For O P BAGLA & CO LLP
CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS
FRN. 000018N/N500091

Sd/- Sd/BHUMIKA CHADHA SATYAJIT PRADHAN
COMPANY SECRETARY CHIEF FINANCE OFFICER
M.No. A46115 PAN. BYZPP2602M

Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 31st March 2025

(Rs. In Lacs)

 (a) Equity share capital
 31 March 2025
 31 March 2024

 Issued, subscribed and paid up capital (Refer note 13)
 741.25
 741.25

 Opening balance
 741.25
 741.25

 Changes

 Closing balance
 741.25
 741.25
 741.25

(b) Other equity

Particulars		Reserves and Surplus			
	Securities premium	Share Forefeited Account	Capital Reserve	Retained earnings (Refer Note 14)	
As At 31st March 2023 Net Profit / (loss) for the year Re-measurement gains (losses) on defined benefit plans	2,208.76	7.34	367.52	2,251.77 2,144.51 (0.79)	4,835.39 2,144.51 (0.79)
As At 31st March 2024	2,208.76	7.34	367.52	4,395.49	6,979.11
Net Profit / (loss) for the period Re-measurement gains (losses) on defined benefit plans				(295.54) (0.10)	-295.54 (0.10)
As At 31st March 2025	2,208.76	7.34	367.52	4,099.85	6,683.47

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

In terms of our report of even date annexed

For O P BAGLA & CO LLP CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS FRN. 000018N/N500091

Sd/- Sd/-RAJESH PALIWAL SANTOSH KUMAR JHA

ATUL AGGARWAL DIRECTOR WHOLE-TIME DIRECTOR

PLACE : NEW DELHI PARTNER DIN 03098155 DIN 10052694

M.No. 92656

Sd/- Sd/-BHUMIKA CHADHA SATYAJIT PRADHAN

BHUMIKA CHADHA

COMPANY SECRETARY

M.No. A46115

CHIEF FINANCE OFFICER

PAN. BYZPP2602M

Significant Accounting Policies Standalone financial statements of MPDL LIMITED for the year ended 31-Mar-2025

1. Corporate information

MPDL LIMITED is a Public Ltd Company incorporated on 22 March 2002. The company is engaged in construction business and other Real estate activities.

The financial statements of the company for the year ended 31st March 2025 were authorized for issue in accordance with a resolution of the board of Directors meeting held on 29th May 2025.

2. Significant accounting policies

2.1 Basis of preparation

The financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) (Amendment) Rules, 2016.

The financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for the certain assets and liabilities which have been measured at different basis and such basis has been disclosed in relevant accounting policy.

2.2 Significant accounting policies

a. Current versus non-current classification

The Company presents assets and liabilities in the balance sheet based on current / non-current classification.

An asset/liability is treated as current when it is:

- Expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed or settled in normal operating cycle
- Held primarily for the purpose of trading
- Expected to be realised/settled within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period
- There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

All other assets and liabilities are classified as non-current.

The Company classifies all other liabilities as non-current.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current assets and liabilities respectively.

b. Property, plant and equipment

i) Tangible assets

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost [i.e., cost of acquisition or construction inclusive of freight, erection and commissioning charges, non-refundable duties and taxes, expenditure during construction period, borrowing costs (in case of a qualifying asset) upto the date of acquisition/ installation], net of accumulated depreciation.

The present value of the expected cost for the decommissioning of an asset after its use is included in the cost of the respective asset if the recognition criteria for a provision are met.

Property, plant and equipment are eliminated from financial statements, either on disposal or when retired from active use. Losses/gains arising in case retirement/disposals of property, plant and equipment are recognized in the statement of profit and loss in the year of occurrence.

Depreciation on property, plant and equipment are provided to the extent of depreciable amount on the straight line (SLM) Method. Depreciation is provided at the rates and in the manner prescribed in Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013 except on some assets.

The residual values, useful lives and methods of depreciation/amortization of property, plant and equipment are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

c. Intangible Assets

Intangible assets acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. Following initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at cost less any accumulated amortization.

Intangible assets with finite lives (i.e. software and licenses) are amortized over the useful economic life and assessed for impairment whenever there is an indication that the intangible asset may be impaired. The amortisation period and method for an intangible asset is reviewed at least at the end of each reporting period.

d. Borrowing Costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalised as part of the cost of the respective asset. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they occur.

e. Impairment of non-financial assets

The Company assesses, at each reporting date, whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. If any indication exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required, the Company estimates the asset's recoverable amount. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's or cash-generating unit's (CGU) fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use. Recoverable amount is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets. When the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount.

Impairment losses of continuing operations, including impairment on inventories, are recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

f. Inventories

Inventories of land and development cost has been valued at cost. Incidental expenses directly related to the real estate development project cost has been included in cost of project.

g. Revenue Recognition

Revenue is recognized to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured, regardless of when the payment is being made. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, taking into account contractually defined terms of payments.

Sales tax/ value added tax (VAT) / goods and service tax and / tax is not received by the Company on its own account. Rather, it is tax collected on value added to the property by the seller on behalf of the government. Accordingly, it is excluded from revenue.

The specific recognition criteria describe below must also be met before revenue is recognised.

Revenue from real estate developments

Real Estate projects

- i) Revenue is recognized, for projects that are construction type contracts in relation to the sold areas only, upon transfer of all significant risks and rewards of ownership of such property as per the terms of the contracts entered into with buyers, which generally coincides with firming up of the legally enforceable buyers' agreement, on the basis of percentage of completion as and when all of the following conditions are met:
 - a. All critical approvals necessary for commencement of the project have been obtained;
 - b. The expenditure incurred on construction and development costs is at least 25 % of the construction and development costs (without considering land cost);
 - c. At least 25% of the saleable project area is secured by contracts or agreements with buyers;
 - d. At least 10% of the contract consideration as per the agreements of sale or any other legally enforceable documents are realized at the reporting date in respect of each of the contracts and it is reasonable to expect parties to such contract will comply with payment terms as defined in contract.

Cost of Construction/ Development (including cost of land /land development rights and related interest cost) is charged to the statement of profit and loss proportionate to the revenue recognized.

The estimates of the projected revenue, projected profits, projected costs, cost to completion and the foreseeable loss are reviewed periodically by the management and any effect of changes in estimates is recognized in the period such changes are determined. However, when the total project cost is estimated to exceed total revenues from the project, the loss is recognized immediately.

Revenue recognised is net of cancellation accepted by the Company.

Liquidated damages / penalties which are paid or payable pursuant to court's order or otherwise on the basis of settlement arrangement done with the customers are recognised as an expense in the statement of profit and loss.

- ii) Revenue from sale of property other than that mentioned under (i) above is recognized upon transfer of all significant risks and rewards of ownership of such property, as per the terms of the contracts entered into with buyers, which generally coincides with the firming up of the sales contracts/ agreements.
- iii) Gain/Loss from sale of undeveloped unsuitable land is recognized in the financial year in which transfer is made by registration of sale deeds or otherwise in favour of the buyers.
- iv) Brokerage and selling commission on real estate sales is accounted for as and when the same accrues in accordance with the terms of agreement entered into with brokers. Brokerage and selling commission is charged off to the statement of profit and loss in proportion to the revenue from real estate recognised by the Company.

Other interest income

Interest income is recognized on a time proportion basis taking into account the amount outstanding and the interest rate applicable.

Dividend income

Revenue is recognised when the Company's right to receive the payment is established, which is generally when shareholders approve the dividend.

h. Taxes on income

Current tax

Current tax is measured at the amount expected to be paid/ recovered to/from the taxation authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted, at the reporting date.

Current income tax relating to items recognised directly in equity/other comprehensive income is recognised under the respective head and not in the statement of profit & loss. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in the tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulations are subject to interpretation and establishes provisions where appropriate.

Current tax assets are offset against current tax liabilities if, and only if, a legally enforceable right exists to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is provided using the liability method on temporary differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes at the reporting date.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, the carry forward of unused tax credits and any unused tax losses. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilised.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date. Tax relating to items recognized directly in equity/other comprehensive income is recognized in respective head and not in the statement of profit & loss.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each balance sheet date and is adjusted to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred taxes relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.

i. Employee benefits

All employee benefits that are expected to be settled wholly within twelve months after the end of period in which the employee renders the related services are classified as short term employee benefits. Benefits such as salaries, wages, short-term compensated absences, etc. are recognized as expense during the period in which the employee renders related service.

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit plans are recognized as an expense when employees have rendered the service entitling them to the contribution.

The Company's contribution to the Provident Fund is remitted to provident fund authorities and are based on a fixed percentage of the eligible employee's salary and debited to Statement of Profit and Loss.

j. Provisions, Contingent liabilities and Contingent assets

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past events and it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects, when appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as a finance cost.

Contingent liability is disclosed in the case of:

- a present obligation arising from past events, when it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation;
- a present obligation arising from past events, when no reliable estimate is possible

Provisions, contingent liabilities and contingent assets are reviewed at each balance sheet date.

k. Earnings per share

Basic earnings per equity share is computed by dividing the net profit after tax attributable to the equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year. Diluted earnings per equity share is computed by dividing adjusted net profit after tax by the aggregate of weighted average number of equity shares and dilutive potential equity shares during the year.

I. Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalent in the balance sheet comprise cash at banks and on hand, cheques on hand and short-term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less, which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash and short-term deposits, as defined above.

m. Fair value measurement

The Company measures financial instruments such as derivatives and certain investments, at fair value at each balance sheet date.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorized within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- Level 1 Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable
- Level 3 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

For assets and liabilities that are recognized in the balance sheet on a recurring basis, the Company determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorization (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

For the purpose of fair value disclosures, the Company has determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the asset or liability and the level of the fair value hierarchy as explained above.

n. Financial instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

(a) Financial assets

Classification

The Company classifies financial assets as subsequently measured at amortized cost, fair value through other comprehensive income or fair value through profit or loss on the basis of its business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual cash flows characteristics of the financial asset.

Initial recognition and measurement

All financial assets are recognized initially at fair value plus, in the case of financial assets not recorded at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset.

Subsequent measurement

For purposes of subsequent measurement financial assets are classified in below categories:

Financial assets carried at amortised cost

A financial asset is subsequently measured at amortised cost if it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold the asset in order to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

· Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

A financial asset is subsequently measured at fair value through other comprehensive income if it is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding. The Company has made an irrevocable election for its investments which are classified as equity instruments to present the subsequent changes in fair value in other comprehensive income based on its business model.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

A financial asset which is not classified in any of the above categories are subsequently fair valued through profit or loss.

Derecognition

A financial asset is primarily derecognized when the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired or the Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset.

Investment in subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates

The company has accounted for its investment in subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates at cost.

Impairment of financial assets

The Company assesses impairment based on expected credit losses (ECL) model for measurement and recognition of impairment loss on the financial assets that are trade receivables or contract revenue receivables and all lease receivables.

(b) Financial liabilities

Classification

The Company classifies all financial liabilities as subsequently measured at amortized cost, except for financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss. Such liabilities, including derivatives that are liabilities, shall be subsequently measured at fair value.

Initial recognition and measurement

All financial liabilities are recognized initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs. The Company's financial liabilities include trade and other payables, loans and borrowings including bank overdrafts, and derivative financial instruments.

Subsequent measurement

The measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification, as described below:

Financial liabilities at amortised cost

After initial recognition, interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the EIR method. Gains and losses are recognized in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognized as well as through the EIR amortization process.

Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortization is included as finance costs in the statement of profit and loss.

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss. Financial liabilities are classified as held for trading if they are incurred for the purpose of repurchasing in the near term. This category also includes derivative financial instruments entered into by the Company that are not designated as hedging instruments in hedge relationships as defined by Ind AS 109. Separated embedded derivatives are also classified as held for trading unless they are designated as effective hedging instruments.

Gains or losses on liabilities held for trading are recognized in the statement of profit and loss.

Derecognition

A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognized in the statement of profit and loss.

o. Unless specifically stated to be otherwise, these policies are consistently followed.

p. Impairment of non-financial assets

The Company assesses at each reporting date whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. If any indication exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required, the Company estimates the asset's recoverable amount. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's or CGU's fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use. It is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets. Where the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount.

In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. In determining fair value less costs of disposal, recent market transactions are taken into account. If no such transactions can be identified, an appropriate valuation model is used. These calculations are corroborated by valuation multiples, quoted share prices for publicly traded subsidiaries or other available fair value indicators.

q. Defined benefit plans

The cost of the defined benefit plan and other post-employment benefits and the present value of such obligation are determined using systematic method. Due to the complexities involved in the valuation and its long-term nature, a defined benefit obligation is highly sensitive to changes in these assumptions. All assumptions are reviewed at each reporting date.

r. Fair value measurement of financial instruments

When the fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded in the balance sheet cannot be measured based on quoted prices in active markets, their fair value is measured using valuation techniques including the DCF model. The inputs to these models are taken from observable markets where possible, but where this is not feasible, a degree of judgment is required in establishing fair values. Judgements include considerations of inputs such as liquidity risk, credit risk and volatility. Changes in assumptions about these factors could affect the reported fair value of financial instruments.

s. Impairment of financial assets

The impairment provisions for financial assets are based on assumptions about risk of default and expected loss rates. The Company uses judgments in making these assumptions and selecting the inputs to the impairment calculation, based on Company's past history, existing market conditions as well as forward looking estimates at the end of each reporting period.

t. Leases

A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

The Company as a lessee

Leases are recognised as a right-of-use asset and a corresponding liability at the date at which the leased asset is available for use by the Company. Contracts may contain both lease and non-lease components. The Company allocates the consideration in the contract to the lease and non-lease components based on their relative stand-alone prices.

Assets and liabilities arising from a lease are initially measured on a present value basis. Lease liabilities include the net present value of the following lease payments:

- fixed payments (including in -substance fixed payments), less any lease incentives receivable
- variable lease payment that are based on an index or a rate, initially measured using the index or rate as at the commencement date
- amounts expected to be payable under residual value guarantees, if any
- the exercise price of a purchase option if any, if the Company is reasonably certain to exercise that option.

The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease. If the rate cannot be readily determined, which is generally the case for leases in the Company, the lessee's incremental borrowing rate is used, being the rate that the individual lessee would have to pay to borrow the funds necessary to obtain an asset of similar value to the right-of-use asset in a similar economic environment with similar terms, security and conditions. Lease payments are allocated between principal and finance cost. The finance cost is charged to the statement of profit and loss over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability for each period. Variable lease payments that depends on sales are recognised in the statement of profit and loss in the period in which the condition that triggers those payments occurs. Right-of-use assets are generally depreciated over the shorter of the asset's useful life and the lease term on a straight-line basis. If the Company is reasonably certain to exercise a purchase option, the right-of-use asset is depreciated over the underlying assets useful life.

Payments associated with short-term leases are recognised on a straight-line basis as an expense in the statement of profit and loss. Short term leases are the leases with a lease term of 12 months or less. Further, rental payments for the land where lease period is considered to be indefinite or indeterminable, these are charged off to the statement of profit and loss.

2.3 Significant accounting judgements, estimates and assumptions

The preparation of the Company's financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and the accompanying disclosures, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities at the date of the financial statements. Estimates and assumptions are continuously evaluated and are based on management's experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets or liabilities affected in future periods.

In particular, the Company has identified the following areas where significant judgements, estimates and assumptions are required. Further information on each of these areas and how they impact the various accounting policies are described below and also in the relevant notes to the financial statements. Changes in estimates are accounted for prospectively.

Judgements

In the process of applying the Company's accounting policies, management has made the following judgements, which have the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the financial statements:

Contingencies

Contingent liabilities may arise from the ordinary course of business in relation to claims against the Company, including legal, contractor, land access and other claims. By their nature, contingencies will be resolved only when one or more uncertain future events occur or fail to occur. The assessment of the existence, and potential quantum, of contingencies inherently involves the exercise of significant judgments and the use of estimates regarding the outcome of future events.

Estimates and assumptions

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are described below. The Company based its assumptions and estimates on parameters available when the consolidated financial statements were prepared. Existing circumstances and assumptions about future developments, however, may change due to market change or circumstances arising beyond the control of the Company. Such changes are reflected in the assumptions when they occur.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT 31ST MARCH 2025

Note 3 : Property, Plant and Equipment

(Rs. In Lacs)

	Furniture &		Computers	Air	Total
	fixtures	Equipements		Conditioner	
Gross Carrying Amount					
As 31 March 2023	2.41	2.61	3.41	3.27	11.70
Additions	-	-	0.86	0.91	1.76
Disposal					-
As 31 March 2024	2.41	2.61	4.27	4.18	13.46
Additions	-	-	-	-	-
Disposal					-
As 31 March 2025	2.41	2.61	4.27	4.18	13.46
Accumulated Depreciation					
As 31 March 2023	0.87	0.84	2.01	1.14	4.87
Additions	0.23	0.49	0.78	0.72	2.23
Disposal	-				-
As 31 March 2024	1.10	1.34	2.79	1.87	7.09
Additions	0.23	0.47	0.70	0.79	2.19
Disposal	-				-
As 31 March 2025	1.33	1.80	3.49	2.66	9.28
Net Carrying Amount				+	
31 March 2025	1.08	0.80	0.78	1.51	4.18
31 March 2024	1.31	1.27	1.48	2.31	6.37

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT 31st MARCH 2025

	Non-Cu	urrent	Cur	rent
	31 Mar 2025	31 March 2024	31 Mar 2025	31 March 2024
Note 4 : Non Trade Investments				
Equity Instruments (fully paid up-unless otherwise stated) In Associates (At Cost)				
518,880 Equity Shares of Cambridge Construction (Delhi) Private Limited (Subsidiary till 25/09/2023) @ Rs. 10/- per share (March 31, 2024 518,880 equity shares of Rs.10 each fully paid up)	940.14	940.14		
	940.14	940.14	-	-
Aggregate value of unquoted investments Aggregate amount of impairment in value of investments	940.14	940.14		
a) Non-Current investments have been valued considering the significant account	nting policy no. 2.2(n) di	sclosed in Note no. 2 to	these financial stat	tement.
Note 5: Loans Inter-corporate Deposits	1,055.00	1,055.00	-	-
	1,055.00	1,055.00	-	-
Note 6 : Other financial assets	07.04	07.04		
Security deposits Bank deposits with more than 12 months original maturity	27.34 21.45	27.34 19.58	-	-
Dank deposits with more than 12 months original maturity	21.43	19.50		
	48.79	46.93	-	-
Note 7 : Deferred tax Assets (net)				
Deferred tax Assets (net) Deferred tax arising from temporary differences				
As at beginning of the year	95.63	97.69	-	-
Adjustment during the year	98.56	(2.05)	-	-
	194.19	95.63	-	-
	31 Mar 2025	31 March 2024	31 Mar 2025	31 March 2024
Note 8 : Other assets (Unsecured considered good unless otherwise stated)	01 Mai 2020	OT MATCH 2024	01 Mai 2020	01 March 2024
Other advances	1,465.63	1,465.63	-	-
Advances-				
Contractors & Suppliers & other advances	-	-	29.03	50.31
Employees	-	-	0.72	-
Prepaid expenses	-	-	1.90	1.69
Other recoverable	-	-	875.43 211.44	761.32 126.38
Interest Receivable	-	-	211.44	120.36
Income tax Receivable (Net of Provisions)	101.90	88.80	-	-
Balance with revenue authorities		-	699.34	614.60
	1,567.52	1,554.43	1,817.86	1,554.31

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT 31st MARCH 2025

(Rs. In Lacs)

		(1.101 111 = 400)
	31 Mar 2025	31 March 2024
Note 9 : Inventories (As taken, valued and certified by the Management)		
Land (including non-project ancilliary land)	1,222.80	1,310.51
Work-in-Progress	6,032.12	5,712.39
(Refer Note-39)		
	7,254.92	7,022.90
(Inventories have been valued in accordance with accounting policy no. 2.2 (f) as referred in Note No.2)		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT 31st MARCH 2025

Note 10 : Trade Receivable
(Unsecured, considered good)
Trade Receivable considered good - Secured

Trade Receivable considered good - Unsecured
Trade Receivable considered good - Unsecured
Trade Receivable which have significant increase in credit Risk, and
Trade Receivable - Credit Impaired

Total

Total

Note:

Trade Receivale Ageing

AS ON 31-03-2025

			Outstanding for follow	ing periods from due	date of payment		
Particulars	Not Due	Less than 6 months 6 months -1 year 1-2 years 2-3 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total		
(i) Undisputed Trade receivables considered good	777.50	0.26	15.73	45.03	98.69	51.92	989.13
(ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables which have significant increase in credit risk							
(iii) Undisputed Trade Receivables credit impaired							
(iv) Disputed Trade Receivables considered good							
(v) Disputed Trade Receivables which have significant increase in credit risk							
(vi) Disputed Trade Receivables credit impaired							lie e

AS ON 31-03-2024

			Outstanding for follow	ing periods from due	date of payment	TA TA	Total
Particulars	Not Due	Less than 6 months	6 months -1 year	1-2 years	ars 2-3 years	More than 3 years	
(i) Undisputed Trade receivables considered good	436.03	20.65	50.84	101.64	51.78	0.14	661.08
(ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables which have significant							
increase in credit risk							1
(iii) Undisputed Trade Receivables credit impaired							
(iv) Disputed Trade Receivables considered good							
(v) Disputed Trade Receivables which have significant increase							
in credit risk							
(vi) Disputed Trade Receivables credit impaired							

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT 31st MARCH 2025

	31 March 2025	(Rs. In Lacs) 31 March 2024
	OT MICH 2020	01 March 2024
Note 11 : Cash and cash equivalent		
Balance with banks	48.11	38.07
Cash on hand	0.16	0.44
	48.27	38.51
For the purpose of statement of cash flow, cash and cash equivalent comprises of the follo	wing:	
Balances with banks	48.11	38.07
Cash on hand	0.16	0.44
	48.27	38.51
Note 12:Other bank balances		
Deposit with original maturity of beyond 3 months (Held as Margin against credit facilities)	2.00	2.00
	2.00	2.00
Break up of financial assets carried at amortised cost:		
Investments	940.14	940.14
Trade receivables	989.13	661.08
Loans	1,055.00	1,055.00
Cash and Cash Equivalents	48.27	38.51
Other bank balances	2.00	2.00
Other Financial Assets	48.79	46.93
Total	3,083.32	2,743.66

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT 31st MARCH 2025

PARTICULARS	AS AT 31.03.2025	AS AT 31.03.2024
Note No. 13 SHARE CAPITAL		
AUTHORISED		
75,00,000 Equity shares(Previous year 75,00,000 Equity shares; of par value of Rs.10/- each)	750.00	750.00
15,00,000 Preference shares(Previous year 15,00,000; of par value of Rs.100/- each)	1,500.00	1,500.00
	2,250.00	2,250.00
ISSUED, SUBSCRIBED AND FULLY PAID-UP Equity Share Capital		
74,12,524 Equity shares(Previous year 74,12,524 Equity shares of par value of Rs.10/- each)	741.25	741.25

NOTES:

Total

 i) During the year, the company has neither issued nor bought back any Equity shares. Following is the reconciliation of number of shares outstanding as at the beginning of the year and end of the year

PARTICULARS	AS AT 31.03.2025	AS AT 31.03.2024
Number of shares outstanding as at the beginning of the year	74,12,524	74,12,524
Number of shares outstanding as at the closing of the year	74,12,524	74,12,524

ii) The company has not issued any preference shares although there is Authorized preference share capital of Rs 1500 lacs being 15,00,000 preference 'share of Rs 100 each.

741.25

741.25

- b) The Company has only one class of Issued, subscribed and paid up equity shares having a par value of INR 10/each per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the share holders.
- c) There is no holding company of the company.
- d) Following share holders held more than 5% shares in the company as at the end of the year:

S.		31.03.2025	31.03.2024
NO.	Particulars	No of shares (%)	No of shares (%)
1	PAVITRA COMMERCIALS LTD	1300296 (17.54)	1300296 (17.54)
2	KAMDHENU ENTERPRISES LTD	2791084 (37.65)	2791084 (37.65)
3	CECIL WEBBER ENGINEERING LTD	1328267 (17.92)	1328267 (17.92)

e) The company has not issued shares for a consideration other than cash or bonus shares during the immediately preceding 5 years.

f) Details of Promoter's Shareholding As on 31/03/2025

S. No.	Promoter' Name	No. of Shares	%age of shares held	%age change during the year
1	KAMDHENU ENTERPRISES LTD	2791084	37.6536	NO CHANGE
2	CECIL WEBBER ENGINEERING LIMITED	1328267	17.9192	NO CHANGE
3	PAVITRA COMMERCIALS LIMITED	1300296	17.5419	NO CHANGE
4	MAHENDRA SHIPPING LIMITED	134437	1.8136	NO CHANGE
5	PARAS TRADERS PRIVATE LIMITED	2620	0.0353	NO CHANGE
6	HARSHWARDHAN LEASING LTD	870	0.0117	NO CHANGE
7	TRUSTWELL HOLDINGS LIMITED	156	0.0021	NO CHANGE

g) Details of Promoter's Shareholding As on 31/03/2024

S. No.	Promoter' Name	No. of Shares	%age of shares held	%age change during the year
1	KAMDHENU ENTERPRISES LTD	2791084	37.6536	NO CHANGE
2	CECIL WEBBER ENGINEERING LIMITED	1328267	17.9192	NO CHANGE
3	PAVITRA COMMERCIALS LIMITED	1300296	17.5419	NO CHANGE
4	MAHENDRA SHIPPING LIMITED	134437	1.8136	NO CHANGE
5	PARAS TRADERS PRIVATE LIMITED	2620	0.0353	NO CHANGE
6	HARSHWARDHAN LEASING LTD	870	0.0117	NO CHANGE
7	TRUSTWELL HOLDINGS LIMITED	156	0.0021	NO CHANGE

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT 31st MARCH 2025

Note 14 : Other Equity		(Rs. In Lacs)
Particulars	31-Mar-25	31-Mar-24
Reserves and Surplus Security premium Account		
Balance B/F Changes during the year	2,208.76	2,208.76
Total	2,208.76	2,208.76
Capital reserve		
Balance B/F Changes during the year	367.52	367.52
Total	367.52	367.52
Share Forfeited Account		
Balance B/F Changes during the year	7.34	7.34
Total	7.34	7.34
Retained earnings		
Balance B/F	4,395.49	2,251.77
Profit/(loss) during the year	(295.64)	2,143.72
Total	4,099.84	4,395.49
Total other equity	6,683.47	6,979.11

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT 31st MARCH 2025

Particulars	Non-	Current	Current		
Note 15 : Financial Liabilities	31 Mar 2025	31 March 2024	31 Mar 2025	31 March 2024	
Borrowings Term Loan from NBFC (unsecured)	-	32.76	32.76	59.84	
Inter corporate deposit (unsecured)	-	_	5.155.00	4.054.00	
Total borrowings		32.76	5,187.76	4,113.84	

¹ There has been no default on the balance sheet date in repayment of loan and interest.

3 Short term loans are in the nature of unsecured loans carrying interet rate ranging from 7% to 17%.

Note 16 : Provisions	31 Mar 2025	31 March 2024	31 Mar 2025	31 March 2024
Provision for employee benefits Gratuity				
As per Last Balance Sheet	5.54	9.06	0.18	0.47
Provided during the year Paid/Adjusted	0.17	(3.51)	1.05	(0.29)
	5.72	5.54	1.22	0.18
Earned leaves				
As per Last Balance Sheet	2.37	2.43	0.16	0.17
Amount Provided during the year (Net of payment)	0.09	(0.06)	0.43	(0.01)
Paid/Adjusted				
	2.46	2.37	0.60	0.16
Provision for current tax				
As per last balance sheet			25.62	-
Additions during the year			-	41.20
Amount adjusted during the year			-	-
Less: Set off against taxes paid			(25.62)	(15.58)
	-	-	-	25.62
	8.18	7.91	1.82	25.96

² The unsecured long Term loan from Genesis Finance Company Limited is repayable by way of equated monthly instalment of Rs 5.98 lacs each w.e.f Novemebr 2021 and shall be over by October' 2025. The applicable rate of interest is 18% p.a.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT 31st MARCH 2025

(Rs. In Lacs)

0.92

Note 17: Trade Payables

Trade payables 31 March 2025 31 March 2024

Dues to Micro Enterprises and Small Enterprises(as per the intimation received from vendors)

i) Principal amount due to suppliers under MSMED Act

ii) Interest accrued and due to suppliers under MSMED Act on the above amount

iii) Payment made to suppliers (other than interest) beyond appointed day during the year

iv) Interest paid to suppliers under MSMED Act

v) the amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding years, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the small enterprise, for the purpose of disallowance as a deductible expenditure under section 23.

v) Interest due and payable to suppliers under MSMED Act towards payments already made

vi) Interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of the accounting year

vii) The amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding years, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the small enterprise for the purpose of disallowance as a deductible expenditure under section 23 of the MSMED Act.

 Other trade payables
 289.77
 286.74

 290.70
 286.74

Notes:

1 For disclosure with respect to related party transactions refer note 29

2 Trade Payable Ageing 31/03/2025

			,				Total
Particulars	Unbilled Dues	Not Due	Less than 1 Year	1-2 Years	More than 3 Years		
i.MSME		0.92		-	-	0.92	
ii.Others		166.48	99.40	23.90	-	289.77	
iii.Disputed dues- MSME			-	-	-	-	
iv.Disputed dues- Others			-	-	-	-	

31/03/2024

						Total
Particulars	Unbilled Dues	Not Due	Less than 1 Year	1-2 Years	More than 3 Years	
i.MSME				-	-	-
ii.Others			285.77	0.97	-	286.74
iii.Disputed dues- MSME			-	-	-	_
iv.Disputed dues- Others			-	-	-	-

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT 31st MARCH 2025

Particulars		Non-Current		Current
	31 March 2025	31 March 2024	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Note 18 : Other financial liabilities				
Retention money from contractors and others			158.70	139.10
Expenses Payable			584.61	313.07
Others			25.00	91.00
	-	-	768.32	543.17
				_
	31 March 2025	31 March 2024	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Note 19 : Other Current liabilities				
Advance from Customers			222.10	222.31
Statutory Dues Payable			18.41	24.24
		-	240.51	246.55
	Non-C	urrent		rent
Break-up of financial liabilities carried at amortised cost	31 March 2025	31 March 2024	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Trade payables			290.70	286.74
Borrowings	-	32.76	5,187.76	4,113.84
Other financial liabilities			768.32	543.17
		32.76	6,246.77	4,943.75

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED 31st MARCH 2025

	PARTICULARS	FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31.03.2025	FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31.03.2024
	No. 20		
	ENUE FROM OPERATIONS Sale of Commercial Area	580.41	424.70
	(Refer Note-39)	300.41	424.70
		580.41	424.70
	Disclosure of disaggregated revenue recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss:		
	Sale of Commercial Area	580.41	424.70
		580.41	424.70
	Disclosure of disaggregated revenue recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss based on geographical segment:		
	Revenue from customers outside India	0.00	0.00
	Revenue from customers within India	580.41	424.70
		580.41	424.70
ОТН	No. 21 ER INCOME Interest		
	From Banks on deposits	1.62	1.51
	On Loans Income Tax refund	94.95 0.00	95.21 6.51
	Gain on Sale of investment	0.00	2581.20
	Total	96.57	2684.44
СНА	No. 22 NGES IN INVENTORIES AS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE YEAR		
	LAND	1310.51	1371.42
	WORK IN PROGRESS	5712.39	4781.10
		7022.90	6152.53
A	AS AT THE END OF THE YEAR		
	LAND	1222.80	1310.51
	WORK IN PROGRESS	6032.12 7254.92	5712.39 7022.90
		(232.02)	(870.37)
		(232.02)	(010.31)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED 31st MARCH 2025

PARTICULARS	FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31.03.2025	FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31.03.2024
Note No. 23		
EMPLOYEE BENEFITS EXPENSES		
Salaries and wages	32.08	42.06
Staff welfare expenses	4.53	5.09
Total	36.62	47.15
Note No. 24		
FINANCE COSTS Interest On:		
Interest On: Inter-Corporate Deposits	89.68	89.68
	90.60	90.60
	89.68	89.68
Note No. 25		
OTHER EXPENSES		
Electricity & Water charges	0.00	5.36
Rent	5.96	5.96
Repairs & maintenance Others	1.52	3.13
Rates and taxes	0.13	0.55
Communication expenses	0.21	0.36
Travelling & Conveyance expenses	4.29	6.25
Auditors' Remuneration (Refer Note- 38)	3.16	8.32
Advertisement, publicity & Sales Promotion Expenses	20.44	93.73
Legal charges and consultancy fees	13.28	12.84
Printing and stationery	0.54	0.38
Director's Sitting Fee	0.90	0.21
Bank charges	0.13	0.01
Listing Fee	3.70	3.48
Filling Fee	0.08	0.13
Miscellaneous expenses	0.82	7.18
Total	55.15	147.88

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED 31st MARCH 2025

Note -26 Earning per share

Basic and Diluted EPS amounts are calculated by dividing the profit /(loss) for the year attributable to equity holders of the company by the weighted average number of Equity shares outstanding during the year.

Diluted EPS amounts are calculated by dividing the profit / loss attributable to equity holders of the company by the weighted average number of Equity shares outstanding during the year plus the weighted average number of Equity shares that would be issued on conversion of all the dilutive potential Equity shares into Equity shares.

Particulars	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Profit attributable to equity holders of the Company:		
Continuing operations	(295.54)	2144.51
Profit attributable to equity holders for basic earnings Dilution effect	(295.54)	2144.51
Profit attributable to equity holders adjusted for dilution		
effect	(295.54)	2144.51
Weighted Average number of equity shares used for computing Earning Per Share (Basic & Diluted) *	74,12,524	74,12,524
* There have been no other transactions involving Equity shares or potential financial statements.	l Equity shares between the reporting date and the date of a	uthorisation of these
Earning Per Share - Continuing operations		
Basic Rs	(3.99)	28.93
Diluted Rs	(3.99)	28.93
Face value per share (Rs)	10	10

(Rs. In Lacs)

27 Income Taxes

The major components of income tax expense for the year ended 31 March 2025 and 31 March 2024 are:

A. Statement of profit and loss:

(i) Profit	ጼ	loss	section
11	<i>)</i> FIOIII		1033	36611011

	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Current income tax charge	0.00	41.20
Adjustments in respect of current income tax of previous year	2.47	0.00
Deferred tax:		
Relating to origination and reversal of temporary differences	-98.52	2.32
Income tax expense reported in the statement of Profit & loss	-96.05	43.52
(ii) OCI Section		
Deferred tax related to items recognised in OCI during the year:		
Net loss/(gain) on remeasurements of defined benefit plans	-0.03	-0.26
Income tax charged to OCI	-0.03	-0.26

B. Reconciliation of tax expense and the accounting profit multiplied by India's domestic tax rate for FY ended 31 March 2025 and 31 March 2024:

	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Accounting profit before income tax	-391.59	2,188.02
At India's statutory income tax rate of 25.168%	-98.56	550.68
Tax on difference in taxable LTCG and profit on investment as per books on accounts	0.00	-503.53
Impact of tax on brought forward losses adjusted	0.00	-1.13
Impact on difference in tax rate (25.168%-22.88%)	0.00	-4.11
Expenses not allowed as deduction	0.03	0.39
Impact of change in provisional and actual tax liability at the time of filing of ITR	2.47	1.22
At the effective income tax rate of 24.53%(31st March 2024 1.99%)	-96.05	43.52

C. Deferred tax

Deferred tax relates to the following:

Deferred tax arising from temporary differences Tax (income)/expense during the period recognised in OCI

Deferred tax expense/(income) Net deferred tax assets/(liabilities)

Reflected in the balance sheet as follows:

Balance sheet		Statement of profit and loss		
31 March 2025	31 March 2024	31 March 2025	31 March 2024	
194.19	95.63	-98.52	2.32	
		-0.03	-0.26	
		-98.56	2.05	
194.19	95.63	0.00	0.00	

	31 March 2025	31 March 2024	
Deferred tax liabilities (Net)	194.19	95.63	

Reconciliation of deferred tax liabilities (net):

	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Opening balance as of 1 April	95.63	97.69
Tax (income)/expense during the period recognised in Profit & loss	98.52	-2.32
Tax (income)/expense during the period recognised in OCI	0.03	0.26
Closing balance as at 31 March	194.19	95.63

Note:

¹ The company has recognised deferred tax assets during the year as the company is now hopeful of future taxable income agaisnt which future Deferred Tax Assets shall be adjusted.

² Previous year figures are not given since there was no income tax liability.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

Note -28 Segment Reporting

The business activity of the company falls within one broad business segment viz. "Construction Business and other related Real Estate Activities". The Gross income and profit / loss from the other segment is below the norms prescribed in Ind AS 108 Hence the disclosure requirement of Indian Accounting Standard 108 of "Segment Reporting" issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India is not considered applicable.

	MPDL LIMITED		
NOTES TO E	INANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH	2025	
<u>NOTES 101</u>	HANGIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE TEAR ENDED ST MARGIT	2023	
Note -29	(Rs. In		
Related party disclosures			
Names of related parties and description of relationship			
Name of the related party Mr. Braham Dutt Bhardwai	Relationsl	ľ	
,	Whole Time Director (Resig	ned on 17.07.2023)	
Ms Babika Goel	Director		
Mr. Bishwa Nath Chatterjee	Director (Resigned or		
Mr. Sanjeev Mittal	Director (Resigned or		
Mr. Santosh Kumar Jha	Whole Time Director (Appoi	nted on 24.02.2023)	
Mr. Rajesh Paliwal	Director (Appointed or	n 24.02.2023)	
Mr. Sagar Tanwar	Director (Appointed o	n 22.01.2024)	
Mr. Satyajit Pradhan	Chief Finance	Officer	
Ms. Shweta Bansal	Director (Appointed o	n 13.02.2025)	
Ms. Bhumika Chadha	Company Secretary (Appo	inted 17.07.2023)	
Mrs. Rinkal	Company Secretary (Resi	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Cambridge Construction (Delhi) Pvt. Ltd	Subsidiary (till 25.09.2023) Asso	*	
Seminary Tie-up private Limited	Entities with joint control or significant		
Genrise Global Staffing Private Limited	Step down Subsidiary (upto 25.09.2023)		
CCDPL Shekher Private Limited	Step down Subsidiary (upto 25.09.2023)		
Cambridge Logistics and Trade Private Limited	Step down Subsidiary (upto 25.09.2023)		
Kamdhenu Enterprise Limited	Entities with joint control or s		
Transactions during the period/ year:			
Head	Name	31-Mar-25	31-Mar-24
Key Management Personnel			
Reiumbursment of expenses	Mr. Braham Dutt Bhardwaj	-	0.10
Remuneration & Reimbursement Paid	Mr. Santosh Kumar Jha	20.00	18.26
Remuneration & Reimbursement Paid Remuneration & Reimbursement Paid	Mr. Satyajit Pradhan Mrs. Rinkal	7.12	6.08
		5.24	1.62
Remuneration & Reimbursement Paid Directors Meeting Fees	Ms. Bhumika Chadha	0.01	3.67 0.07
_	Ms Babika Goel		
Directors Meeting Fees Directors Meeting Fees	Mr. Bishwa Nath Chatterjee Ms. Shweta Bansal	- 0.15	0.01
Directors Meeting Fees Directors Meeting Fees	Mr. Sanjeev Mittal	0.15	0.05
Directors Meeting Fees Directors Meeting Fees	,		0.05
Directors Meeting Fees Directors Meeting Fees			0.07
Directors weeting rees	IVII. Gagai Tariwai	0.01	0.01
Entities with joint control or significant influence			
Interest Paid	Seminary Tie-up private Limited - 86.05		
Clasina Balanasa			
Closing Balances Semianry Tie Up Private Limited*		_	3,185.03
* transactions and balance reported till the relationship as relationship	L and party exists	- +	3,100.03

30 Financial Ratios

Ratio	Numerator	Denominator	31-Mar-25	31-Mar-24	% change	Reason for variance
Current ratio	Current Assets	Current Liabilities	1.56	1.78	-12.40	
Debt- Equity Ratio	Total Debt	Shareholder's Equity	0.70	0.54	30.09	Due to increase in debt during the current financial year
Debt Service Coverage	Earnings for debt service = Net profit	Debt service = Interest &	(0.34)	4.42	-107.76	Due to the negative PAT in C.Y.
ratio	after taxes + Non-cash operating	Lease Payments +				
	expenses+Interest	Principal Repayments				
Return on Equity ratio	Net Profits after taxes – Preference	Average Shareholder's	(0.04)	0.32	-112.10	Company is having a negative return on equity due to decrease in PAT.
	Dividend	Equity				
Inventory Turnover	Cost of goods sold	Average Inventory	0.08	0.06	32.32	Since sales booked on % completion method hence % of variance changes accordingly.
ratio						
Trade Receivable	Net credit sales = Gross credit sales -	Average Trade Receivable	0.70	0.82	-13.79	
Turnover Ratio	sales return					
Trade Payable	Net credit purchases = Gross credit	Average Trade Payables	-	0.07	-100.00	No purchase during the current year.
Turnover Ratio	purchases - purchase return					
Net Capital Turnover	Net sales = Total sales - sales return	Working capital = Current	0.16	0.10	53.24	Due to the decrease in working capital of the company.
Ratio		assets – Current liabilities				
Net Profit ratio	Net Profit	Net sales = Total sales -	(0.67)	5.15	-113.10	Decrease in profit after tax.
		sales return				
Return on Capital	Earnings before interest and taxes	Capital Employed =	(0.04)	0.29	-113.84	Decrease in Earning before interest and Tax
Employed		Tangible Net Worth +				
		Total Debt + Deferred Tax				
		Liability				
Return on Investment	Earnings before interest and taxes	Average total assets	(0.02)	0.18	-112.36	Decrease in Earning before interest and Tax

^{*} Average= (Opening+Closing)/2

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

Note-31 - Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Company's principal financial liabilities, comprise borrowings, trade and other payables, security deposits and others. The Company's principal financial assets include trade and other receivables and cash and short-term deposits and loans.

The Company is exposed to market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The Company's management oversees the management of these risks. The Company's senior management is supported by a Risk Management Compliance Board that advises on financial risks and the appropriate financial risk governance framework for the Company. The financial risk committee provides assurance to the Company's management that the Company's financial risk activities are governed by appropriate policies and procedures and that financial risks are identified, measured and managed in accordance with the Company's policies and risk objectives. The management reviews and agrees policies for managing each of these risks, which are summarised below.

I. Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises three types of risk: interest rate risk, currency risk and other price risk. Financial instruments affected by market risk include, deposits.

The sensitivity analyses of the above mentioned risk in the following sections relate to the position as at 31 March 2025 and 31 March 2024.

The analyses exclude the impact of movements in market variables on: the carrying values of gratuity and other post-retirement obligations; provisions; and the non-financial assets and liabilities of foreign operations. The analysis for contingent liabilities is provided in Note 34.

The following assumptions have been made in calculating the sensitivity analyses:

- The sensitivity of the relevant profit or loss item is the effect of the assumed changes in respective market risks. This is based on the financial assets and financial liabilities held at 31 March 2025 and 31 March 2024.

A. Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Company's exposure to the risk of changes in market interest rates relates primarily to the Company's debt obligations with floating interest rates. However the risk is very low due to negligible borrowings by the Company.

	Increase/decre ase in basis points	Effect on profit before tax
		INR Lacs
31-03-2025 INR	+50	(25.94)
INR	-50	25.94
31-03-2024 INR	+50	(20.73)
INR	-50	20.73

The assumed movement in basis points for the interest rate sensitivity analysis is based on the currently observable market environment, showing a significantly higher volatility than in prior years.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

B. Foreign currency sensitivity

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of an exposure will fluctuate because of changes in exchange rates. Foreign currency risk sensitivity is the impact on the Company's profit before tax is due to changes in the fair value of monetary assets and liabilities. The following tables demonstrate the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in USD and EURO exchange rates, with all other variables held constant.

	Change in USD rate	Effect on profit before	
		INR in Lacs	
31-03-2025	+5% -5%	0.00 0.00	
31-03-2024	+5% -5%	0.00 0.00	

The movement in the pre-tax effect on profit and loss is a result of a change in the fair value of derivative financial instruments not designated in a hedge relationship and monetary assets and liabilities denominated in INR, where the functional currency of the entity is a currency other than INR.

II. Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that counterparty will not meet its obligations under a financial instrument or customer contract, leading to a financial loss. The Company is exposed to credit risk from its operating activities (primarily trade receivables) and from its financing activities, including deposits with banks and financial institutions.

Credit risk from investments with banks and other financial institutions is managed by the Treasury functions in accordance with the management policies. Investments of surplus funds are only made with approved counterparties who meet the appropriate rating and/or other criteria, and are only made within approved limits. The management continually re-assess the Company's policy and update as required. The limits are set to minimise the concentration of risks and therefore mitigate financial loss through counterparty failure.

A. Trade receivables

Customer credit risk is managed by each business unit subject to the Company's established policy, procedures and control relating to customer credit risk management. Credit quality of a customer is assessed based on an extensive credit review and individual credit limits are defined in accordance with this assessment. Outstanding customer receivables are regularly monitored.

At the year end the Company does not have any significant concentrations of bad debt risk other than that disclosed in note 10.

An impairment analysis is performed at each reporting date on an individual basis for major clients. The calculation is based on historical data. The Company does not hold collateral as security. The Company evaluates the concentration of risk with respect to trade receivables as low, as its customers are located in several jurisdictions and operate in largely independent markets.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

B. Financial instruments and cash deposits

Credit risk from balances with banks and financial institutions is managed by the Company's treasury department in accordance with

III. Liquidity risk

The Company's objective is to maintain a balance between continuity of funding and flexibility through the use of bank overdrafts.

The table below summarises the maturity profile of the Company's financial liabilities based on contractual undiscounted payments.

					(Rs. In LAKHS)	
	On demand	Less than 3 months	3 to 12 months	1 to 5 years	> 5 years	Total
Year ended						
31-Mar-25						
Trade Payable		290.70				290.70
Borrowings	5,155.00		32.76	-		5,187.76
Other financial liabilities			768.32			768.32
	5,155.00	290.70	801.07	0.00	0.00	6,246.77
					(Rs. In LAKI	HS)
Year ended					`	<u>, </u>
31-Mar-24						
Trade Payable	-	286.74	-	-	-	286.74
Borrowings	4,054.00		59.84	32.76	-	4,146.59
Other financial liabilities	-	0.00	543.17	-	-	543.17
	4,054.00	286.74	603.01	32.76	0.00	4,976.50

IV. Excessive risk concentration

Concentrations arise when a number of counterparties are engaged in similar business activities, or activities in the same geographical region, or have economic features that would cause their ability to meet contractual obligations to be similarly affected by changes in economic, political or other conditions. Concentrations indicate the relative sensitivity of the Company's performance to developments affecting a particular industry.

The Company's marketing facilities are situated in different geographies. Similarly the distribution network is spread PAN India.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

Note: 32

Capital Management

The objective of the Company's capital management structure is to ensure that there remains sufficient liquidity within the Company to carry out committed work programme requirements. The Company monitors the long term cash flow requirements of the business in order to assess the requirement for changes to the capital structure to meet that objective and to maintain flexibility.

The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it, in light of changes to economic conditions. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may adjust the dividend payment to shareholders, return capital, issue new shares for cash, repay debt, put in place new debt facilities or undertake other such restructuring activities as appropriate.

No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes during the year ended 31 March 2025.

(Rs. In Lacs)

	,	(110. III = a00)
	At 31 March 2025	At 31 March 2024
Borrowings	5,187.76	4,146.59
Less: Cash & Cash Equivalents	48.27	38.51
Total debts (A)	5,139.49	4,108.08
Total Equity (B)	7,424.72	7,720.36
Gearing ratio	0.69	0.53

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

33 Leases

IND AS 116

a) The Company has adopted Ind AS 116 'Leases' from 1 April, 2019, which resulted in changes in accounting policies in the standalone financial statements.

b) Practical expedients applied

In applying Ind AS 116 for the first time, the Company has used the practical expedients permitted by the standard:

- applying a single discount rate to a portfolio of leases with reasonably similar characteristics
- accounting for operating leases with a remaining lease term of less than 12 months as at 1 April 2024 as short-term leases

c) Lease payments not recognised as lease liabilities:

(Rs. In Lacs)

Particulars		Year ended	Year ended
		31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Expenses relating to short term leases (included in	·	5.96	5.96
other expenses)			
Expenses relating to variable lease payments not		-	-
included in lease payments			
Total		5.96	5.96

OTHER NOTES ON ACCOUNTS

34 Contingent liabilities and commitments

Particulars	31 March 2025 (₹)	31 March 2024 (₹)
Contingent liabilities:		
In respect of demand notice/orders received from Income Tax		
Dept. pending before higher authorities	27.13	27.13
In respect of demand notice/orders received from Haryana		
VAT Dept. pending before higher authorities	25.13	-
Commitments:		
a) Liability on account of Enhanced external development	155.42	259.03
Charges		
b) Outstanding Bank Guarantee	12.36	12.36

- 35 Balance confirmations have not been received from some of the parties showing debit/credit balances. The same is not material.
- 36 The company has made payment to the authorities against External/Internal Development Charges (EDC/IDC) on behalf of the customers and is collecting the same from them. Thus the company is acting as agent of the customers for the purpose of payment of EDC/IDC to the authorities and therefore is showing the same as other recoverable under note-8 in the financial statement.

37 Retirement Benefits: Gratuity & Leave Encashment

The following tables summarises the components of the net employee benefit expenses recognized in the Statement of Profit & Loss and amount recognized in the balance (A): Gratuity Obligation

Table Showing Changes in Present Value of Obligations:

Period	From: 01-04-2024 To: 31-F	From: 01-04-2023 To: 31-03-
	03-2025	2024
Present value of the obligation at the beginning of the period	5,71,892	9,52,289
Interest cost	41,462	71,422
Current service cost	1,12,636	1,14,076
Past Service Cost	-	-
Benefits paid (if any)	(46,051)	(6,71,051)
Actuarial (gain)/loss	13,732	1,05,156
Present value of the obligation at the end of the period	6,93,671	5,71,892

Key results (The amount to be recognized in the Balance Sheet):

Period	As on: 31-03-2025	As on: 31-03-2024
Present value of the obligation at the end of the period	6,93,671	5,71,892
Fair value of plan assets at end of period	0	0
Net liability/(asset) recognized in Balance Sheet and related	6.93.671	5.71.892
analysis	0,93,071	5,71,692
Funded Status - Surplus/ (Deficit)	(6,93,671)	(5,71,892)

Expense recognized in the statement of Profit and Loss:

Expense recognized in the statement of Front and Loss.					
Period		From: 01-04-2024 To:	From: 01-04-2023 To: 31-		
		31-03-2025	03-2024		
Interest cost		41,462	71,422		
Current service cost		1,12,636	1,14,076		
Past Service Cost		0	0		
Expected return on plan asset		0	0		
Expenses to be recognized in P&L		154098	1,85,498		

Other comprehensive (income) / expenses (Remeasurement)

Period		From: 01-04-2023 To: 31-
	31-03-2025	03-2024
Cumulative unrecognized actuarial (gain)/loss opening. B/F	3,54,029	2,48,873
Actuarial (gain)/loss - obligation	13,732	1,05,156
Actuarial (gain)/loss - plan assets	0	0
Total Actuarial (gain)/loss	13,732	1,05,156
Cumulative total actuarial (gain)/loss. C/F	3,67,761	3,54,029

Net Interest Cost

Period		From: 01-04-2024 To:	From: 01-04-2023 To: 31-
		31-03-2025	03-2024
Interest cost on defined benefit obligation		41,462	71,422
Interest income on plan assets		0	0
Net interest cost (Income)		41,462	71,422

Summary of membership data at the date of valuation and statistics based thereon:

Period	As on: 31-03-2024	As on: 31-03-2024
Number of employees	8	9
Total monthly salary	2,22,426	2,49,226
Average Past Service(Years)	5.9	4.8
Average Future Service (yrs)	14.9	14.5
Average Age(Years)	43.1	43.5
Weighted average duration (based on discounted cash flows)	12	12
in years	12	12
Average monthly salary	27,803	27,692

Actuarial assumptions provided by the company and employed for the calculations are tabulated:

Discount rate		6.75 % per annum	7.25 % per annum
Salary Growth Rate		5.00 % per annum	5.00 % per annum
Mortality		IALM 2012-14	IALM 2012-14
Attrition / Withdrawal Rate (per Annum)		10.00% p.a.	5.00% p.a.

Benefits valued:

Normal Retirement Age		58 Years	58 Years
Salary		Last drawn qualifying	Last drawn qualifying
Salal y		salary	salary
Vesting Period		5 Years of service	5 Years of service
Benefits on Normal Retirement		15/26 * Salary * Past	15/26 * Salary * Past
Deficits of Normal Retirement	S	Service (yr).	Service (yr).
Benefit on early exit due to death and disability		As above except that no vesting conditions apply	As above except that no vesting conditions apply
Limit		2000000	2000000

Maturity Profile of Defined Benefit Obligation: Maturity analysis of benefit obligations.

01 Apr 2024 to 31 Mar 2025		17,545
01 Apr 2025 to 31 Mar 2026	1,22,078	49,472
01 Apr 2026 to 31 Mar 2027	35,081	15,625
01 Apr 2027 to 31 Mar 2028	35,081	51,111
01 Apr 2028 to 31 Mar 2029	35,056	13,482
01 Apr 2029 to 31 Mar 2030	34,690	4,24,657
01 Apr 2030 Onwards	4,31,685	

Sensitivity Analysis: Significant actuarial assumptions for the determination of the defined benefit obligation are discount rate and expected salary increase

Period	As on: 31-03-2025 As on: 31-03-2024
Defined Benefit Obligation (Base)	6,93,671 @ Salary Increase Rate : 5%, and discount rate :6.75% 5,71,892 @ Salary Increase Rate : 5%, and discount rate :7.25%
Liability with x% increase in Discount Rate	6,54,854; x=1.00%
Liability with x% decrease in Discount Rate	7,36,745; x=1.00%
Liability with x% increase in Salary Growth Rate	7,37,053; x=1.00%
Liability with x% decrease in Salary Growth Rate	6,53,898; x=1.00%
Liability with x% increase in Withdrawal Rate	6,97,031; x=1.00% 5,75,928; x=1.00% [Change 0%] [Change 1%]
Liability with x% decrease in Withdrawal Rate	6,90,025; x=1.00%

Current Liability (*Expected payout in next year as per schedule III of the Companies Act, 2013) :

Period		As on: 31-03-2025	As on: 31-03-2024
Current Liability (Short Term)*		1,22,078	17,545
Non Current Liability (Long Term)		5,71,593	5,54,347
Total Liability		6,93,671	5,71,892

(b): Earned Leave Obligation

Table Showing Changes in Present Value of Obligations:

able showing changes in 1 resent value of obligations.			
Period			From: 01-04-2023 To: 31-
i enod		31-03-2025	03-2024
Present value of the obligation at the beginning of the period		2,53,255	2,59,707
Interest cost		18,361	19,478
Current service cost		50,606	52,579
Benefits paid (if any)		-34,170	-95,449
Actuarial (gain)/loss		17,943	16,940
Present value of the obligation at the end of the period		3,05,995	2,53,255

Key results (The amount to be recognized in the Balance Sheet):

Period	As on: 31-03-2025	As on: 31-03-2024
Present value of the obligation at the end of the period	3,05,995	2,53,255
Fair value of plan assets at end of period	0	0
Net liability/(asset) recognized in Balance Sheet and related	3.05.995	2.53.255
analysis	3,03,993	2,55,255
Funded Status - Surplus/ (Deficit)	-3,05,995	(2,53,255)

Expense recognized in the statement of profit and loss:

Period	From: 01-04-2024 To: 31-03-2025	From: 01-04-2023 To: 31- 03-2024
Interest cost	18,361	19,478
Current service cost	50,606	52,579
Expected return on plan asset	0	0
Net actuarial (gain)/loss recognized in the period	17,943	16,940
Expenses to be recognized in P&L	86,910	88,996

The assumptions employed for the calculations are tabulated:

Discount rate		6.75 % per annum	7.25 % per annum
Salary Growth Rate		5.00 % per annum	5.00 % per annum
Mortality		IALM 2012-14	IALM 2012-14
Attrition / Withdrawal Rate (per Annum)		10.00% p.a.	5.00% p.a.

Benefits valued:

58 Years	58 Years
As per rules of the	As per rules of the
company	company
1/30 * Salary * Number	1/30 * Salary * Number of
of leaves.	leaves.
As above, subject to	As above, subject to rules
rules of the company.	of the company.
As above, subject to	As above, subject to rules
rules of the company.	of the company.
	As per rules of the company 1/30 * Salary * Number of leaves. As above, subject to rules of the company. As above, subject to

Total Liability

Period		As on: 31-03-2025	As on: 31-03-2024
Current Liability (Short Term)*		59,603	16,114
Non Current Liability (Long Term)		2,46,392	2,37,141
Total Liability		3,05,995	2,53,255

38	Payment to Statutoty Auditors	31/03/2025	31/03/2024
	For Statutory Audit	2.25	2.00
	For taxation matters	0.25	5.73
	For Company law matters	0.46	0.55
	For Other certification (Debited to project cost)	-	-
	For Other certification	0.21	0.04

The Company is having a project for Construction and Development of multistoried complex comprising retail shop and office space at Faridabad Haryana under the name M-1 Tower. The construction work in respect of the above said project has completed upto more than specified percentage hence proportionate cost of construction, cost of land and sales has been recognized in the Profit and Loss account as per the accounting policy. Balance advance received from customers as booking money/installments, if any, is carried over as liability in other current liabilities and amount incurred on construction cost including interest paid is carried forward as stock.

- 40 Additional regulatory information required by Schedule III
 - (i) **Details of benami property held** No proceedings have been initiated on or are pending against the entity for holding benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and Rules made thereunder.
 - (ii) **Borrowing secured against current assets** Entity has borrowings from banks and financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets. The quarterly returns or statements of current assets filed by the entity with banks and financial institutions are in agreement with the books of accounts.
 - (iii) Wilful defaulter Entiy hasn't been declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority.
 - (iv) Relationship with struck off companies Entity has no transactions with the companies struck off under Companies Act, 2013 or Companies Act, 1956.
 - (v) Compliance with number of layers of companies Entity has complied with the number of layers prescribed under the Companies Act, 2013.
 - (vi) Compliance with approved scheme(s) of arrangements Entity has not entered into any scheme of arrangement which has an accounting impact on current or previous financial year.
 - (vii) **Utilisation of borrowed funds and share premium** Entity has not advanced or loaned or invested funds to any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Intermediaries) with the understanding that the Intermediary shall: a. directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the group (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or b. provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the ultimate beneficiaries Entity has not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the group shall: a. directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or b. provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the ultimate beneficiaries
 - (viii) **Undisclosed income** There is no income surrendered or disclosed as income during the current or previous year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961, that has not been recorded in the books of account.
 - (ix) Details of crypto currency or virtual currency Entity has not traded or invested in crypto currency or virtual currency during the current or previous year.
 - (x) **Valuation of PP&E, intangible asset and investment property** Entity has not revalued its property, plant and equipment (including right-of-use assets) or intangible assets or both during the current or previous year.
- 41 Previous Year's figures have been regrouped wherever considered necessary.

In terms of our report of even date annexed

For O P BAGLA & CO LLP CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS Firm Regn No. 000018N / N500091

 Sd/ Sd/

 DATED : 29/05/2025
 (Atul Aggarwal)
 RAJESH PALIWAL
 SANTOSH KUMAR JHA

PLACE : NEW DELHI PARTNER DIRECTOR WHOLE-TIME DIRECTOR M No. 092656 DIN 03098155 DIN 10052694

Sd/BHUMIKA CHADHA SATYAJIT PRADHAN
COMPANY SECRETARY CHIEF FINANCE OFFICER
M.No. A46115 PAN. BYZPP2602M

DESCRIPTION	AS AT 31.03.2025 Rs.	AS AT 31.03.2024 Rs.
Long Term Loans & Advances		
Advances Others - Unsecured		
Mr.K.K.Modi (La Tropicana)	214.90	214.90
Cosmic Orange Infraventures Pvt. Ltd.	50.72	50.72
In shares of AIKO Builders (Sabar space builders LLP)	1,200.00	1,200.00
Grand Total	1,465.63	1,465.63
Loans Given		
Aiko Builders Pvt Ltd. (ICD)	1,265.41	1,179.96
Less : Interest Receivable	-210.41	-124.96
	1,055.00	1,055.00
Short Term Loans & Advances		
Advances- Others		
Advance to Suppliers & Others	22.91	44.19
Modi Knits & Laces Limited (Recoverable)	6.12	6.12
	29.03	50.31
Other Recoverable		
EDC & IDC Paid to the Authority	1,004.30	870.43
Less: Recovered from Customers	(128.86)	(109.11)
	875.43	761.32
Income Tax Advances		
AY		
2009-2010	56.48	56.48
2010-2011	4.92	4.92
2011-2012	0.11	0.11
2012-2013	1.01	1.01
2013-2014	3.96	3.96
2014-2015	0.08	0.08
2015-2016	18.00	18.00
2016-2017	1.82	1.82
2018-2019	2.41	2.41
2024-2025	1.61	1.93
TDS & TCS	11.49	13.65
Less: Adjusted with Provision	0.00	-15.58
TOTAL	101.90	88.80
GST INPUT		
Input CGST Claimable	381.43	332.54
Input IGST Claimable	0.06	7.66
Input SGST Claimable	295.79	252.34
GST Receivable	22.06	22.06
TOTAL	699.34	614.60

Balance with Scheduled Banks		
ICICI Bank Ltd.	0.09	0.20
HDFC Bank Ltd.(C/a -00272050001286)	19.17	33.77
HDFC Bank Ltd.(C/a -50200013232252)	28.84	4.10
TOTAL	48.11	38.07
Security Deposits		
Security Depoist- Electricity	17.79	17.79
Security Deposit - CCD Machine	0.25	0.25
Security Deposit - DHBVN (Refundable)	2.03	2.03
Security Deposit - Galaxy Magnum Infraheights Limit	1.49	1.49
Security Deposit - HSPCB	4.53	4.53
Security Deposit - Paid	1.25	1.25
TOTAL	27.34	27.34
Advance to Suppliers & Others		
ASHOO DECOR (INDIA)	5.15	_
Bhagwati Enterprises	0.04	-
Sterling Generators Pvt. Ltd.	-	45.10
Mob. Adv. Sterling Generators Pvt. Ltd.	3.84	4.30
Mobilization - Harcomp Airflex Pvt. Ltd.	-	23.92
Mobilzation - Tanishka Contractors	-	10.00
Tanishka Contractor	-	10.00
Ram Niwas and Sons	0.16	0.16
Wonder Cement Limited	-	1.30
Chemflow Water Technologies Pvt. Ltd.	8.00	-
Daikin Airconditioning India Pvt. Ltd.	-	4.20
Mob Appletree Building Maintenance Pvt. Ltd.	4.39	6.25
Nuvoco Vistas Corporation Ltd.	1.25	2.44
SAHVIA FACADE PRIVATE LIMITED	0.07	4.00
Less : Sterling & Saan provision		-67.48
Total	22.91	44.19

DESCRIPTION	AS AT 31.12.2024	AS AT 31.03.2024
	Rs.	Rs.
Object Terms Bernarden		
Short Term Borrowing Golden Vincom Pvt Ltd	220.00	151.95
BDS Developer Pvt Ltd	74.41	70.00
Indowave Services Pvt Ltd.	31.89	30.00
Perficient Global Trading Pvt. Ltd	63.45	50.00
Kungposh Financial Advisors Pvt. Ltd	148.26	50.65
Mair Securities Pvt. Ltd	227.99	187.40
Goodview Vanjiya Pvt Ltd.	116.77	202.14
MTI Materials Private Limited	6.14	60.00
Tally Up Ventures Pvt Ltd.	600.59	565.00
Wave Buildwell P. Ltd.	62.94	10.58
Deligent Innovators Private Limited	879.77	797.38
•	1,261.09	974.97
Seminary Tie Ups Pvt. LtdLoan Vasudev Infrastructure Pvt. Ltd.	•	587.13
Surva Movers Pvt Ltd	1,269.21 163.65	150.15
•		
HARJIKA ASSOCIATES PVT LTD	351.93	175.00
Genesis Finance Company Limited	101.38	101.33
Shri Aryavat Trading (P) Ltd	120.20	0.00
Omnia Appliances Private Limited DPG Finance Pvt Ltd Loan.	0.00	190.79
Biotavia Labs Private Limited.	5.14	0.00
	25.09	0.00
Less : Interest payable	-574.90	-300.48
	5,155.00	4,054.00
Long Term Borrowing		
Genesis Finance Company Limited	32.76	92.59
Less:	02.70	02.00
Current Maturity	-32.76	-59.84
ourion matarity	02.10	00.01
	0.00	32.76
Tue de Develdes		
<u>Trade Payables</u> <u>Trade Payables-MSME</u>		
O P Bagla & Co LLP	0.00	0.00
Elite Industrial Security Service	0.00	0.00
Line industrial decurity dervice	0.92	0.00
Trade Payables-Others	0.02	0.00
Akriti Infra	0.03	0.00
Appletree Building Maintenance Pvt Ltd.	7.28	0.00
Tanishka Contractor	17.15	0.00
Bharti Airtel Limited	0.01	0.01
CeCube Engineering India Pvt. Ltd	0.00	0.14
Astha Associates	0.22	0.38
Brij Raj Creative	0.00	0.02
Balaji Media Solutions	0.00	4.97
Faridabad Publicity LLP	0.00	4.05
Lehar Advertising Pvt Ltd	0.21	0.00
National Securities Depository Limited	0.08	0.07
Hitech Engineers & Consultants Pvt. Ltd.	27.70	35.50
Living Audio Pvt Ltd.	0.00	0.81
Sagar Tanwar	0.00	0.01
TOSHIBA JOHNSON ELEVATORS (INDIA) PRIVATE LIMITED	2.71	10.31
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Ashoo Decor (India)	0.00	50.16
Ai Nova Lighting	0.38	0.00
Chandra Associates	0.77	0.00
Marble City	9.75	33.11
Rhine Jaybee Power Pvt. Ltd	0.00	4.72
HARCOMP AIRFLEX PVT. LTD.	1.64	12.85
Hindustan Signagess Pvt Ltd	1.73	3.86
Saan Enterprises	130.31	81.60
Jagrati Civil Constructions (P) Ltd.	66.03	31.44
Sandhya Lites.	0.43	0.00
Lehar Advertising Pvt Ltd	0.00	0.42
SJNJ Management Services	10.80	6.48
Sachdeva Consultants	4.19	3.38
TalForce Services Private Limited	0.16	0.00
Mayank Advertisers	2.46	2.46
Sterling Generators Pvt. Ltd.	2.79	0.00
Sterling Green Power Solutions Pvt Ltd	2.96	0.00
	289.77	286.74
	290.70	286.74

Retention from Contractors & others		
Retention Money (Acres Buildwell Pvt. Ltd.)	30.00	30.00
Retention Money-Harcomp Airflex Pvt. Ltd.	17.65	15.55
Retention Money-Hitech Engineers & Consultants P. L	17.48	16.23
Retention Money-Jagrati Civil Constructions Pvt. Ltd	13.44	11.43
Retention Money-Saan Enterprises	24.17	10.53
Retention Money-KLA Const. Technologies Pvt. Ltd.	0.60	0.60
Retention Money-Sterling Generators Pvt. Ltd.	1.81	1.09
Ret. Money-Chemflow Water Technologies Pvt. Ltd.	0.59	0.59
Retention Money-Appletree Building Maintenance P. L	0.41	0.00
Retention Money-Ashoo Decor (India)	30.77	53.08
Retention Money-Akriti Infra	0.37	0.00
Hold-Harcomp Airflex Pvt. Ltd.	21.40	0.00
	158.70	139.10
Other Financial Linkillia	100.70	100.10
Other Financial Liabilities	25.00	05.00
Urban RS LLP	25.00	25.00
JADS Services Pvt Ltd.	0.00	49.00
Pavitra Commercials Limited	0.00	17.00
	25.00	91.00
<u>Provision for Expenses</u>		
Expenses Payable	1.64	4.23
Salary Payable	5.37	5.74
Employees Benevolence Fund	0.70	0.63
Interest payable	574.90	300.48
Audit Fee Payable	2.00	2.00
	584.61	313.07
		0.0.0.
ADVANCE FROM CUSTOMERS		
Advance Received against Faridabad Project	1,921.93	1,669.77
Less Adjusted against Sales 2019-20	-566.27	-566.27
Less Adjusted against EDC/IDC 2019-20	-47.25	-47.25
Less Adjusted against EDC/IDC 2020-21-Reversed	47.25	47.25
Less Adjusted against Sales 2020-21	-308.21	-308.21
Less Adjusted against Sales 2021-22	-596.68	-596.68
Less Adjusted against Sales 2022-23	-434.78	-434.78
Less Adjusted against Sales 2023-24	-424.70	-424.70
Less Adjusted against Sales 2024-25	-580.41	0.00
Add: Transferred to Trade Receivable	989.13	661.08
	0.00	0.20
Advances from customers- Pending booking	200.40	000.40
Rajgshag Exim Private Limited	222.10	222.10
	222.10	222.10
Statutory dues Payable		
T.D.S.Payable Contractor	1.97	1.94
T.D.S.Payable Interest	14.58	20.33
T.D.S.Payable Interest(MB)	0.00	0.00
T.D.S.Payable Professional+194R	0.00	0.70
	0.92	00
T.D.S.Payable Rent	0.92 0.05	0.43
T.D.S.Payable Rent T.D.S.Payable Salary		
•	0.05	0.43
T.D.S.Payable Salary	0.05 0.35	0.43 0.24

DESCRIPTION	AS AT 31.03.2025	AS AT 31.03.2024
	Rs.	Rs.
Salary, Wages & Allowances		
Earn Leave Encashment	0.87	0.89
Salary	10.81	15.44
H.R.A.	5.41	
Conveyance	0.77	
Medical Allowance	0.60	0.73
L.T.A. Allowance	0.00	
Special Allowance	10.02	
L.T.Assistance.	0.00	0.60
Graturity Paid	1.54	
Admn. Charges on P.F.	0.13	
Employer's F.P.F.Contribution	0.90	
Employer's P.F.Contributions	0.32	
Incentive to staff	0.64	
Insurance Fund	0.07	0.08
	32.08	42.06
Communication Expenses		
Postage & Telegram Expenses	0.00	0.10
Telephone	0.21	0.26
, -1	0.21	-
Fravelling & Conveyance		
Conveyance Expenses	5.24	5.31
Travelling Expenses	0.00	0.94
Misc.	-0.96	0.00
	0 4.29	6.25
Staff Welfare		
Staff Welfare	4.53	5.09
	4.53	5.09
Misc. Expenses	0.05	0.40
Misc. Exp.	-0.05	
E-VOTING	0.00	
Fees & Subscriptions Donation	0.74 0.11	1.95 1.50
onation nterest on Service Tax/GST	0.00	
Interest on Service Tax/GST Interest Paid on income Tax/Late TDS Payment	0.00	0.04
merest i alu on income Tavilate TDS Fayineit	0.82	7.18
	0.02	1.10

Independent Auditors' Report

TO THE MEMBERS OF MPDL LIMITED

Report on the Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying consolidated Ind AS financial statements of MPDL Limited. (hereinafter referred to as "the Parent Company") and its Associates (the Company and its associates together referred to as "the Group"), which comprise of the Consolidated Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2025, the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity, and Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "the consolidated Ind AS financial statements).

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid consolidated Ind AS financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the consolidated state of affairs of Parent company and its associates as at March 31, 2025, their consolidated profit/loss (Including other comprehensive income), its consolidated changes in equity, and their cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of the consolidated Ind AS financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the parent company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("ICAI") together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated Ind AS financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. We do not consider any matter to be key audit matter to be communicated in our report for the year under audit.

Information Other than the Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statements and Auditors' Report Thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of other information. The other information comprises Director's report, Corporate Governance report, Business responsible report and Management Discussion and Analysis of Annual report, but does not include the consolidated Ind AS financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. The Director's report, Corporate Governance report, Business responsible report and Management Discussion and Analysis of Annual report is expected to be made available to us after the date of this auditors' report.

Our opinion on the consolidated Ind AS financial statements does not cover the other information and we will not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated Ind AS financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above when it becomes available and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated Ind AS financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

When we read such other information as and when made available to us and if we conclude that there is a material misstatement therein, we are required to communicate the matter to those charged with governance.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these consolidated Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position, consolidated financial performance, consolidated changes in equity and consolidated cash flows of the parent company and its jointly controlled entities in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 as amended. Respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group, are responsible for maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Group and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the consolidated Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated Ind AS financial statements, respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group are also responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated Ind AS financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated Ind AS financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated Ind AS
 financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit
 procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and
 appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material
 misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud
 may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the
 override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the consolidated Ind AS financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated Ind AS
 financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated Ind AS
 financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner
 that achieves fair presentation.

- We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other
 matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings,
 including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our
 audit.
- We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.
- From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated Ind AS financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report, to the extent applicable, that:
 - (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit of the aforesaid consolidated Ind AS financial statements.
 - (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law relating to preparation of the aforesaid consolidated Ind AS financial statements have been kept so far as it appears from our examination of those books except having a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
 - (c) The Consolidated Balance Sheet, the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss (Including the other comprehensive income), the Consolidated Cash Flow Statement and the Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the relevant books of account maintained for the purpose of preparation of the consolidated Ind AS financial statements.
 - (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid consolidated Ind AS financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standard) Rules, 2015 as amended.
 - (e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2025 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2025 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.

- (f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure I". Our report expresses an unmodified opinion on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting.
- (g) According to information and explanations given to us, the managerial remuneration paid and provided by the company during the year is in accordance with as prescribed by the provisions of section 197 read with Schedule V of the Companies Act, 2013.
- (h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditors' Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors') Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - I. The Company has disclosed impact of pending litigations on its financial position in its financial statements. (Refer Note- 34)
 - II. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
 - III. There has been no amount, required to be transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
 - IV. (a) The Management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources- or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person or entity, including foreign entity ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries:
 - (b) The Management has represented, that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been received by the Company from any person or entity, including foreign entity ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
 - (c) Based on the audit procedures that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) of Rule 11(e), as provided under (a) and (b) above, contain any material misstatement.

- V. The Company has not proposed, declared or paid any dividend during the year under audit.
- VI. Based on our examination, the Company has used accounting software for maintaining its books of account for the financial year ended March 31, 2025 which does not have a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and therefore the audit trail for earlier years have also not been preserved by the company as per the statutory requirements for record retention.
- 2. With respect to the matters specified in clause (xxi) of paragraph 3 of the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 (the "Order"/ "CARO") issued by the Central Government in terms of Section 143(11) of the Act, to be included in the Auditor's Report, we report that according to the information and explanations given to us, and based on the CARO report issued by us for the Company and its subsidiaries/associates included in the consolidated financial statements, there are no qualifications or adverse remarks in such reports.

FOR O P BAGLA & CO LLP CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS FRNo. 000018N/N500091

(ATUL AGGARWAL) PARTNER M.No. 92656

UDIN: 25092656BMLJF8779

PLACE: NEW DELHI DATED: 29/05/2025

ANNEXURE- I TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

(Referred to in paragraph 2(f) under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report of even date)

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of **MPDL LIMITED**. ("the Company") as of 31st March 2025 in conjunction with our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects. Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness.

Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the audit evidence I/we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that

- (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company;
- (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and
- (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, the company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at 31st March 2025, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on "Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting" issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

FOR O P BAGLA & CO LLP CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS FRNo. 000018N/N500091

> (ATUL AGGARWAL) PARTNER M.No. 92656

UDIN: 25092656BMLJF8779

PLACE: NEW DELHI DATED: 29/05/2025

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31ST MARCH, 2025

CONSOLIDATED BALANC	E SHEET AS AT 3151	MARCH, 2025	(Rs. In Lacs)
PARTICULARS	Note	AS AT	AS AT
ASSETS		31.03.2025	31.03.2024
(1) Non-current assets Property, plant and equipment			
-Tangible Assets	3	4.18	6.37
Financial assets	· ·		G.G.
(i) Investments	4	3,332.44	3,432.08
(ii) Loans	5	1,055.00	1,055.00
(iii) Other Financial Assets	6	48.79	46.93
Deferred tax Assets (net) Other Non Current Assets	7 8	194.19 1,567.52	95.63 1,554.43
Sub Total	Ü	6,202.12	6,190.43
(2) Current assets			
Inventories	9	7,254.92	7,022.90
Financial assets			
(i) Trade receivables	10	989.13	661.08
(ii) Cash and cash equivalents	11	48.27	38.51
(iii) Bank balances other than (ii) above	12	2.00	2.00
Other current assets	8	1,817.86	1,554.31
Sub Total		10,112.18	9,278.80
Total Assets		16,314.31	15,469.23
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
(1) Equity			
Equity share capital	13	741.25	741.25
Other Equity	14	9,075.77	9,471.05
Sub Total		9,817.02	10,212.30
(2) LIABILITIES			
(a) Non-current liabilities			
Financial liabilities			
(i) Borrowings	15	-	32.76
(ii) Provisions Sub Total	16	8.18 8.18	7.91 40.67
(b) Current liabilities			
Financial liabilities	15	5,187.76	4,113.84
(i) Borrowings (ii) Trade Payables	15	5,167.76	4,113.04
- Dues of micro and small enterprises	18	0.92	-
- Dues of creditors other than micro and small enterprises	18	289.77	286.74
(iii) Other financial liabilities	17	768.32	543.17
Other current liabilities	19	240.51	246.55
Provisions	16	1.82	25.96
Sub Total		6,489.11	5,216.25
Total Equity and Liabilities	-	16,314.31	15,469.23
	=	10,014.01	10,400.20
Significant Accounting Policies	1 & 2		
The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statem			
	report of even date annexed For O P BAGLA & CO LLP		
	ARTERED ACCOUNTANTS		
	gn No. 000018N / N500091		
DATED : 29/05/2025	ATUL AGGARWAL	Sd/- RAJESH PALIWAL	Sd/- SANTOSH KUMAR JHA
PLACE : NEW DELHI	PARTNER	DIRECTOR	WHOLE-TIME DIRECTOR
. Dist. inthis section	M.No.92656	DIN: 03098155	DIN: 10052694
		641	04/
		Sd/-	Sd/-
	co	BHUMIKA CHADHA MPANY SECRETARY	SATYAJIT PRADHAN CHIEF FINANCE OFFICER
	-		
		M.N. A46115	PAN: BYZPP2602M

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2025

(Rs. In Lacs)

	Particulars	Notes	For the Year ended	(Rs. In Lacs
			31 March 2025	31 March 2024
ı	REVENUE			
	Revenue from operations	20	580.41	733.5
	Other income	21	96.57	2731.00
	Total Revenue (I)		676.98	3,464.57
II	EXPENSES			
	Transportation Charges		-	226.3
	Construction Expenses		1,116.96	
	Changes in inventories of finished goods, stock-in-trade and work in progress	22	(232.02) (870.37
	Employee benefits expense	23	36.62	
	Finance costs	24	89.68	
	Depreciation and amortization expense	25	2.19	
	Other expenses	26	176.24	422.2
	Total expenses (II)		1,189.65	1,567.22
Ш	Profit/(loss) for the year from continuing operations (I-II)		(512.67	1,897.35
IV	Exceptional Items		-	-
٧	Profit/(loss) before tax from continuing operations (III-IV)		(512.67) 1,897.35
VI	Tax expense:			
	Current Tax			
	- For Current Year		-	41.20
	- For Earlier Year		2.47	-
	Deferred Tax		(98.52	
VII	Profit/ (loss) for the year (V-VI)		(416.62) 1,853.83
/III	Other Comprehensive Income			
	A Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent period			
	Other (specify nature)		-	-
	Income tax effect		-	-
	B Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent period			
	Re-measurement gains (losses) on defined benefit plans		(0.14	
	Income tax effect		0.03	
	Gain/(Loss) on fair valuation of investment in equity shares Income tax effect		21.45 -	2.21
IX	Total Comprehensive Income for the Year		(00.7.00	
	(VII+VIII)		(395.28) 1,855.25
	Net (loss)/profit attributable to:			
	(a) Owners of the Company		(416.62	
	(b) Non-controlling interest		-	(0.11
	Other comprehensive income attributable to:			
	(a) Owners of the Company		21.34	
	(b) Non-controlling interest		-	0.00
	Total comprehensive income attributable to:			
	(a) Owners of the Company		(395.28	
	(b) Non-controlling interest		-	(0.11)

Earnings per equity share for continuing operations

Basic, & Diluted 27 **(5.62)** 25.01

Significant Accounting Policies

1 & 2

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

In terms of our report of even date annexed

For O P BAGLA & CO LLP CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS Firm Regn No. 000018N / N500091

Sd/- Sd/-

ATUL AGGARWAL RAJESH PALIWAL SANTOSH KUMAR JHA

PARTNER DIRECTOR WHOLE-TIME DIRECTOR

M.No.92656 DIN: 03098155 DIN: 10052694

DATED: 29/05/2025 PLACE: NEW DELHI

Sd/- Sd/-

BHUMIKA CHADHA SATYAJIT PRADHAN COMPANY SECRETARY CHIEF FINANCE

OFFICER

M.N. A46115 PAN: BYZPP2602M

Consolidated Cash Flow Statement for the Year ended 31 March 2025

(Rs. In Lacs)

	Particulars	Year end 31 March 2		Year end 31 March	
A.	CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
	Net Profit/(Loss) before tax		(512.67)		1,897.35
	Adjusted for :				
	Depreciation	2.19		3.31	
	Interest income	(96.57)		(103.24)	
	Gain on Sale of Investment	-		(2,581.20)	
	Interest cost	89.68		89.68	
	Re-measurement gains (losses) on defined benefit plans	(0.14)		(1.05)	
	Share of Loss/(profit) from Associate company	121.08		85.93	
	Adjsustment on account of Cessation of subsidiary	-	116.24	203.66	(2,302.91)
	Operating Profit before Working Capital Changes		(396.43)		(405.56)
	Adjusted for :				
	Trade & Other Receivables	(606.56)		(840.11)	
	Inventories	(232.02)		(870.37)	
	Trade & Other Payable	3.96		112.64	
	Other current liabilities	195.23		(723.34)	
			(639.39)		(2,321.18)
	Cash Generated from Operations		(1,035.82)		(2,726.74)
	Direct Taxes Paid	(2.47)	(2.47)	(41.20)	(41.20)
	Net Cash from operating activities		(1,038.30)		(2,767.94)
В.	CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
	Purchase of Property Plant & Equipment	-		(1.76)	
	Proceeds from sale of Investment	-		3,661.20	
	Interest Received	96.57		103.24	
	Net Cash used in Investing Activities		96.57		3,762.67
C.	CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
	Proceeds/ (Repayment) of Short Term Borrowings (Net)	1,073.92		(871.17)	
	Proceeds/ (Repayment) of Long Term Borrowings (Net)	(32.76)		(59.84)	
	Interest Paid	(89.68)		(89.68)	
	Net Cash used in Financing Activities	(33.33)	951.49	(3.1.7)	(1,020.68)
	Net increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents		9.76		(25.95)
	Cash and Cash Equivalents as at beginning of the year (Refer Note-2)		38.51		111.01
	Less: Cessation of subsidiary		-		46.56
	Cash and Cash Equivalents as at end of the year		48.27		38.51

Note 1	to cash flow statement		
1	Components of cash and cash equivalents Balances with banks		
	- Current accounts	48.11	38.07
	- Current accounts - Deposit accounts (demand deposits and deposits having original maturity of 3 months or less		36.07
	- Deposit accounts (demand deposits and deposits having original maturity of 3 months of less)	
	Cash on hand	0.16	0.44
	Cash and cash equivalents considered in the cash flow statement	48.27	38.51
2	There is a change in subsidiary/associate/Joint venture as compared to previous year.		
3	The above cash flow statement has been prepared in accordance with the 'Indirect method' as	set out in Indian Accounting S	tandard - 7 on 'Statement of
	Cash Flows' as specified in Companies (Indian Accounting Standard) Amendment Rules, 2016.		
4	The figures for the previous year are not comparable since the company has lost control over its	s erstwhile subsidiary compan	ny namely "Cambridge
	The accompanying Notes form an integral part of these financial statements	, .	, , , ,
	In terms of our report of even date annexed		
	For O P BAGLA & CO LLP		
	CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS	Sd/-	Sd/-
	Firm Regn No. 000018N / N500091	RAJESH PALIWAL	SANTOSH KUMAR JHA
	Tilli Rogii Ro. 0000 Tolk / Rootoo T	DIRECTOR	WHOLE-TIME
		DIRECTOR	DIRECTOR
		DIN: 03098155	DIN: 10052694
	ATUL AGGARWAL	Sd/-	Sd/-
	PARTNER	BHUMIKA CHADHA	SATYAJIT PRADHAN
		COMPANY	CHIEF
		SECRETARY	FINANCE
	PLACE : NEW DELHI M.No.92656	<u> </u>	OFFICER
	DATED : 29-05-2025	M.N. A46115	PAN: BYZPP2602M
	DATED . 23-03-2023	WI.W. A40113	FAIN. DTZPFZQUZIVI

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 31st March 2025

(Rs. In Lacs)

31 March 2025 31 March 2024

(a) Equity share capital

Issued, subscribed and paid up capital (Refer note 13)

Opening balance Changes

Closing balance

DATED: 29/05/2025

PLACE: NEW DELHI

(b) Other equity

Particulars		Reserves and Surplus					
	Securities premium	Share Forefeited Account	Capital Reserve	General Reserve	Revaluation reserve	Retained earnings (Refer Note 13)	
As at 31st March 2023	2,488.06	7.34	1,024.96	407.44	2,182.34	1,569.00	7,679.15
Net Profit / (loss) for the year			(657.44)	_	-	1,853.83	1,196.39
Adjustment on account of change in the constitution of group	(279.30)		2,577.87	(407.44)	(2,182.34)	885.30	594.09
Re-measurement gains (losses) on defined benefit plans	,			, ,	,	1.42	1.42
As At 31st March 2024	2,208.76	7.34	2,945.39	-	-	4,309.55	9,471.05
Net Profit / (loss) for the year	-		-	-		(416.62)	(416.62)
Re-measurement gains (losses) on defined benefit plans					-	21.34	21.34
As At 31st March 2025	2,208.76	7.34	2,945.39	-	-	3,914.27	9,075.77

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

In terms of our report of even date annexed

For O P BAGLA & CO LLP CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS Firm Regn No. 000018N / N500091

S

ATUL AGGARWAL

PARTNER M.No. 92656 Sd/-

RAJESH PALIWAL DIRECTOR

DIN: 03098155

Sd/-

SANTOSH KUMAR JHA

WHOLE-TIME DIRECTOR

DIN: 10052694

Sd/-

BHUMIKA CHADHA COMPANY SECRETARY

M.N. A46115

Sd/-

SATYAJIT PRADHAN CHIEF FINANCE OFFICER

PAN: BYZPP2602M

Annual Report F.Y. 2024-2025

Significant Accounting Policies Consolidated financial statements of MPDL LIMITED for the year ended 31-Mar-2025

1. Corporate information

MPDL Limited. "the company" is a Public Ltd Company incorporated on 22 March 2002. The company is engaged in construction business and other Real estate activities.

The financial statements of the company for the year ended 31st March 2025 were authorized for issue in accordance with a resolution of the directors on 29/05/2025.

2. Significant accounting policies

2.1 Basis Of Preparation

The Consolidated Financial Statements of the Group along with its Joint venture company have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind-AS) notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2016.

The Consolidated Financial Statements have been prepared on accrual basis of accounting and on historical cost basis. Where there are assets and liabilities calculated on a different basis, this fact is disclosed in the relevant accounting policy.

Accounting policies have been consistently applied except where a newly issued accounting standard is initially adopted or a revision to an existing accounting standard requires a change in the accounting policy hitherto in use.

The financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees ('INR') which is functional currency of the company and the values are rounded to the nearest lacs (INR 00,000), except otherwise indicated.

2.2 Basis Of Consolidation

The Consolidated financial statement (CFS) relates to the company and its subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates ('the Group' or 'Group'). In the preparation of the CFS, investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures are accounted for in accordance with the requirements of Ind AS 110 (Consolidated Financial Statements) and Ind AS 28 (Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures) vide notification dated 16 February 2015 under section 133 of the Companies Act 2013.

2.3 Consolidation Procedure

Investment in Subsidiaries

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and entities (including structured entities) controlled by the Company and its subsidiaries. Control is achieved when the Company:

- has power over the investee;
- · is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee; and
- has the ability to use its power to affect its returns.

The Company reassesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control listed above.

When the Company has less than a majority of the voting rights of an investee, it has power over investee when the voting rights are sufficient to give it the practical ability to direct the relevant activities of the investee unilaterally.

The Company considers all relevant facts and circumstances assessing whether or not the Company's voting rights in an investee are sufficient to give it power including:

- the size of the Company's holding of voting rights relative to the size and dispersion of holdings of the other vote holders;
- potential rights held by the Company, other vote holders or other parties;
- · rights arising from other contractual arrangements; and
- any additional facts and circumstances that indicate that the Company has, or does not have, current ability to direct the relevant activities at the time that decisions need to be made, including voting patterns at previous shareholders' meetings.

Consolidation of a subsidiary begins when the Company obtains control over the subsidiary and ceases when the Company loses control of the subsidiary. Specifically, income and expenses of a subsidiary acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated statement of profit and loss from the date the Company gains control until the date when the Company ceases to control subsidiary.

Changes in the Group's ownership interests in existing subsidiaries When the Group do not loses control of subsidiary.

- Changes in the Group's ownership interests in subsidiaries are accounted for as equity transactions.
- The carrying amounts of the Group's interests and the non-controlling interests are adjusted to reflect the changes in their relative interests in the subsidiaries.
- Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognised directly in equity and attributed to owners of the Company.

When the Group loses control of a subsidiary,

- derecognises the assets and liabilities of the former subsidiary from the consolidated balance sheet.
- a gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss and is calculated as the difference between
 - (i) the aggregate of the fair value of the consideration received and the fair value of any retained interest and
 - (ii) the previous carrying amount of the assets (including goodwill), and liabilities of the subsidiary and any non-controlling interests.
- All amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to that subsidiary
 are accounted for as if the Group had directly disposed of the related assets and liabilities of
 the subsidiary (i.e. reclassified to profit or loss or transferred to another category of equity as
 specified/permitted by applicable Ind AS).
- The fair value of any investment retained in the former subsidiary at the date when control is lost is regarded as the fair value on initial recognition for subsequent accounting under Ind AS 109, or, when applicable, the cost on initial recognition of an investment in an associate or a joint venture.

Investment in associates and joint ventures

A joint venture is a type of joint arrangement whereby the parties that have joint control of the arrangement have rights to the net assets of the joint venture. Joint control is the contractually agreed sharing of control of an arrangement, which exists only when decisions about the relevant activities require unanimous consent of the parties sharing control.

The company's investments in its joint venture are accounted for using the equity method. Under the equity method, the investment in an associate or a joint venture is initially recognized at cost. The carrying amount of the investment is adjusted to recognize changes in the company's share of net assets of the associate or joint venture since the acquisition date. Goodwill relating to the associate or joint venture is included in the carrying amount of the investment and is not tested for impairment individually.

The statement of profit and loss reflects the Company's share of the results of operations of the associate or joint venture. Any change in OCI of those investees is presented as part of the Company's OCI. In addition, when there has been a change recognized directly in the equity of the associate or joint venture, the company recognises its share of any changes, when applicable, in the statement of changes in equity. Unrealized gains and losses resulting from transactions between the company and the associate or joint venture are eliminated to the extent of the interest in the associate or joint venture. The aggregate of the company's share of profit or loss of an associate and a joint venture is shown on the face of the statement of profit and loss.

The financial statements of the Company's joint venture are prepared for the same reporting period as the company. When necessary, adjustments are made to bring the accounting policies in line with those of the company.

2.4 Significant accounting policies

a. Current versus non-current classification

The Company presents assets and liabilities in the balance sheet based on current / non-current classification.

An asset/liability is treated as current when it is:

- Expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed or settled in normal operating cycle
- Held primarily for the purpose of trading
- Expected to be realised/settled within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period
- There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

All other assets and liabilities are classified as non-current.

The Company classifies all other liabilities as non-current.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current assets and liabilities respectively.

b. Property, plant and equipment

i) Tangible assets

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost [i.e., cost of acquisition or construction inclusive of freight, erection and commissioning charges, non-refundable duties and taxes, expenditure during construction period, borrowing costs (in case of a qualifying asset) upto the date of acquisition/ installation], net of accumulated depreciation.

The present value of the expected cost for the decommissioning of an asset after its use is included in the cost of the respective asset if the recognition criteria for a provision are met.

Property, plant and equipment are eliminated from financial statements, either on disposal or when retired from active use. Losses/gains arising in case retirement/disposals of property, plant and equipment are recognized in the statement of profit and loss in the year of occurrence.

Depreciation on property, plant and equipment are provided to the extent of depreciable amount on the straight line (SLM) Method. Depreciation is provided at the rates and in the manner prescribed in Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013 except on some assets.

The residual values, useful lives and methods of depreciation/amortization of property, plant and equipment are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

c. Intangible Assets

Intangible assets acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. Following initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at cost less any accumulated amortization.

Intangible assets with finite lives (i.e. software and licenses) are amortized over the useful economic life and assessed for impairment whenever there is an indication that the intangible asset may be impaired. The amortisation period and method for an intangible asset is reviewed at least at the end of each reporting period.

d. Borrowing Costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalised as part of the cost of the respective asset. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they occur.

e. Impairment of non-financial assets

The Company assesses, at each reporting date, whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. If any indication exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required, the Company estimates the asset's recoverable amount. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's or cash-generating unit's (CGU) fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use. Recoverable amount is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets. When the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount.

Impairment losses of continuing operations, including impairment on inventories, are recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

f. Inventories

Inventories of land and development cost has been valued at cost. Incidental expenses directly related to the real estate development project cost has been included in cost of project

g. Revenue Recognition

Revenue is recognized to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured, regardless of when the payment is being made. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, taking into account contractually defined terms of payments.

Sales tax/ value added tax (VAT) / goods and service tax and / tax is not received by the Company on its own account. Rather, it is tax collected on value added to the property by the seller on behalf of the government. Accordingly, it is excluded from revenue.

The specific recognition criteria describe below must also be met before revenue is recognised.

Revenue from real estate developments

Real Estate projects

- i) Revenue is recognized, for projects that are construction type contracts in relation to the sold areas only, upon transfer of all significant risks and rewards of ownership of such property as per the terms of the contracts entered into with buyers, which generally coincides with firming up of the legally enforceable buyers' agreement, on the basis of percentage of completion as and when all of the following conditions are met:
 - a. All critical approvals necessary for commencement of the project have been obtained;
 - b. The expenditure incurred on construction and development costs is at least 25 % of the construction and development costs (without considering land cost);

- c. At least 25% of the saleable project area is secured by contracts or agreements with buyers;
- d. At least 10% of the contract consideration as per the agreements of sale or any other legally enforceable documents are realized at the reporting date in respect of each of the contracts and it is reasonable to expect parties to such contract will comply with payment terms as defined in contract.

Cost of Construction/ Development (including cost of land /land development rights) is charged to the statement of profit and loss proportionate to the revenue recognized.

The estimates of the projected revenue, projected profits, projected costs, cost to completion and the foreseeable loss are reviewed periodically by the management and any effect of changes in estimates is recognized in the period such changes are determined. However, when the total project cost is estimated to exceed total revenues from the project, the loss is recognized immediately.

Revenue recognised is net of cancellation accepted by the Company.

Liquidated damages / penalties which are paid or payable pursuant to court's order or otherwise on the basis of settlement arrangement done with the customers are recognised as an expense in the statement of profit and loss.

- ii) Revenue from sale of property other than that mentioned under (i) above is recognized upon transfer of all significant risks and rewards of ownership of such property, as per the terms of the contracts entered into with buyers, which generally coincides with the firming up of the sales contracts/ agreements.
- iii) Gain/Loss from sale of undeveloped unsuitable land is recognized in the financial year in which transfer is made by registration of sale deeds or otherwise in favour of the buyers.
- iv) Brokerage and selling commission on real estate sales is accounted for as and when the same accrues in accordance with the terms of agreement entered into with brokers. Brokerage and selling commission is charged off to the statement of profit and loss in proportion to the revenue from real estate recognised by the Company.

Other interest income

Interest income is recognized on a time proportion basis taking into account the amount outstanding and the interest rate applicable.

Dividend income

Revenue is recognised when the Company's right to receive the payment is established, which is generally when shareholders approve the dividend.

h. Taxes on income

Current tax

Current tax is measured at the amount expected to be paid/ recovered to/from the taxation authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted, at the reporting date.

Current income tax relating to items recognised directly in equity/other comprehensive income is recognised under the respective head and not in the statement of profit & loss. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in the tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulations are subject to interpretation and establishes provisions where appropriate.

Current tax assets are offset against current tax liabilities if, and only if, a legally enforceable right exists to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is provided using the liability method on temporary differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes at the reporting date.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, the carry forward of unused tax credits and any unused tax losses. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilised.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date. Tax relating to items recognized directly in equity/other comprehensive income is recognized in respective head and not in the statement of profit & loss.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each balance sheet date and is adjusted to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred taxes relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.

i. Employee benefits

All employee benefits that are expected to be settled wholly within twelve months after the end of period in which the employee renders the related services are classified as short term employee benefits. Benefits such as salaries, wages, short-term compensated absences, etc. are recognized as expense during the period in which the employee renders related service.

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit plans are recognized as an expense when employees have rendered the service entitling them to the contribution.

The Company's contribution to the Provident Fund is remitted to provident fund authorities and are based on a fixed percentage of the eligible employee's salary and debited to Statement of Profit and Loss.

j. Provisions, Contingent liabilities and Contingent assets

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past events and it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects, when appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as a finance cost.

Contingent liability is disclosed in the case of:

- a present obligation arising from past events, when it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation;
- a present obligation arising from past events, when no reliable estimate is possible

Provisions, contingent liabilities and contingent assets are reviewed at each balance sheet date.

k. Earnings per share

Basic earnings per equity share is computed by dividing the net profit after tax attributable to the equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year. Diluted earnings per equity share is computed by dividing adjusted net profit after tax by the aggregate of weighted average number of equity shares and dilutive potential equity shares during the year.

I. Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalent in the balance sheet comprise cash at banks and on hand, cheques on hand and short-term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less, which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash and short-term deposits, as defined above.

m. Fair value measurement

The Company measures financial instruments such as derivatives and certain investments, at fair value at each balance sheet date.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorized within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- Level 1 Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable
- Level 3 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

For assets and liabilities that are recognized in the balance sheet on a recurring basis, the Company determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorization (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

For the purpose of fair value disclosures, the Company has determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the asset or liability and the level of the fair value hierarchy as explained above.

n. Financial instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

(a) Financial assets

Classification

The Company classifies financial assets as subsequently measured at amortized cost, fair value through other comprehensive income or fair value through profit or loss on the basis of its business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual cash flows characteristics of the financial asset.

Initial recognition and measurement

All financial assets are recognized initially at fair value plus, in the case of financial assets not recorded at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset.

Subsequent measurement

For purposes of subsequent measurement financial assets are classified in below categories:

Financial assets carried at amortised cost

A financial asset is subsequently measured at amortised cost if it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold the asset in order to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

A financial asset is subsequently measured at fair value through other comprehensive income if it is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding. The Company has made an irrevocable election for its investments which are classified as equity instruments to present the subsequent changes in fair value in other comprehensive income based on its business model.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

A financial asset which is not classified in any of the above categories are subsequently fair valued through profit or loss.

Derecognition

A financial asset is primarily derecognized when the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired or the Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset.

Impairment of financial assets

The Company assesses impairment based on expected credit losses (ECL) model for measurement and recognition of impairment loss on the financial assets that are trade receivables or contract revenue receivables and all lease receivables.

(b) Financial liabilities

Classification

The Company classifies all financial liabilities as subsequently measured at amortized cost, except for financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss. Such liabilities, including derivatives that are liabilities, shall be subsequently measured at fair value.

Initial recognition and measurement

All financial liabilities are recognized initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs. The Company's financial liabilities include trade and other payables, loans and borrowings including bank overdrafts, and derivative financial instruments.

Subsequent measurement

The measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification, as described below:

Financial liabilities at amortised cost

After initial recognition, interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the EIR method. Gains and losses are recognized in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognized as well as through the EIR amortization process.

Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortization is included as finance costs in the statement of profit and loss.

• Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss. Financial liabilities are classified as held for trading if they are incurred for the purpose of repurchasing in the near term. This category also includes derivative financial instruments entered into by the Company that are not designated as hedging instruments in hedge relationships as defined by Ind AS 109. Separated embedded derivatives are also classified as held for trading unless they are designated as effective hedging instruments.

Gains or losses on liabilities held for trading are recognized in the statement of profit and loss.

Derecognition

A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognized in the statement of profit and loss.

o. Unless specifically stated to be otherwise, these policies are consistently followed.

p. Leases

A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

The Company as a lessee

Leases are recognised as a right-of-use asset and a corresponding liability at the date at which the leased asset is available for use by the Company. Contracts may contain both lease and non-lease components. The Company allocates the consideration in the contract to the lease and non-lease components based on their relative stand-alone prices.

Assets and liabilities arising from a lease are initially measured on a present value basis. Lease liabilities include the net present value of the following lease payments:

- fixed payments (including in -substance fixed payments), less any lease incentives receivable
- variable lease payment that are based on an index or a rate, initially measured using the index or rate as at the commencement date
- amounts expected to be payable under residual value guarantees, if any
- the exercise price of a purchase option if any, if the Company is reasonably certain to exercise that option.

The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease. If the rate cannot be readily determined, which is generally the case for leases in the Company, the lessee's incremental borrowing rate is used, being the rate that the individual lessee would have to pay to borrow the funds necessary to obtain an asset of similar value to the right-of-use asset in a similar economic environment with similar terms, security and conditions.

Lease payments are allocated between principal and finance cost. The finance cost is charged to the statement of profit and loss over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability for each period. Variable lease payments that depends on sales are recognised in the statement of profit and loss in the period in which the condition that triggers those payments occurs.

Right-of-use assets are generally depreciated over the shorter of the asset's useful life and the lease term on a straight-line basis. If the Company is reasonably certain to exercise a purchase option, the right-of-use asset is depreciated over the underlying assets useful life.

Payments associated with short-term leases are recognised on a straight-line basis as an expense in the statement of profit and loss. Short term leases are the leases with a lease term of 12 months or less. Further, rental payments for the land where lease period is considered to be indefinite or indeterminable, these are charged off to the statement of profit and loss.

2.3 Significant accounting judgements, estimates and assumptions

The preparation of the Company's financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and the accompanying disclosures, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities at the date of the financial statements. Estimates and assumptions are continuously evaluated and are based on management's experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets or liabilities affected in future periods.

In particular, the Company has identified the following areas where significant judgements, estimates and assumptions are required. Further information on each of these areas and how they impact the various accounting policies are described below and also in the relevant notes to the financial statements. Changes in estimates are accounted for prospectively.

Judgements

In the process of applying the Company's accounting policies, management has made the following judgements, which have the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the financial statements:

Contingencies

Contingent liabilities may arise from the ordinary course of business in relation to claims against the Company, including legal, contractor, land access and other claims. By their nature, contingencies will be resolved only when one or more uncertain future events occur or fail to occur. The assessment of the existence, and potential quantum, of contingencies inherently involves the exercise of significant judgments and the use of estimates regarding the outcome of future events.

Estimates and assumptions

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are described below. The Company based its assumptions and estimates on parameters available when the consolidated financial statements were prepared. Existing circumstances and assumptions about future developments, however, may change due to market change or circumstances arising beyond the control of the Company. Such changes are reflected in the assumptions when they occur.

(a) Impairment of non-financial assets

The Company assesses at each reporting date whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. If any indication exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required, the Company estimates the asset's recoverable amount. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's or CGU's fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use. It is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets. Where the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount.

In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. In determining fair value less costs of disposal, recent market transactions are taken into account. If no such transactions can be identified, an appropriate valuation model is used. These calculations are corroborated by valuation multiples, quoted share prices for publicly traded subsidiaries or other available fair value indicators.

(b) Defined benefit plans

The cost of the defined benefit plan and other post-employment benefits and the present value of such obligation are determined using systematic method. Due to the complexities involved in the valuation and its long-term nature, a defined benefit obligation is highly sensitive to changes in these assumptions. All assumptions are reviewed at each reporting date.

(c) Fair value measurement of financial instruments

When the fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded in the balance sheet cannot be measured based on quoted prices in active markets, their fair value is measured using valuation techniques including the DCF model. The inputs to these models are taken from observable markets where possible, but where this is not feasible, a degree of judgment is required in establishing fair values. Judgements include considerations of inputs such as liquidity risk, credit risk and volatility. Changes in assumptions about these factors could affect the reported fair value of financial instruments.

(d) Impairment of financial assets

The impairment provisions for financial assets are based on assumptions about risk of default and expected loss rates. The Company uses judgments in making these assumptions and selecting the inputs to the impairment calculation, based on Company's past history, existing market conditions as well as forward looking estimates at the end of each reporting period.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT 31ST MARCH 2025

Note 3: Property, Plant and Equipment

(Rs. In Lacs)

	Freehold land	Furniture & fixtures	Office Equipements	Computers	Air Conditioner	Buildings	Plant and equipment	Electrical fitting	Total
Gross Carrying Amount									
As 01 April 2023	2,504.43	39.89	8.47	13.12	3.27	2,251.43	100.05	39.77	4,960.42
Additions	-	-	-	0.86	0.91	-	-	-	1.76
Disposals	=	-	-	=	-	=	-	-	-
Adjustment on account of change in constitution of group	(2,504.43)	(37.48)	(5.86)	(9.71)	-	(2,251.43)	(100.05)	(39.77)	(4,948.73)
As 31 March 2024	-	2.41	2.61	4.27	4.18	-	-	-	13.46
Additions	=	-	-	=	-	=	-	-	-
Disposals	-	-	-	-	-	=	=	-	-
As 31 March 2025	-	2.41	2.61	4.27	4.18		-	-	13.46
Accumulated Depreciation									
As 01 April 2023	-	36.48	5.41	5.26	1.14	418.55	83.72	37.78	588.34
Additions	=	0.23	0.49	0.78	0.72	=	-	-	2.23
Disposal	-		-	=	-	-	-	-	-
Adjustment on account of change in constitution of group	-	(35.61)	(4.56)	(3.25)	-	(418.55)	(83.72)	(38)	(583.48)
As 31 March 2024	-	1.10	1.34	2.79	1.87	-	-	-	7.09
Additions	-	0.23	0.47	0.70	0.79				2.19
Disposal	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
As 31 March 2025	-	1.33	1.80	3.49	2.66	-	-	-	9.28
Net Carrying Amount									
31 March 2025	_	1.08	0.80	0.78	1.51	_	-	_	4.18
31 March 2024	-	1.31	1.27	1.48	2.31	-	-	-	6.37

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Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

nvestments (R	Rs. In Lacs)

		As at 31.03.2025		As at 31.03.2024		
Particulars	No.	Face Value per share	Value	No.	Face Value per share	Value
Non-current investments						_
Other than Trade						
A. Equity Instrument						
In Associates (At Cost)						
518,880 Equity Shares of Cambridge Construction (Delhi) Private Limited (Subsidiary till 25/09/2023) @ Rs. 10/-per share (March 31, 2024 518,880 equity shares of Rs.10 each fully paid up) (Refer note 'c' below)	518880	10.00	3,332.44	518880	10.00	3,432.08
			3,332.44			3,432.08
a) Non-Current investments have been valued considering the significant accounting policy no.2.2 (g)						
b) 518,880 Equity Shares of Cambridge Construction (Delhi) Private Limited (Subsidiary till 25/09/2023) @ Rs. 10, per share (March 31, 2024 518,880 equity shares of Rs.10 each fully paid up)			Amount			Amount
-Cost of Investment			940.14			940.14
-Capital reserver arise on consolidation			2,577.87			2,577.87
-Share in loss of cambridge 26/09/2023 to 31/03/2024			(85.93)			(85.93)
-Share in loss of cambridge 01/04/2024 to 31/03/2025			(99.64)			-
			3,332.44			3,432.08

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT 31ST MARCH 2025

(Rs. In Lacs)

	Non-C	urrent	Cur	rent
	31 March 2025	31 March 2024	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Note 5 : Loans				
Inter-corporate Deposits	1,055.00	1,055.00	-	-
	1,055.00	1,055.00	-	-
Note 6 : Other financial assets				
Security deposits	27.34	27.34	-	-
Bank deposits with more than 12 months original maturity	21.45	19.58	-	-
	48.79	46.93	-	-
Note 7 : Deferred tax Assets (net)				
Deferred tax arising from temporary differences				
As at beginning of the year	95.63	97.69		-
Adjustment during the year	98.56	(2.05)		-
	194.19	95.63	-	-
Note 8 : Other assets (Unsecured considered good unless otherw	vise stated)			
Other advances	1,465.63	1,465.63	-	-
Advances-				
Contractors & Suppliers	-	-	29.03	50.31
Employees	-	-	0.72	-
Prepaid expenses	-	-	1.90	1.69
Other recoverable	-	-	875.43	761.32
Interest Accured	-	-	211.44	126.38
Income tax Receivable (Net of Provisions)	101.90	88.80		-
Balance with revenue/statutory/government authorities	-	-	-	614.60
Advance tax & tax deducted at source		-	699.34	-
	1,567.52	1,554.43	1,817.86	1,554.31

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT 31ST MARCH 2025

(Rs. In Lacs) 31 March 2025 31 March 2024

Note 9: Inventories (As taken, valued and certified by the Management)

 Land (including non-project ancilliary land)
 1,222.80
 1,310.51

 Work-in-Process
 6,032.12
 5,712.39

(Inventories have been valued in accordance with accounting policy no. 2.2 (f) as referred in Note No.2)

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT 31ST MARCH 2025

(Rs. In Lacs)

31 March 2025

31 March 2024

Note 10 : Trade Receivable

Trade Receivable considered good, unsecured

989.13

661.08

Total

989.13

661.08

Note:

Trade Receivable Ageing

AS ON 31-03-2025

		Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment					
Particulars	Not Due	Less than 6 months	6 months -1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
(i) Undisputed Trade receivables considered good	777.50	0.26	15.73	45.03	98.69	51.92	989.13
(ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	_		ı
(iii) Undisputed Trade Receivables credit impaired	_	-	_	-	_		_
(iv) Disputed Trade Receivables considered good	- 1	_	_	- 1	_		-
(v) Disputed Trade Receivables which have significant increase in credit risk	_	_	_	-	_	_	_
(vi) Disputed Trade Receivables credit impaired	-	_	-	-	-		-
							989.13

AS ON 31-03-2024

		Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment					
Particulars	Not Due	Less than 6 months	6 months -1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
(i) Undisputed Trade receivables considered good	436.03	20.65	50.84	101.64	51.78	0.14	661.08
(ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-		-	F	-	
(iii) Undisputed Trade Receivables credit impaired	-		-	-	-		_
(iv) Disputed Trade Receivables considered good		-		-	-	20410-01	-
(v) Disputed Trade Receivables which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-		_
(vi) Disputed Trade Receivables credit impaired		-	-	-	-		(- <u>-</u>
							661.08

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT 31ST MARCH 2025

(Rs. In Lacs)

1,055.00

38.51

2.00

46.93

5,235.59

1,055.00

48.27

2.00

48.79

5,475.63

Note 11 : Cash and cash equivalent		
Particulars	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Balance with banks	48.11	38.07
Cash on hand	0.16	0.44
	48.27	38.51
Note 12 :Other bank balances		
Particulars	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Deposit with original maturity of beyond 3 months (Held as Margin against credit facilities)	2.00	2.00
	2.00	2.00
Break up of financial assets carried at amortised cost:		
Break up of financial assets carried at amortised cost:	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Break up of financial assets carried at amortised cost: Investments	31 March 2025 3,332.44	31 March 2024 3,432.08

Loans

Total

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Other bank balances

Other Financial Assets

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT 31ST MARCH 2025

(Rs. In Lacs)

PARTICULARS	AS AT 31.03.2025	AS AT 31.03.2024
Note No. 13 SHARE CAPITAL		
AUTHORISED		
75,00,000 Equity shares(Previous year 75,00,000 Equity shares; of par value of Rs.10/- each)	750.00	750.00
15,00,000 Preference shares(Previous year 15,00,000; of par value of Rs.100/- each)	1,500.00	1,500.00
	2,250.00	2,250.00
ISSUED, SUBSCRIBED AND FULLY PAID-UP Share Capital		
74,12,524 Equity shares(Previous year 74,12,524 Equity shares of par value of Rs.10/- each)	741.25	741.25
Total	741.25	741.25

NOTES:

a)

During the year, the company has neither issued nor bought back any Equity shares . Following is the reconciliation of number of shares outstanding as at the beginning of the year and end of the year

PARTICULARS	AS AT 31.03.2025	AS AT 31.03.2024
Number of shares Equity outstanding as at the beginning of the year	74,12,524	74,12,524
Number of shares Equity outstanding as at the closing of the year	74,12,524	74,12,524

- b) The Company has only one class of Issued, subscribed and paid up equity shares having a par value of INR 10/- each per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the share holders.
- c) There is no holding company of the company.
- d) Following share holders held more than 5% shares in the company as at the end of the year:

S.		31.03.2025	31.03.2024
NO.	Particulars	No of shares (%)	No of shares (%)
1	PAVITRA COMMERCIALS LTD	1300296 (17.54)	1300296 (17.54)
2	KAMDHENU ENTERPRISES LTD	2791084 (37.65)	2791084 (37.65)
3	CECIL WEBBER ENGINEERING LTD	1328267 (17.92)	1328267 (17.92)

e) The company has not issued shares for a consideration other than cash or bonus shares during the immediately preceding 5 years.

f) Details of Promoter's Shareholding As on 31/03/2025

S. No.	Promoter' Name	No. of Shares	%age of shares held	%age change during the year
1	KAMDHENU ENTERPRISES LTD	2791084	37.6536	NO CHANGE
2	CECIL WEBBER ENGINEERING LIMITED	1328267	17.9192	NO CHANGE
3	PAVITRA COMMERCIALS LIMITED	1300296	17.5419	NO CHANGE
4	MAHENDRA SHIPPING LIMITED	134437	1.8136	NO CHANGE
5	PARAS TRADERS PRIVATE LIMITED	2620	0.0353	NO CHANGE
6	HARSHWARDHAN LEASING LTD	870	0.0117	NO CHANGE
7	TRUSTWELL HOLDINGS LIMITED	156	0.0021	NO CHANGE

g) Details of Promoter's Shareholding As on 31/03/2024

S. No.	Promoter' Name	No. of Shares	%age of shares held	%age change during the year
1	KAMDHENU ENTERPRISES LTD	2791084	37.6536	NO CHANGE
2	CECIL WEBBER ENGINEERING LIMITED	1328267	17.9192	NO CHANGE
3	PAVITRA COMMERCIALS LIMITED	1300296	17.5419	NO CHANGE
4	MAHENDRA SHIPPING LIMITED	134437	1.8136	NO CHANGE
5	PARAS TRADERS PRIVATE LIMITED	2620	0.0353	NO CHANGE
6	HARSHWARDHAN LEASING LTD	870	0.0117	NO CHANGE
7	TRUSTWELL HOLDINGS LIMITED	156	0.0021	NO CHANGE

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT 31ST MARCH 2025

Note 14 : Other Equity	(Rs. In La			
	31-Mar-25	31-Mar-24		
Particulars	L	(Rs. Ir		
Reserves and Surplus Security premium Account Balance B/F Adjustment on account of Cessation of subsidiary / Impact in	2,208.76	2,488.06		
change in controlling interest	-	(279.30)		
Total	2,208.76	2,208.76		
Capital reserve Balance B/F Adjustment on account of Cessation of subsidiary / Impact in	2,945.39	1,024.96		
change in controlling interest	-	(657.44)		
Changes during the year	- 0.045.00	2,577.87		
Total	2,945.39	2,945.39		
Share Forfeited Account Balance B/F	7.34	7.34		
Total	7.34	7.34		
Retained earnings Balance B/F	4,309.55	1,569.00		
Adjustment on account of Cessation of subsidiary / Impact in	4,309.33			
change in controlling interest Profit/(loss) during the year	- (416.62)	885.30 1,853.83		
Other comprehensive income	21.34	1.42		
Total	3,914.27	4,309.55		
General Reserve Balance B/F Adjustment on account of Cessation of subsidiary / Impact in	-	407.44		
change in controlling interest	-	(407.44)		
Total	-	-		
Revaluation Reserve				
Balance B/F	-	2,182.34		
Adjustment on account of Cessation of subsidiary / Impact in		(2,182.34)		
change in controlling interest	<u>-</u>			
Equity Component of Compound Financial Instruments Balance at the beginning of the year Adjustment on account of Cessation of subsidiary / Impact in	-	3,249.14		
change in controlling interest	-	(3,249.14)		
Balance at the end of the year	-	-		
Other Comprehensive Income (OCI) Balance at the beginning of the year Adjustment on account of Cessation of subsidiary / Impact in	-	(128.76)		
change in controlling interest		128.76		
Balance at the end of the year	-	-		
Total other equity Annual Report F.Y. 2024-2025	9,075.77	9,471.05 157		

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT 31ST MARCH 2025

(Rs. In Lacs) Note 15: Financial Liabilities Non-Current Current 31 March 2025 31 March 2024 31 March 2025 31 March 2024 **Borrowings** Term Loan from NBFC (unsecured) 32.76 32.76 59.84 Inter corporate deposit (unsecured) 4,054.00 5,155.00 4,113.84 **Total borrowings** 32.76 5,187.76

3 Short term loans are in the nature of unsecured loans carrying interet rate ranging from 7% to 17%.

Note 16 : Provisions	31 March 2025	31 March 2024	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Provision for tax	-	-	-	25.62
Provision for employee benefits				
Gratuity				
As per Last Balance Sheet	5.54	9.06	0.18	0.47
Provided during the year	0.17	(3.51)	1.05	(0.29)
Paid/Adjusted Paid/Adjusted	-	`- ´	-	`- ´
•	5.72	5.54	1.22	0.18
Earned leaves				
As per Last Balance Sheet	2.37	2.87	0.17	2.52
Elimination	-	(0.45)	0.43	(2.35)
Amount Provided during the year (Net of payment)	0.09	(0.06)	-	(0.01)
	2.46	2.36	0.60	0.17
	8.18	7.91	1.82	25.96

¹ There has been no default on the balance sheet date in repayment of loan and interest.

² The unsecured long Term loan from Genesis Finance Company Limited is repayable by way of equated monthly instalment of Rs 5.98 lacs each w.e.f Novemebr 2021 and shall be over by October' 2025. The applicable rate of interest is 18% p.a.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT 31ST MARCH 2025

(Rs. In Lacs)

	Non-C	urrent	Current	
	31 March 2025	31 March 2024	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Note 17 : Other financial liabilities				
Retention from contractors and others	-	-	158.70	139.10
Expenses Payable	-	-	584.61	313.07
Others	-	-	25.00	91.00
	=	-	768.32	543.17

N	lote	18	٠.	Trade	Pava	ahles

	Non-Current			urrent
Trade payables	31 March 2025	31 March 2024	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Dues to Micro Enterprises and Small Enterprises(as per the intimation received from vendors) i) Principal amount due to suppliers under MSMED Act ii) Interest accrued and due to suppliers under MSMED Act on the above amount	- -	- -	0.92	- -
iii) Payment made to suppliers (other than interest) beyond appointed day during the year	<u>-</u>	-		_
iv) Interest paid to suppliers under MSMED Act	-	-		-
v) the amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding years, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the small enterprise, for the purpose of disallowance as a deductible expenditure under section	-	-		-
 v) Interest due and payable to suppliers under MSMED Act towards payments already made 	-	-		-
vi) Interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of the accounting year	-	-		-
vii) The amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding years, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the small enterprise for the purpose of disallowance as a deductible expenditure under section 23 of the MSMED Act.	-	-		-
of the Momed Act.	-	-		-
Other trade payables	-	-	289.77	286.74
Provision for expenses	-	-	-	-
		-	290.70	286.74

Notes:

Disclosure with respect to related party transactions is given in note 30

Trade Pavable Ageing

31/03/2025

				Outstanding for	r following periods from due d	late of payment	Total
Particulars	Unbilled Dues	Not Due	Less than 1 Year	1-2 Years	2-3 Years	More than 3 Years	
i.MSME	-	0.92		-	-	-	0.92
ii.Others		166.48	99.40	23.90	-		289.77
iii.Disputed dues- MSME	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
iv.Disputed dues- Others	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
							290.70

(Rs. In Lacs)

31/03/2024

					Outstanding fo	r following periods from due o	late of payment	Total
Part	ticulars	Unbilled Dues	Not Due	Less than 1 Year	1-2 Years	2-3 Years	More than 3 Years	
i.MSME		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
ii.Others				285.77	0.97	-		286.74
iii.Disputed dues- MSME		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
iv.Disputed dues- Others		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
								286.74

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT 31ST MARCH 2025

(Rs.	In I	Lacs
------	------	------

				(1101111 = 0100)	
	Non-C	urrent	Current		
_	31 March 2025	31 March 2024	31 March 2025	31 March 2024	
Note 19 : Other Current liabilities					
Advance from Customers (Pending allotment)	-	-	222.10	222.31	
Statutory Dues Payable	-	-	18.41	24.24	
<u>-</u>	-	-	240.51	246.55	

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT 31ST MARCH 2025

(Rs. In Lacs)

			(113: 111 2403)
	PARTICULARS	FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31.03.2025	FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31.03.2024
Note No. 20			
REVENUE FROM (
	Commercial Area	580.41	424.70
	ransportation charges received	-	104.73
Manage	ment Consulting Services & Other Charges		204.14
		580.41	733.57
	re of disaggregated revenue recognised in the nt of Profit and Loss:		
Sale of (Commercial Area	580.41	424.70
Others		0.00	308.87
		580.41	733.57
	re of disaggregated revenue recognised in the not of Profit and Loss based on geographical		
Revenue	e from customers outside India	-	-
Revenue	e from customers within India	580.41	733.57
		580.41	733.57
On Loa Gain on S	Sale of investment on Income Tax Refund	1.62 94.95 - - -	4.89 95.21 2,581.20 6.51 43.20
Total		96.57	2731.00
LAND WORK IN Stone ch Less : Ad AS AT THE EN LAND	GINNING OF THE YEAR N PROGRESS ips ljustment on account of cessation of Subsidiary D OF THE YEAR	1310.51 5712.39 0.00 7022.90 1222.80	1371.42 4781.10 7.13 6159.66 - 7.13 6152.53
WORK IN	N PROGRESS	6032.12	5712.39
		7254.92	7022.90
		(232.02)	(870.37)
Note No. 23		· //	`

EMPLOYEE BENEFITS EXPENSES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT 31ST MARCH 2025

(Rs. In Lacs)

PARTICULARS	FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31.03.2025	FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31.03.2024
Salaries and wages	32.08	151.87
Staff welfare expenses	4.53	5.18
Total	36.62	157.05

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT 31ST MARCH 2025

(Rs. In Lacs)

PARTICULARS	FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31.03.2025	FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31.03.2024
Note No. 24		
FINANCE COSTS		
Interest On:		
Inter-Corporate Deposits	89.68	89.68
Others	0.00	34.43
	89.68	124.11
Note No. 25		
Depreciation and amortization expense		
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	2.19	2.23
	2.19	
Depreciation on ROU Assets	2.19	1.08
	2.19	3.31
Note No. 26		
OTHER EXPENSES		
Electricity & Water charges	0.00	26.56
Rent	5.96	7.76
Repairs & maintenance Others	1.52	11.98
Rates and taxes	0.13	4.99
Communication expenses	0.21	0.61
Travelling & Conveyance expenses	4.29	16.77
Auditors' Remuneration		
As Audit fee	2.25	2.00
For Tax Audit, Certification & Tax Representations	0.25	5.73
For other matters	0.67	1.24
Advertisement, publicity & Sales Promotion Expenses	20.44	141.65
Legal charges and consultancy fees	13.28	79.16
Printing and stationery	0.54	1.50
Director's Sitting Fee	0.90	0.21
Bank charges	0.13	0.93
Listing Fee	3.70	3.48
Filling Fee	0.08	0.13
Miscellaneous expenses	0.82	10.48
Internal Audit Fees	-	0.54
Subscription & Periodicals	_	3.26
Insurance	_	0.19
Sundry Balance written off	-	10.34
Filing Fee & Others	-	0.15
Interest Paid to Others	-	5.23
Vehicle Running & Maintenance	_	1.44
Share in Loss of associates	121.08	85.93
Total	176.25	422.26

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT 31ST MARCH 2025

Note -27 Earning per share

Basic and Diluted EPS amounts are calculated by dividing the profit /(loss) for the year attributable to equity holders of the company by the weighted average number of Equity shares outstanding during the year.

Diluted EPS amounts are calculated by dividing the profit / loss attributable to equity holders of the company by the weighted average number of Equity shares outstanding during the year plus the weighted average number of Equity shares that would be issued on conversion of all the dilutive potential Equity shares into Equity shares.

The following reflects the income and share data used in the basic and diluted EPS computations:

	(Rs. In La	cs otherwise stated)
Particulars	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Profit attributable to equity holders of the Company:		
Continuing operations	(416.62)	1853.83
Profit attributable to equity holders for basic earnings	(416.62)	1853.83
Dilution effect		
Profit attributable to equity holders adjusted for dilution effect	(416.62)	1853.83
Weighted Average number of equity shares used for computing Earning Per Share (Basic & Diluted) *	74,12,524	74,12,524
* There have been no other transactions involving Equity shares or potential Equity sauthorisation of these financial statements.	shares between the reporting da	ite and the date of

Earning Per Share - Continuing operations Basic Rs Diluted Rs	(5.62) (5.62)	25.01 25.01
Face value per share (Rs)	10	10

28 Income Taxes

The major components of income tax expense for the year ended 31 March 2025 and 31 March 2024 are:

(Rs. In Lacs)

A. Statement of profit and loss:

(i) Profit & loss section		
	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Current income tax charge	-	41.20
Adjustments in respect of current income tax of previous year	2.47	0.00
Deferred tax:		
Relating to origination and reversal of temporary differences	(98.52)	2.32
Income tax expense reported in the statement of Profit & loss	(96.05)	43.52
(ii) OCI Section		
Deferred tax related to items recognised in OCI during the year:		
Net loss/(gain) on remeasurements of defined benefit plans	0.03	-0.26
Income tax charged to OCI	0.03	-0.26

B. Reconciliation of tax expense and the accounting profit multiplied by India's domestic tax rate for FY ended 31 March 2025 and 31 March 2024:

	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Accounting profit before income tax	(391.59)	2,188.02
At India's statutory income tax rate of 25.168%	(98.56)	550.68
Tax on difference in taxable LTCG and profit on investment as per books on accounts	<u>-</u>	(503.53)
Impact of tax on brought forward losses adjusted	<u>-</u>	(1.13)
Impact on difference in tax rate (25.168%-22.88%)	<u>-</u>	(4.11)
Expenses not allowed as deduction	0.03	0.39
Impact of change in provisional and actual tax liability at the time of filing of ITR	2.47	1.22
At the effective income tax rate of 24.53%(31st March 2024 1.99%)	-96.05	43.52

C. Deferred tax

Deferred tax relates to the following:

Deferred tax arising from temporary differences Tax (income)/expense during the period recognised in OCI

Deferred tax expense/(income)
Net deferred tax assets/(liabilities)

Reflected in the balance sheet as follows:

	Balance sheet	State	ment of profit and loss
31 March 2025	31 March 2024	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
194.19	95.63	-98.52	2.32
		-0.03	-0.26
		-98.56	2.05
194.19	95.63	0.00	0.00

	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Deferred tax liabilities (Net)	194.19	95.63
Reconciliation of deferred tax liabilities (net):		
` '	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Opening balance as of 1 April	95.63	97.69
Tay (income) (aypanes during the paried recognized in Profit 8 less	00.50	2 22

Opening balance as of 1 April	95.63	97.69
Tax (income)/expense during the period recognised in Profit & loss	98.52	-2.32
Tax (income)/expense during the period recognised in OCI	0.03	0.26
Closing balance as at 31 March	194.19	95.63
Notes		

- 1 The company has recognised deferred tax assets during the year as the company is now hopeful of future taxable income against which future Deferred Tax Assets shall be adjusted.
- 2 Previous year figures are not given since there was no income tax liability.
- 3 Above figures are given for holding company only, since there is no taxable profit in subsidiary/associate company.

	MPDL LIMITED		
NOTES TO CO	NSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT 31ST MARCI	H 2025	
Note -29 (Rs.			
Related party disclosures			
Names of related parties and description of relationship			
Name of the related party	Relationsh	nip	
Mr. Braham Dutt Bhardwaj	Whole Time Director (Resig	ned on 17.07.2023)	
Ms Babika Goel	Director		
Mr. Bishwa Nath Chatterjee	Director (Resigned or	13.06.2023.)	
Mr. Sanjeev Mittal	Director (Resigned or		
Mr. Santosh Kumar Jha	Whole Time Director (Appoin		
Mr. Rajesh Paliwal	Director (Appointed or		
Mr. Sagar Tanwar	Director (Appointed or Director (Appointed or	1 22 01 2024)	
Mr. Satyajit Pradhan	Chief Finance (
Ms. Shweta Bansal	Director (Appointed or		
Ms. Bhumika Chadha	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \		
Mrs. Rinkal			
	Company Secretary (Resignation		
Cambridge Construction (Delhi) Pvt. Ltd	Subsidiary (till 25.09.2023) Associate (wef 26.09.2023)		
Seminary Tie-up private Limited	Entities with joint control or significant influence (up to 28/07/2023)		
Genrise Global Staffing Private Limited	Step down Subsidiary (upto 25.09.2023)		
CCDPL Shekher Private Limited	Step down Subsidiary (upto 25.09.2023)		
Cambridge Logistics and Trade Private Limited	Step down Subsidiary (upto 25.09.2023)		
Kamdhenu Enterprise Limited	Entities with joint control or s	significant influence	
Transactions during the period/ year:			
Head	Name	31-Mar-25	31-Mar-24
Key Management Personnel			*******
Reiumbursment of expenses	Mr. Braham Dutt Bhardwaj		0.10
Remuneration & Reimbursement Paid	Mr. Santosh Kumar Jha	20.00	18.26
Remuneration & Reimbursement Paid	Mr. Satyajit Pradhan	7.12	6.08
Remuneration & Reimbursement Paid	Mrs. Rinkal	-	1.62
Remuneration & Reimbursement Paid	Ms. Bhumika Chadha	5.24	3.67
Directors Meeting Fees	Ms Babika Goel	0.01	0.07
Directors Meeting Fees	Mr. Bishwa Nath Chatterjee		0.01
Directors Meeting Fees	Ms. Shweta Bansal	0.15	•
Directors Meeting Fees	Mr. Sanjeev Mittal		0.05
Directors Meeting Fees	Mr. Rajesh Pailwal	0.13	0.07
Directors Meeting Fees	Mr. Sagar Tanwar	0.61	0.01
Entities with joint control or significant influence			
Interest Paid	Seminary Tie-up private Limited	-	86.05
Closing Balances			
Semianry Tie Up Private Limited*		-	3,185.03
* transactions and balance reported till the relationship as relationship	ed party exists.		

MPDL LIMITED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT 31ST MARCH 2025

30 Financial Ratios

Ratio	Numerator	Denominator	31-Mar-25	31-Mar-24	% change	Reason for variance
Current ratio	Current Assets	Current Liabilities	1.56	1.78	-12.40%	
Debt- Equity Ratio	Total Debt	Shareholder's Equity	0.53	0.41	30.15%	Due to increase in debt during the current financial year
Debt Service Coverage ratio	Earnings for debt service = Net profit after taxes + Non-cash operating expenses+Interest	Debt service = Interest & Lease Payments + Principal Repayments	-0.51	0.32	-259.50%	Due to the negative PAT in C.Y.
Return on Equity ratio	Net Profits after taxes – Preference Dividend	Average Shareholder's Equity	-0.04	0.17	-124.41%	Company is having a negative return on equity due to decrease in PAT.
Inventory Turnover ratio	Cost of goods sold	Average Inventory	0.12	0.10	28.84%	Since sales booked on % completion method hence % of variance changes accordingly.
Trade Receivable Turnover Ratio	Net credit sales = Gross credit sales - sales return	Average Trade Receivable	0.70	1.36	-48.40%	Decrease in sales during the year
Trade Payable Turnover Ratio	Net credit purchases = Gross credit purchases - purchase return	Average Trade Payables	-	0.09	-100.00%	No purchase during the current year.
Net Capital Turnover Ratio	Net sales = Total sales - sales return	Working capital = Current assets – Current liabilities	0.16	0.18	-11.28%	
Net Profit ratio	Net Profit	Net sales = Total sales - sales return	-0.88	2.59	-134.15%	Decrease in profit after tax.
Return on Capital Employed	Earnings before interest and taxes	Capital Employed = Tangible Net Worth + Total Debt + Deferred Tax Liability	-0.03	0.19	-117.25%	Decrease in Earning before interest and Tax
Return on Investment	Earnings before interest and taxes	Average total assets	-0.02	0.11	-118.43%	Decrease in Earning before interest and Tax

^{*} Average= (Opening+Closing)/2

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT 31ST MARCH 2025

Note-31 - Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Company's principal financial liabilities, comprise borrowings, trade and other payables, security deposits and others. The Company's principal financial assets include trade and other receivables and cash and short-term deposits and loans.

The Company is exposed to market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The Company's management oversees the management of these risks. The Company's senior management is supported by a Risk Management Compliance Board that advises on financial risks and the appropriate financial risk governance framework for the Company. The financial risk committee provides assurance to the Company's management that the Company's financial risk activities are governed by appropriate policies and procedures and that financial risks are identified, measured and managed in accordance with the Company's policies and risk objectives. The management reviews and agrees policies for managing each of these risks, which are summarised below

I. Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises three types of risk: interest rate risk, currency risk and other price risk. Financial instruments affected by market risk include, deposits.

The sensitivity analyses of the above mentioned risk in the following sections relate to the position as at 31 March 2025 and 31 March 2024.

The analyses exclude the impact of movements in market variables on: the carrying values of gratuity and other post-retirement obligations; provisions; and the non-financial assets and liabilities of foreign operations. The analysis for contingent liabilities is provided in Note 34.

The following assumptions have been made in calculating the sensitivity analyses:

- The sensitivity of the relevant profit or loss item is the effect of the assumed changes in respective market risks. This is based on the financial assets and financial liabilities held at 31 March 2025 and 31 March 2024.

A. Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Company's exposure to the risk of changes in market interest rates relates primarily to the Company's debt obligations with floating interest rates. However the risk is very low due to negligible borrowings by the Company.

	Increase/decrea se in basis points	Effect on profit before tax
	'	INR Lacs
31-03-2025		
INR	+50	(25.94)
IND	50	25.04
INR 31-03-2024	-50	25.94
INR	+50	(20.73)
IIVIX	.50	(20.70)
INR	-50	20.73

The assumed movement in basis points for the interest rate sensitivity analysis is based on the currently observable market environment, showing a significantly higher volatility than in prior years.

B. Foreign currency sensitivity

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of an exposure will fluctuate because of changes in exchange rates. Foreign currency risk senstivity is the impact on the Company's profit before tax is due to changes in the fair value of monetary assets and liabilities. The following tables demonstrate the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in USD and EURO exchange rates, with all other variables held constant.

	Change in USD rate	Effect on profit before	
		INR in Lacs	
31-03-2025	+5% -5%	0.00 0.00	
31-03-2024	+5% -5%	0.00 0.00	

The movement in the pre-tax effect on profit and loss is a result of a change in the fair value of derivative financial instruments not designated in a hedge relationship and monetary assets and liabilities denominated in INR, where the functional currency of the entity is a currency other than INR.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT 31ST MARCH 2025

II. Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that counterparty will not meet its obligations under a financial instrument or customer contract, leading to a financial loss. The Company is exposed to credit risk from its operating activities (primarily trade receivables) and from its financing activities, including deposits with banks and financial institutions.

Credit risk from investments with banks and other financial institutions is managed by the Treasury functions in accordance with the management policies. Investments of surplus funds are only made with approved counterparties who meet the appropriate rating and/or other criteria, and are only made within approved limits. The management continually re-assess the Company's policy and update as required. The limits are set to minimise the concentration of risks and therefore mitigate financial loss through counterparty failure.

The maximum credit risk exposure relating to financial assets is represented by the carrying value as at the Balance Sheet date

	31-03-2025	31-03-2024
(i) Investments		
	3332.44	3432.08
(iii) Trade receivables	989.13	661.08
(ii) Cash and cash equivalents	48.27	38.51
(v) Bank balances other than (iv) above	2.00	2.00
(v) Loans	1,055.00	1,055.00
(vi) Other financial assets(current and non-current)	48.79	46.93

A. Trade receivables

Customer credit risk is managed by each business unit subject to the Company's established policy, procedures and control relating to customer credit risk management. Credit quality of a customer is assessed based on an extensive credit review and individual credit limits are defined in accordance with this assessment. Outstanding customer receivables are regularly monitored.

At the year end the Company does not have any significant concentrations of bad debt risk other than that disclosed in note 10.

An impairment analysis is performed at each reporting date on an individual basis for major clients. The calculation is based on historical data. The Company does not hold collateral as security. The Company evaluates the concentration of risk with respect to trade receivables as low, as its customers are located in several jurisdictions and operate in largely independent markets.

B. Financial instruments and cash deposits

Credit risk from balances with banks and financial institutions is managed by the Company's treasury department in accordance with the Company's policy. Investments of surplus funds are made only with approved counterparties.

III. Liquidity risk

The Company's objective is to maintain a balance between continuity of funding and flexibility through the use of bank overdrafts.

The table below summarises the maturity profile of the Company's financial liabilities based on contractual undiscounted payments.

						(Rs. In LAKHS)
	On demand	Less than 3 months	3 to 12 months	1 to 5 years	> 5 years	Total
Year ended						
31-03-2025						
Trade Payable		290.70				290.70
Borrowings	5,155.00		32.76	0.00		5,187.76
Other financial liabilities			768.32			768.32
	5,155.00	290.70	801.07	0.00		0.00 6,246.77
						(Rs. In LAKHS)
	On demand	Less than 3	3 to 12	1 to 5 years	> 5 years	Total
		months	months			
Year ended						
31-03-2024						
Trade Payable	-	286.74		-		- 286.74
Borrowings	4,054.00		59.84	32.76		- 4,146.59
Other financial liabilities	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		543.17	-		- 543.17
	4,054.00	286.74	603.01	32.76		0.00 4,976.50

IV. Excessive risk concentration

Concentrations arise when a number of counterparties are engaged in similar business activities, or activities in the same geographical region, or have economic features that would cause their ability to meet contractual obligations to be similarly affected by changes in economic, political or other conditions. Concentrations indicate the relative sensitivity of the Company's performance to developments affecting a particular industry.

The Company's marketing facilities are situated in different geographies. Similarly the distribution network is spread PAN India.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT 31ST MARCH 2025

Note: 32

Capital Management

The objective of the Company's capital management structure is to ensure that there remains sufficient liquidity within the Company to carry out committed work programme requirements. The Company monitors the long term cash flow requirements of the business in order to assess the requirement for changes to the capital structure to meet that objective and to maintain flexibility.

The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it, in light of changes to economic conditions. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may adjust the dividend payment to shareholders, return capital, issue new shares for cash, repay debt, put in place new debt facilities or undertake other such restructuring activities as appropriate.

No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes during the year ended 31 March 2025.

(Rs. In Lacs)

		At 31	At 31
		March 2025	March 2024
Borrowings		5,187.76	4,146.59
Less: Cash & C	ash Equivalents	48.27	38.51
Total debts		5,139.49	4,108.08
(A)			
Total Equity (B	()	9,817.02	10,212.30
Gearing ratio		0.52	0.40

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT 31ST MARCH 202!

(Amount in Rupees lacs, unless otherwise stated)

33 Leases

IND AS 116

a) The Company has adopted Ind AS 116 'Leases' from 1 April, 2019, which resulted in changes in accounting policies in the standalone financial statements.

b) Practical expedients applied

In applying Ind AS 116 for the first time, the Company has used the practical expedients permitted by the standard:

- applying a single discount rate to a portfolio of leases with reasonably similar characteristics
- · accounting for operating leases with a remaining lease term of less than 12 months as at 1 April 2021 as short-term leases

C) The following are amounts recognised in statement of profit and loss:

Particulars	Year ended	Year ended
Particulars	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Depreciation expense on right-of-use assets	-	1.08
Interest expense on lease liabilities		-
Rent expense (total cash outflow)	_	-
Total	-	1.08

d) Lease payments not recognised as lease liabilities:

Particulars	At 31 March 2025	At 31 March 2024
Expenses relating to short term leases (included in other expenses)	5.96	7.76
Expenses relating to variable lease payments not included in lease payments	-	-
Total	5.96	7.76

OTHER NOTES ON CONSOLIDATED ACCOUNTS

34 Contingent liabilities and commitments

Particulars	31 March 2025 (₹)	31 March 2024 (₹)
Contingent liabilities: In respect of demand notice/orders received from Income Tax Dept. pending before higher authorities	27.13	27.13
In respect of demand notice/orders received from Haryana VAT Dept. pending before higher authorities	25.13	-
Commitments: a) Liability on account of Enhanced external development Charges	155.42	259.03
b) Outstanding Bank Guarantee	12.36	12.36

- Balance confirmations have not been received from some of the parties showing debit/credit balances. The same is not material. 35
- The company has made payment to the authorities against External/Internal Development Charges (EDC/IDC) on behalf of the customers and is collecting the same from them. 36 Thus the company is acting as agent of the customers for the purpose of payment of EDC/IDC to the authorities and therefore is showing the same as other recoverable under note-8 in the financial statement.
- The Company is having a project for Construction and Development of multistoried complex comprising retail shop and office space at Faridabad Haryana under the name M-1 37 Tower. The construction work in respect of the above said project has completed upto more than specified percentage hence proportionate cost of construction, cost of land and sales has been recognized in the Profit and Loss account as per the accounting policy. Balance advance received from customers as booking money/installments, if any, is carried over as liability in other current liabilities and amount incurred on construction cost including interest paid is carried forward as stock.

38 Additional regulatory information required by Schedule III

- (i) Details of benami property held No proceedings have been initiated on or are pending against the entity for holding benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and Rules made thereunder.
- (ii) Borrowing secured against current assets Entity has borrowings from banks and financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets. The quarterly returns or statements of current assets filed by the entity with banks and financial institutions are in agreement with the books of accounts.
- (iii) Wilful defaulter Entity hasn't been declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority.
- (iv) Relationship with struck off companies Entity has no transactions with the companies struck off under Companies Act, 2013 or Companies Act, 1956.
- (v) Compliance with number of layers of companies Entity has complied with the number of layers prescribed under the Companies Act, 2013.
- (vi) Compliance with approved scheme(s) of arrangements Entity has not entered into any scheme of arrangement which has an accounting impact on current or previous financial year.
- (vii) Utilisation of borrowed funds and share premium Entity has not advanced or loaned or invested funds to any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Intermediaries) with the understanding that the Intermediary shall: a. directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the group (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or b. provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the ultimate beneficiaries Entity has not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the group shall: a. directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or b. provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the ultimate beneficiaries
- (viii) Undisclosed income There is no income surrendered or disclosed as income during the current or previous year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961, that has not been recorded in the books of account.
- (ix) Details of crypto currency or virtual currency Entity has not traded or invested in crypto currency or virtual currency during the current or previous year.

39 Accounting of Investments in associates:

The company is holding 48.98% Equity Shares of Cambridge Construction (Delhi) Private Limited and has accounted the investment in the associate in accordance with the Equity method as defined in Ind AS-112 "Disclosure of interest in other entities".

- Ind AS 108 on 'Segment Reporting' requires the Company to disclose certain information about operating segments. The Company is engaged in providing construction activities, 40 transportation services through barge, Selling the stone chips and trading of shares of the company. There are no reportable segment as per Ind AS 108.
- 41 Previous Year's figures have been regrouped wherever considered necessary. Also, the previous year figures are not comparable, since the erstwhile subsidiary company has lost its status of subsidiary during the year and hence consolidationn is done accordingly.

In terms of our report of even date annexed

For O P BAGLA & CO LLP CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS Firm Rean No. 000018N / N500091

> ATUL AGGARWAL **PARTNER** M.No.92656

RAJESH PALIWAL SANTOSH KUMAR JHA DIRECTOR WHOLE-TIME DIRECTOR DIN: 03098155 DIN: 10052694

Sd/-Sd/-

BHUMIKA CHADHA COMPANY SECRETARY CHIEF FINANCE OFFICER M.N. A46115

SATYAJIT PRADHAN PAN: BYZPP2602M

PLACE : DELHI DATED: 29/05/2025